Hardap 2011

Census Regional Profile

REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA

CENSUS 2011

Namibia Population & Housing Census

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Est. by Statistics Act 9 of 2011

Namibia Statistics Agency

2011 POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS

Hardap Regional Profile

Basic Analysis with Highlights

March 2014

Foreword

The first Population and Housing Census in an independent Namibia was conducted in 1991. Since then, a Census has been undertaken every ten years, and the 2011 Population and Housing Census marks Namibia's third census since independence in 1990. The Census is demonstrative of the Namibia Statistics Agency's (NSA) commitment to providing relevant and quality statistics to support decision making, policy formulation and monitoring of development programmes.

This regional profile presents the result of the 2011 Namibia Population and Housing Census for the Hardap Region. The report provides a wide range of indicators on population characteristics, household and housing conditions and households enumerated in the region between 28 August and 15 September 2011. The report further provides detailed information on age and sex composition, marital status, education, literacy, economic activity, orphan-hood, fertility and disability. In addition, household size, housing amenities, ownership and the quality of housing are also presented in this report. All these indicators are provided at regional, urban/rural and constituency level. It should be noted that internal migration was not possible to calculate at constituency level. However it was provided at regional level in the 2011 main census report launched on 27 March 2013, as well as in the Population Atlas released in June 2013.

This regional profile is the fourth in a series of reports to be released based on the 2011 census data. The first report - released in April 2012 - disseminated provisional results on the distribution of the population. The second report was the census main report, which presented more detailed results at national levee; and the third report was the Population Atlas, which depicts the distribution of the country's population on maps by regions and constituencies.

We thank the Government of the Republic of Namibia for contributing significantly to the implementation of the 2011 census, as well as our development partners who provided technical or financial support. We are grateful to everyone who contributed to ensuring that the 2011 census was a success. In particular, we thank UNFPA, the Government of the United States of America through USAID and Statistics South Africa for their technical support to ensure the timely completion of census activities. We also thank the census inter-agency technical committee, line ministries, private institutions, the governor of the region and regional offices, field staff and the general public for their support, which was pivotal to the success of the 2011 Population & Housing Census.

We are hopeful that the users of this report will find its contents useful for their decision making and planning purposes, including business investments. Our commitment is to ensure that all statistics required by our users are readily available.

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STATISTICIAN GENERAL
NAMIBIA STATISTICS AGENCY

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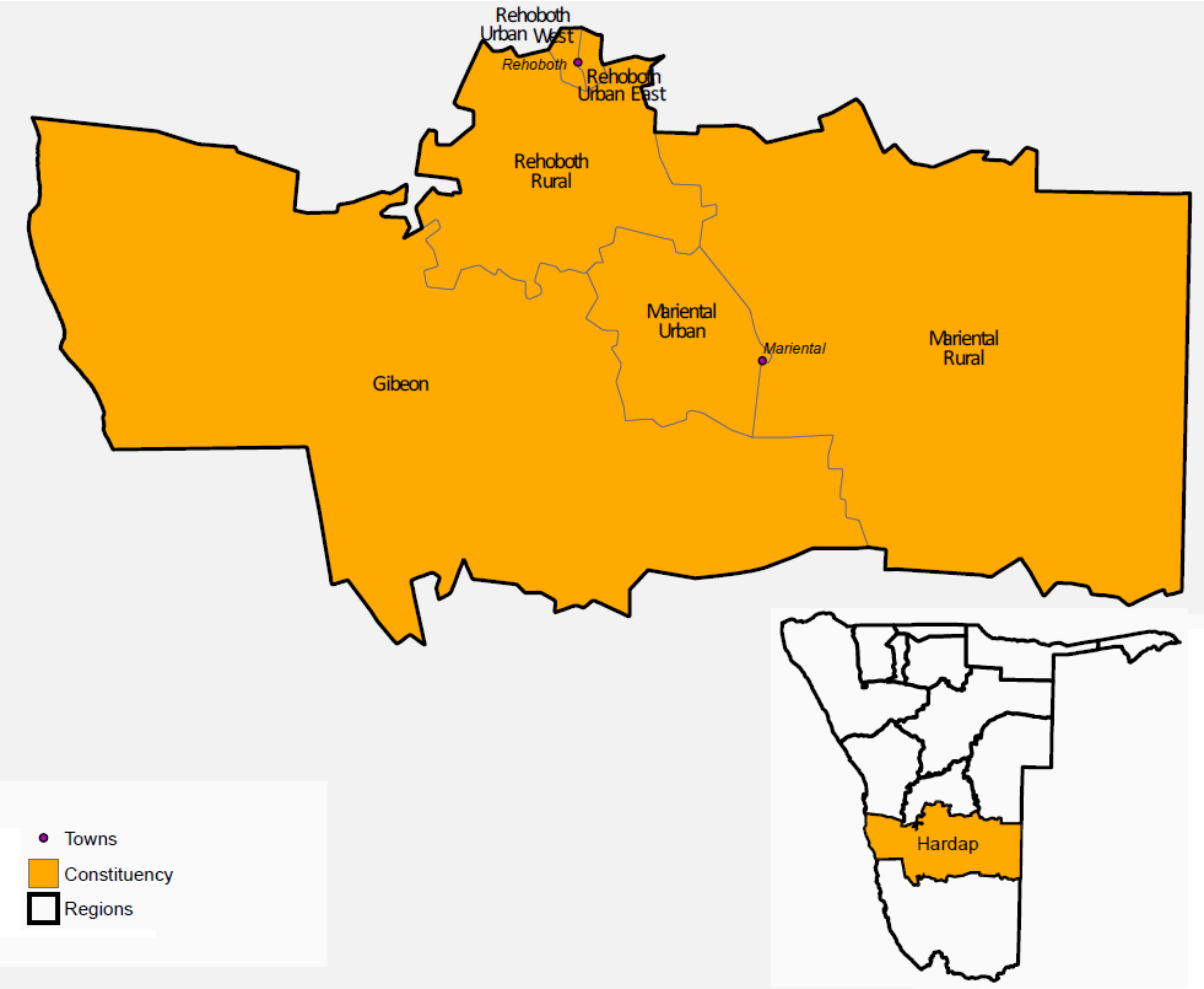
LIST OF ACRONYMS

CBS	Central Bureau of Statistics
CBR	Crude Birth Rate
CDR	Crude Death Rate
EA	Enumeration Area
ECD	Early Childhood Development
ICT	Information Communication Technology
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals
NDPs	National Development Plans
NSA	Namibia Statistics Agency
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
USAID	United States Agency for International Development

CONSTITUENCIES AND SELECTED TOWNS IN HARDAP REGION



Total Population	
Hardap region	79 507
Gibeon	12 122
Mariental Rural	15 308
Mariental Urban	15 557
Rehoboth Rural	7 288
Rehoboth Urban East	18 035
Rehoboth Urban West	11 197

Urban Localities in Hardap	
Mariental	12 478
Rehoboth	29 232

Hardap – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001			2011	2001
Population Size				Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	91	83
Total	79 507	68 249				
Females	38 935	33 665		Education, 15+ years, %		
Males	40572	34570		Never attended school	10	13
				Currently at school	25	9
Annual growth rate (%)	104	103		Left school	62	73
Percent in Urban/Rural areas				Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Urban	60	46		In labour force	71	64
Rural	40	54		Employed	65	66
				Unemployed	35	34
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	104	103				
				Outside labour force	23	29
Population density				Student	31	29
People per sq. km.	0.7	0.6		Homemaker	20	37
				Retired, too old, etc.	49	33
Age composition, %						
Under 5 years	12	13		Housing conditions, %		
5 – 14 years	21	23		Households with		
15 – 59 years	59	55		Safe water	93	95
60+ years	8	7		No toilet facility	35	34
				Electricity for lighting	66	51
Marital status: 15+ years, %				Wood/charcoal for cooking	45	53
Never married	54	54				
Married with certificate	29	30		Main source of income, %		
Married traditionally	8	1		Household main income		
Married consensually	10	9		Farming	7	9
Divorced/Separated	2	2		Wages & Salaries	64	51
Widowed	5	4		Cash remittance	7	2
				Business, non-farming	4	5
Citizenship, %				Pension	13	15
Namibian	98	98				
Non-Namibian	2	2		Disability, %		
				With disability	4	6
Main language spoken at home:	43	44				

Gibeon Constituency – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001
Population Size		
Total	12 122	11 541
Females	5 833	5 503
Males	6 289	6 033
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	108	110
Age composition, %		
Under 5 years	12	13
5 – 14 years	23	23
15 – 59 years	55	51
60+ years	10	10
Marital status: 15+ years, %		
Never married	60	56
Married with certificate	23	26
Married traditionally	0	1
Married consensually	11	9
Divorced/Separated	1	2
Widowed	5	5
Private households		
Number	2 805	2 482
Average size	4.1	4.5
Head of household, %		
Females	35	35
Males	66	65
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	86	81
Education, 15+ years, %		
Never attended school	13	19
Currently at school	25	17
Left school	59	63

	2011	2001
Labour force, 15+ years, %		
In labour force	69	66
Employed	63	62
Unemployed	37	38
Outside labour force	24	30
Student	28	26
Homemaker	14	36
Retired, too old, etc.	58	38
Housing conditions, %		
Households with		
Safe water	93	89
No toilet facility	47	47
Electricity for lighting	35	31
Wood/charcoal for cooking	66	69
Main source of income, %		
Household main income		
Farming	18	19
Wages & Salaries	44	47
Cash remittance	10	6
Business, non-farming	4	5
Pension	20	20
Disability, %		
With disability	4	8

Mariental Rural Constituency – Census Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	15 308	13 946	In labour force	73	68
Females	7 439	6 879	Employed	65	69
Males	7 869	7 067	Unemployed	35	31
			Outside labour force	19	26
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	106	103	Student	26	24
			Homemaker	24	43
Age composition, %			Retired, too old, etc.	50	32
Under 5 years	13	14			
5 – 14 years	23	25	Housing conditions, %		
15 – 59 years	57	53	Households with		
60+ years	8	7	Safe water	96	97
			No toilet facility	45	46
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Electricity for lighting	59	46
Never married	52	46	Wood/charcoal for cooking	64	70
Married with certificate	30	31			
Married traditionally	1	0	Main source of income, %		
Married consensually	3	17	Household main income		
Divorced/Separated	1	2	Farming	11	15
Widowed	4	4	Wages & Salaries	61	59
			Cash remittance	8	7
Private households			Business, non-farming	3	4
Number	3 883	3 121	Pension	12	11
Average size	3.9	4.4			
			Disability, %		
Head of household, %			With disability	4	5
Females	30	27			
Males	70	73			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	88	80			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	13	18			
Currently at school	24	7			
Left school	61	73			

Mariental Urban Constituency – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	15 557	13 109	In labour force	71	65
Females	7 586	6 110	Employed	64	65
Males	8 051	6 990	Unemployed	36	35
			Outside labour force	18	21
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	107	115	Student	42	37
			Homemaker	13	34
Age composition, %			Retired, too old, etc.	45	28
Under 5 years	12	12			
5 – 14 years	21	21	Housing conditions, %		
15 – 59 years	62	61	Households with		
60+ years	5	5	Safe water	97	98
			No toilet facility	42	36
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Electricity for lighting	40	61
Never married	59	64	Wood/charcoal for cooking	32	43
Married with certificate	22	22			
Married traditionally	2	1	Main source of income, %		
Married consensually	12	7	Household main income		
Divorced/Separated	1	2	Farming	3	3
Widowed	3	3	Wages & Salaries	75	71
			Cash remittance	3	5
Private households			Business, non-farming	7	7
Number	3 585	2 646	Pension	7	10
Average size	4.1	4.5			
			Disability, %		
Head of household, %			With disability	3.7	6
Females	39	33			
Males	61	67			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	94	79			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	8	9			
Currently at school	25	8			
Left school	64	69			

Rehoboth Rural Constituency – Census Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	7 288	7 524	In labour force	66	61
Females	3 221	3 514	Employed	68	63
Males	4 067	4 010	Unemployed	32	37
			Outside labour force	30	36
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	126	114	Student	17	21
			Homemaker	30	40
Age composition, %			Retired, too old, etc.	33	39
Under 5 years	12	12			
5 – 14 years	21	23	Housing conditions, %		
15 – 59 years	55	52	Households with		
60+ years	12	12	Safe water	84	84
			No toilet facility	50	47
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Electricity for lighting	33	27
Never married	51	47	Wood/charcoal for cooking	72	80
Married with certificate	30	33			
Married traditionally	1	0	Main source of income, %		
Married consensually	13	13	Household main income		
Divorced/Separated	1	1	Farming	7	9
Widowed	5	5	Wages & Salaries	60	56
			Cash remittance	6	7
Private households			Business, non-farming	2	3
Number	2 174	1 975	Pension	20	23
Average size	3.3	3.7			
			Disability, %		
Head of household, %			With disability	6	6
Females	25	28			
Males	75	72			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	83	76			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	17	23			
Currently at school	22	8			
Left school	59	67			

Rehoboth East Urban Constituency – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	18 035	12 891	In labour force	71	62
Females	9 191	6 750	Employed	62	62
Males	8 844	6 141	Unemployed	38	38
			Outside labour force	23	31
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	96	91	Student	34	33
			Homemaker	20	32
Age composition, %			Retired, too old, etc.	46	35
Under 5 years	12	12			
5 – 14 years	21	23	Housing conditions, %		
15 – 59 years	61	57	Households with		
60+ years	7	7	Safe water	92	99
			No toilet facility	22	20
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Electricity for lighting	85	67
Never married	56	59	Wood/charcoal for cooking	33	42
Married with certificate	27	27			
Married traditionally	0	0	Main source of income, %		
Married consensually	11	6	Household main income		
Divorced/Separated	2	2	Farming	1	2
Widowed	5	5	Wages & Salaries	69	62
			Cash remittance	8	10
Private households			Business, non-farming	5	6
Number	4 147	2 770	Pension	11	16
Average size	4.3	4.6			
			Disability, %		
Head of household, %			With disability	4	6
Females	48	46			
Males	52	54			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	93	87			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	8	12			
Currently at school	26	11			
Left school	63	73			

Rehoboth West Urban Constituency – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	11 197	9 238	In labour force	70	60
Females	5 745	4 909	Employed	70	76
Males	5 452	4 329	Unemployed	30	24
			Outside labour force	27	38
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	95	88	Student	36	33
			Homemaker	18	40
Age composition, %			Retired, too old, etc.	46	27
Under 5 years	11	11			
5 – 14 years	19	24	Housing conditions, %		
15 – 59 years	62	57	Households with		
60+ years	9	7	Safe water	97	98
			No toilet facility	6	5
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Electricity for lighting	93	75
Never married	45	45	Wood/charcoal for cooking	7	12
Married with certificate	43	45			
Married traditionally	1	1	Main source of income, %		
Married consensually	2	2	Household main income		
Divorced/Separated	3	3	Farming	3	3
Widowed	7	6	Wages & Salaries	72	73
			Cash remittance	4	3
Private households			Business, non-farming	3	4
Number	2 713	2 045	Pension	15	15
Average size	4.1	4.5			
			Disability, %		
Head of household, %			With disability	4	6
Females	36	37			
Males	64	63			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	97	96			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	3	4			
Currently at school	26	13			
Left school	68	82			

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Hardap Region is one of the thirteen regions of Namibia and its capital is Mariental. The region stretches the entire width of Namibia from the Atlantic Ocean in the west to Namibia's eastern international border. In the northeast, it borders the Kgalagadi District of Botswana, and in the southeast, it borders South Africa's Northern Cape Province. Domestically, it borders the following regions: Erongo and Khomas in the north, Omaheke in the north east and Karas in the south. The Hardap region has 6 constituencies: Gibeon, Mariental Rural, Mariental Urban, Rehoboth Rural, Rehoboth Urban East, and Rehoboth Urban West.

1.2 The 2011 Population and Housing Census

The 2011 Namibia Population and Housing Census (PHC) results show that Hardap had a population of 79 507 people of which 38 935 were women and 40 572 were men. The population of Hardap grew at an annual rate of 1.5 percent between 2001 and 2011. Half of the population lived in urban areas (60%) compared to the 40% that lived in rural areas. This was largely explained by a large migration of the regional population from rural to urban areas in search of job opportunities particularly among young adults. The population is composed of 19 307 households, with an average household size of 4.0 persons per household.

This regional report provides more detailed findings in terms of the socio-economic, demographic, household and housing characteristics of the Hardap region as collected during the 2011 Census. Also, comparisons were made between the various census years as well as among urban/rural areas and constituencies within the region.

1.3 Organization of the report

The report is divided into seven main chapters, and a foreword and annexes are also included. Chapter 1 provides the background of the region. Chapter 2 provides information on population size, population structure and composition, sex ratios and population density. Chapter 3 presents information on marital status, citizenship and registration of births. Chapter 4 provides information on population trends, with a focus on population growth, fertility and household deaths. Chapter 5 addresses socio-economic characteristics of the population and mainly covers Information Communication Technology (ICT), literacy, education, disability, orphanhood and economic activity. Chapter 6 provides information on household characteristics including household size, household composition, main sources of income for the household, asset ownership, main language spoken at household level and agricultural activity. Chapter 7 provides information on housing characteristics and focuses on the types of housing units, tenure status, construction materials, water supply and sanitation as well as sources of energy for the household.

1.4 Please note that:

1. Chapter two (2) presents information for all persons including those who were in prisons, hotels and night travellers at the time of the Census. While chapters 3 - 7

present information obtained from all persons who were enumerated in households and institutional only.

2. Imputation using the hot-deck method was applied for 'Not stated' and 'Don't know' to age and sex of each person.

3. There are three Annexes: a Glossary of census terms, an Enumeration area map and detailed tables.

CHAPTER 2: POPULATION STRUCTURE, COMPOSITION AND DENSITY

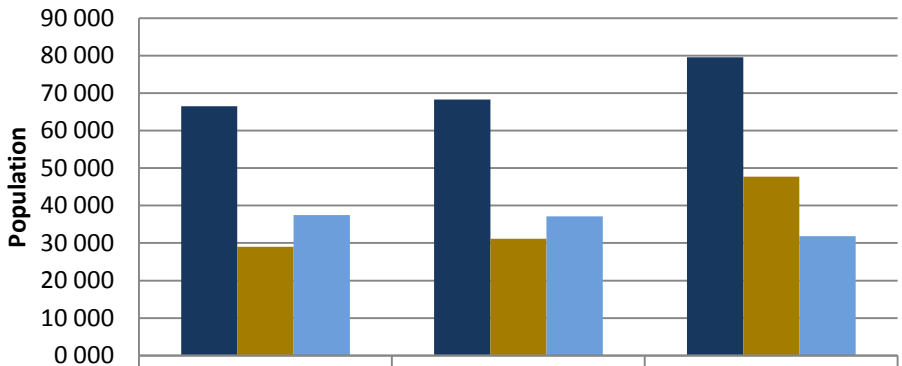
This chapter provides information on population size, structure, composition and density of Hardap region. It also presents an analysis of population trends between the 1991, 2001 and 2011 Census years.

Total Population was 79 507

2.1 Population size and Density

Figure 2.1 provides a comparison of the population size by Census year and area. The results show that the total population for Hardap increased from 66 495 in 1991, to 68 249 in 2001. In 2011 it increased to 79 507 people. This trend is also observed in the urban areas, where the population increased consistently over the Census years.

Figure 2.1 Population size by Census year and area



	1991	2001	2011
Hardap	66 495	68 249	79 507
Urban	29 020	31 144	47 704
Rural	37 475	37 105	31 803

Population density is the average number of people per square kilometre. Thus, it shows the relationship between a given population and the size of the area in which they reside. Population densities calculated for all constituencies are given in Table 2.1.

Hardap had a low density of 0.7 people per one square kilometer (sq.km). This was due to the fact that the region is partly a desert, which has a dry/arid climate that makes it inhabitable by human beings. Only Rehoboth Rural and Rehoboth West Urban had a high population density of 25.3 and 34.4 persons per square kilometer respectively.

The population density of the Hardap Region was 0.7 persons per square kilometre

Table 2.1 Population density by area

Area	Population	Area in sq.km	Population density
Hardap	79 507	109 714	0.7
Gibeon	12 122	50 365	0.2
Mariental Rural	15 308	41 862	0.4
Mariental Urban	15 557	5 915	2.6
Rehoboth Rural	7 288	288	25.3
Rehoboth East Urban	18 035	10 959	1.6
Rehoboth West Urban	11 197	325	34.4

Table 2.2 shows the proportion of the population who lived in rural and urban areas as well as in the constituencies of Hardap region.

The table shows that the proportion of the population living in urban areas was higher than in rural areas (60% and 40% respectively). This is a change from 2001, when the rural population outnumbered the urban population. At constituency level, at the time of the 2011 Census, Rehoboth Urban East accommodated 22.7 percent of the total population and Rehoboth Rural the least with 9.2 percent.

About 60% of the Hardap Region's population lived in urban areas

Table 2.2 Percentage share of the population within the Census year and area

Area	Number		Percent	
	2001	2011	2001	2011
Hardap	68 249	79 507	100.0	100.0
Urban	31 144	47 704	45.6	60.0
Rural	37 105	31 803	54.4	40.0
Gibeon	11 541	12 122	16.9	15.2
Mariental Rural	13 946	15 308	20.4	19.3
Mariental Urban	13 109	15 557	19.2	19.6
Rehoboth Rural	7 524	7 288	11.0	9.2
Rehoboth Urban East	12 891	18 035	18.9	22.7
Rehoboth Urban West	9 238	11 197	13.5	14.1

2.2 Population structure and composition

This sub-section provides information on the composition of the population in terms of sex and age, which are important demographic parameters.

2.2.1 Age groups

The age distribution of the population by broad age groups and areas is presented in Table 2.3. Hardap Region had a relatively young population, with 33 percent of the whole population being less than 15 years of age. The share of young people below the age of 15 years in rural areas was

33.4 percent, while that in urban areas was 32.8 percent. The elderly population aged 60 years and above in rural areas accounted for 9.0 percent, while in urban areas it was 7 percent.

Table 2.3 Population distribution by age group and area

Area	Population	0-4	10-14	15-59	60+
Hardap	79 507	11.9	21.1	59.2	7.8
Urban	47 814	11.9	20.9	60.2	7.0
Rural	31 693	12.0	21.4	57.6	9.0
Gibeon	12 122	12.3	22.5	55.4	9.8
Mariental Rural	15 308	12.8	22.7	56.8	7.6
Mariental Urban	15 557	11.7	20.7	62.3	5.3
Rehoboth Rural	7 288	11.8	21.0	55.4	11.8
Rehoboth Urban East	18 035	11.9	20.6	60.9	6.5
Rehoboth Urban West	11 197	10.7	18.8	61.9	8.6

2.2.2 Median age

Hardap region had a median age of 24 years

Median age is used as an indicator to determine whether the population is young, intermediate or old. A country/region is considered young when it has a median age of less than 20 years, while countries/regions with a median of 30 years and above is considered old. Populations with median ages between 20 and 29 are referred to as intermediate. Hardap region had a median age of 24 years, and is therefore considered intermediate.

Table 2.4 presents information on median age by sex, urban/rural areas and constituency level. The median age for both urban and rural areas was the same (24 years).

Table 2.4 Median age by sex and area

Area	Both sexes	Female	Male
Hardap	24	24	24
Urban	24	24	23
Rural	24	23	26
Gibeon	24	23	25
Mariental Rural	23	22	23
Mariental Urban	24	23	25
Rehoboth Rural	25	24	26
Rehoboth Urban East	23	24	22
Rehoboth Urban West	26	27	25

51% of the population was male

2.2.3 Sex composition

The 2011 census collected information on sex distribution of the region. Table 2.5 gives the population distribution by sex and constituency in Hardap region. The results show that males made up more than half of the population (51.0%). However more females were found in urban than in rural areas where the proportion of females was around 51 percent. Rehoboth Urban West constituency was characterised by a greater number of females (51.3%) compared to the regional average. The table further shows that a larger male population (55.8%) was found in Rehoboth Rural constituency compared to other constituencies of the region.

Table 2.5 Population distribution by sex and area

Area	Total	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Hardap	79 507	38 935	49.0	40 572	51.0
Urban	47 814	24 531	51.3	23 283	48.7
Rural	31 693	14 404	45.4	17 289	54.6
Gibeon	12 122	5 833	48.1	6 289	51.9
Mariental Rural	15 308	7 439	48.6	7 869	51.4
Mariental Urban	15 557	7 506	48.2	8 051	51.8
Rehoboth Rural	7 288	3 221	44.2	4 067	55.8
Rehoboth Urban East	18 035	9 191	51.0	8 844	49.0
Rehoboth Urban West	11 197	5 745	51.3	5 452	48.7

On average there were 104 males for every 100

2.2.4 Sex ratio

Sex ratio is another measure of sex composition and is the proportion of males per 100 females in a given population.

Table 2.6 provides the sex ratio by urban and rural areas and constituencies. The sex ratio for Hardap region was 104, which implies that there were, on average, more males for every 100 females in this region. More males were recorded in rural areas (120) in 2011, and this trend was also observed in rural constituencies. This indicates a decline in the sex ratio of urban areas as more females migrated to towns during the last 10 years.

Table 2.6 Sex ratio by Census years and area

Area	2001	2011
Hardap	103	104
Urban	93	95
Rural	112	120
Gibeon	110	108
Mariental Rural	103	106
Mariental Urban	115	107
Rehoboth Rural	114	126
Rehoboth Urban East	91	96
Rehoboth Urban West	88	95

2.2.5 Age-sex pyramid

Age-sex pyramids provide important illustrations of the demographic characteristics of the population.

Figure 2.2 shows the population pyramid for Hardap. The pyramid indicates a broad base and a very narrow apex with a bulk in the middle ages. This indicates that the region had a relatively young population with more people in the middle age group and fewer at old age. The shape is a typical reflection of populations with high fertility and mortality rates.

Figure 2.2 Population pyramid, Hardap

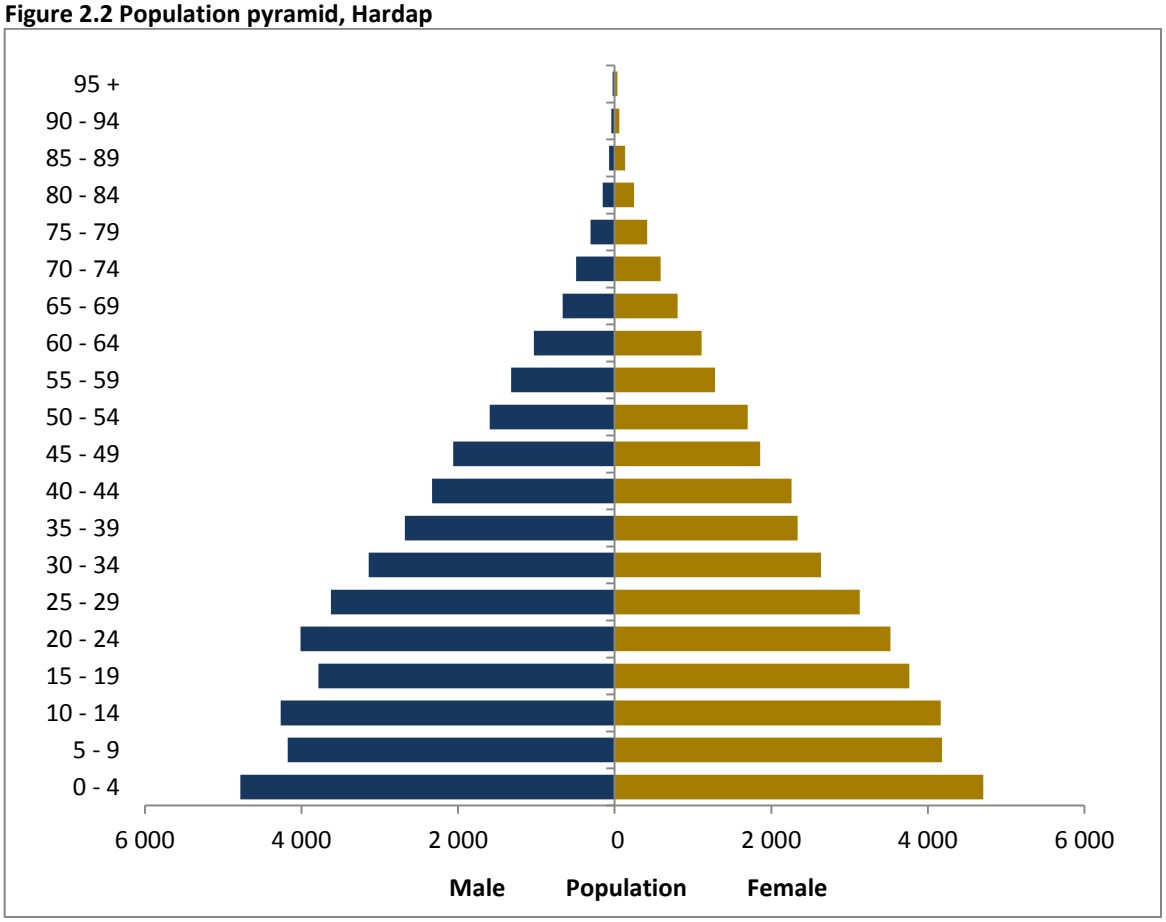


Figure 2.3 represents the population pyramid for urban areas of Hardap region in five-year age groups. The pyramid is bulky in the middle and has a relatively narrow apex indicating that urban areas have a large proportion of working-age people (between 15-59 years of age) and a much smaller proportion of elderly people.

Figure 2.3 Population pyramid, Hardap Urban

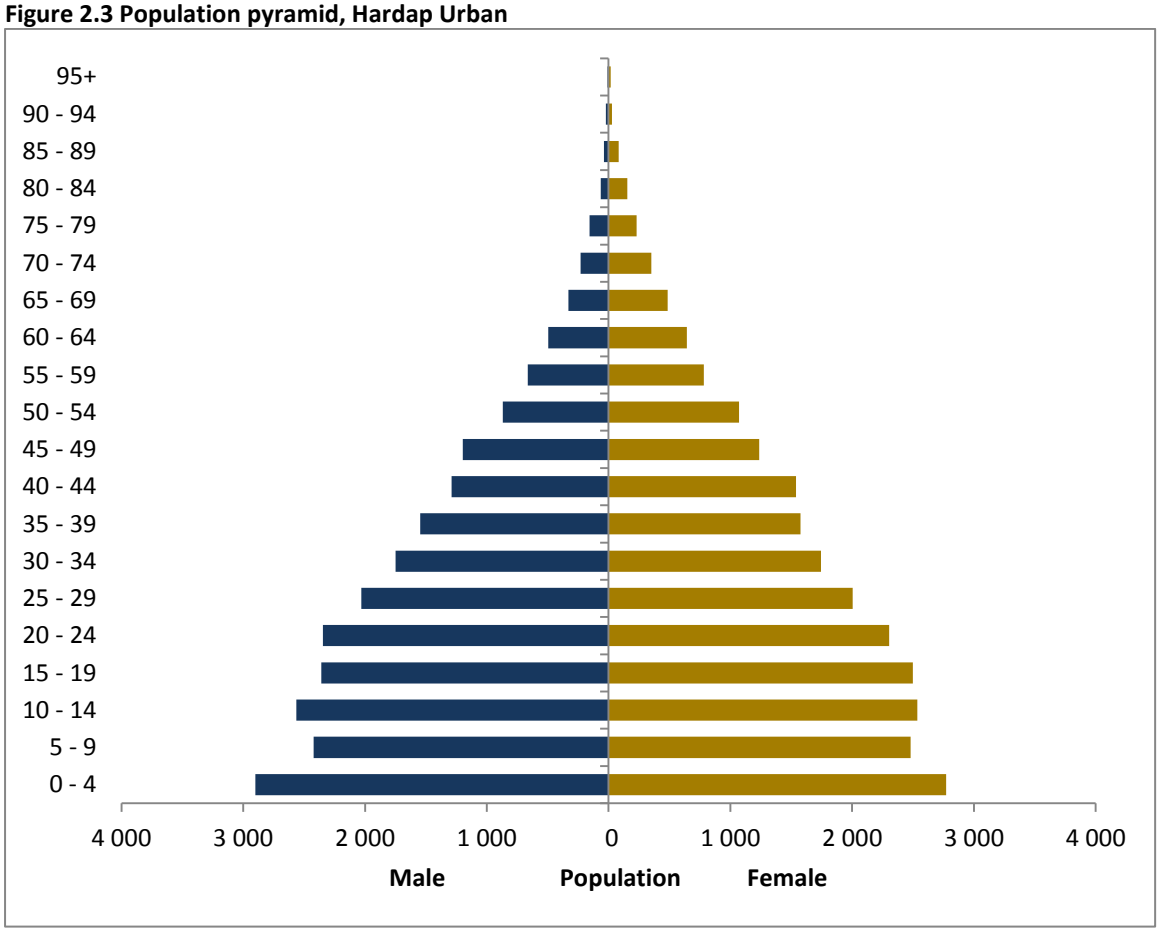
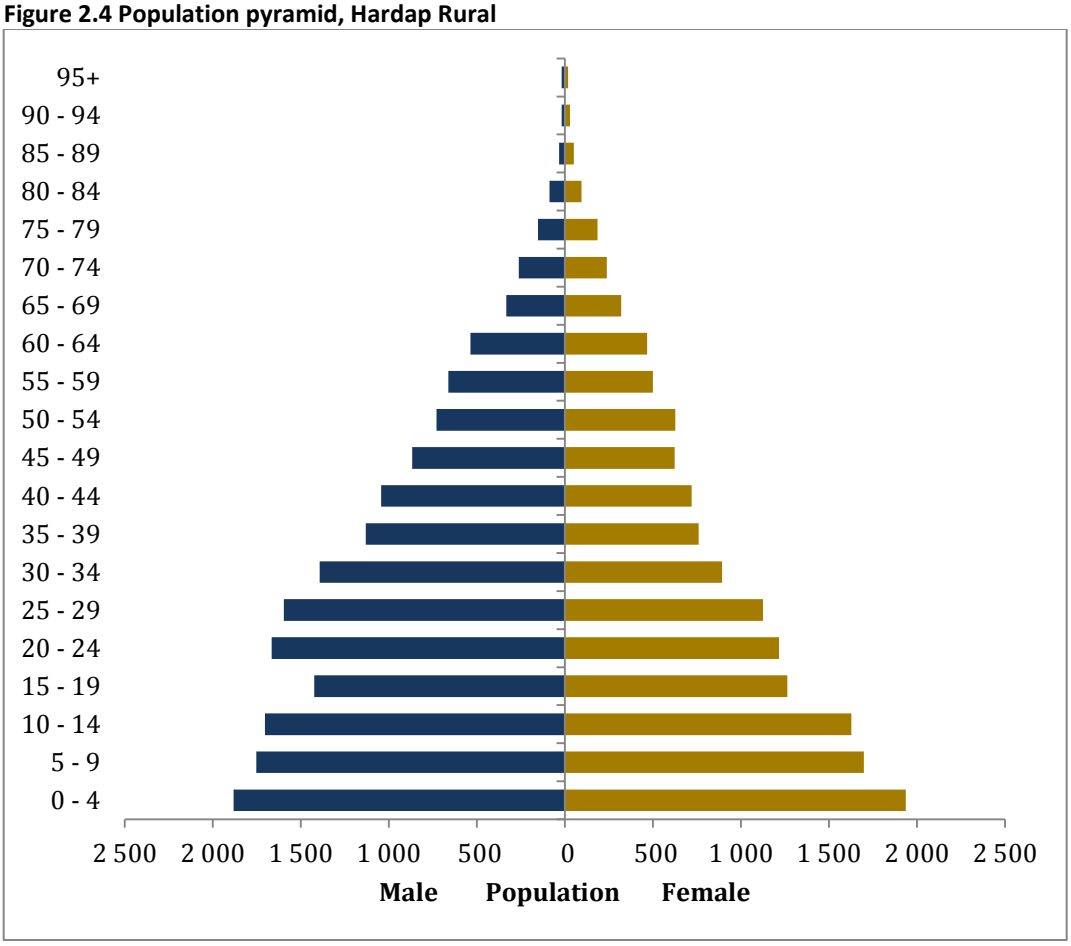


Figure 2.4 illustrates the pyramid for rural areas. The pyramid shows a broad base and a very narrow apex. However, a shrink is observed among the female age groups of 15 to 49 and this confirms the sex ratio results above, which show that more females migrated to urban areas in this region.

Figure 2.4 Population pyramid, Hardap Rural



CHAPTER 3 POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

This chapter provides information on demographic characteristics and focuses on marital status, citizenship and status of birth registration.

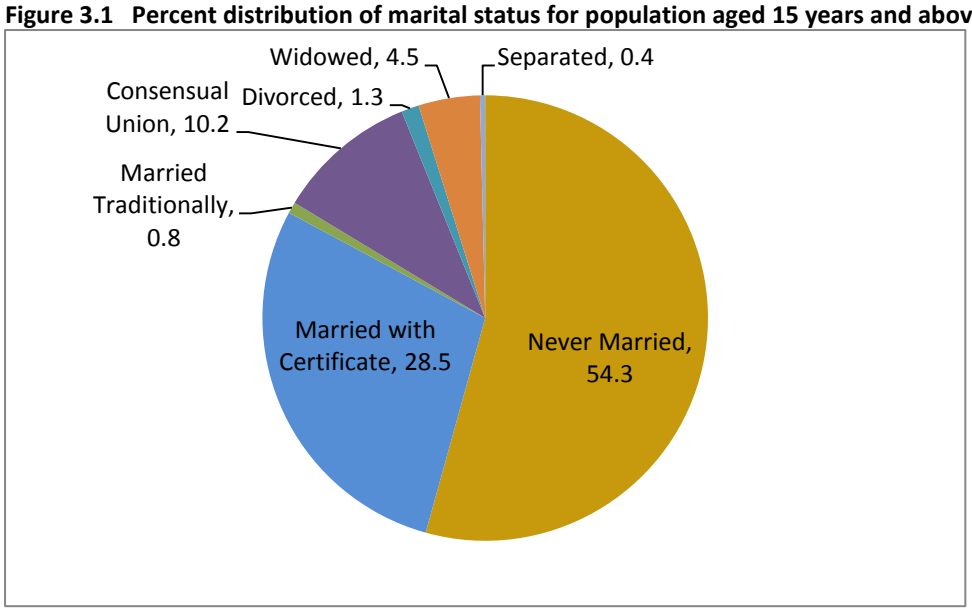
About 29 % of the population aged 15 years and above were married with certificates

3.1 Marital status

During the census, all people were asked to state their marital status in one of the following categories: never married; married with certificate; married traditionally; consensual union; divorced/separated; and widowed. For international comparisons the analysis focuses only on the population aged 15 years and above, although we acknowledge that there are cases of child marriage in Namibia.

Figure 3.1 illustrates that around 54.0 percent of population aged 15 years or older were never married. About 29.0 percent were married with certificates, 0.8 percent were traditionally married, and 10.2 percent were in a consensual union. The high number of people that were never married can be explained by the young population.

Figure 3.1 Percent distribution of marital status for population aged 15 years and above



3.2 Citizenship

The census asked all people to state their country of citizenship, from which the number of Namibians and non-Namibians is reported in Table 3.1. The table shows that the great majority of people enumerated (98.2%) in Hardap Region were Namibians.

Table 3.1 Population distribution by citizenship and sex

Citizenship	Total	Percent	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Total	79 507	100.0	38 935	100.0	40 572	100.0
Namibians	78 058	98.2	38 279	98.3	39 779	98.0
Non-Namibians	1 448	1.8	655	1.7	793	2.0
Don't Know	1	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0

Table 3.2 shows the distribution of non-Namibians by selected countries of origin, but it only lists countries of origin from which citizens constitute a substantial share of the total non-Namibian population.

European nationals represented the highest proportion of foreigners residing in Hardap region at 25 percent – an increase of 0.9 percent compared to 2001. Only 0.3 percent of non- Namibian nationals were from Botswana

Table 3.2 Non- citizen population by sex and country of origin

Citizenship	Population					
	Total	Percent	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Total	1 448	100.0	655	100.0	793	100.0
Angola	54	3.7	15	2.3	39	4.9
Botswana	6	0.4	2	0.3	4	0.5
South Africa	287	19.8	137	20.9	150	18.9
Zambia	26	1.8	6	0.9	20	2.5
Zimbabwe	175	12.1	75	11.5	100	12.6
Other SADC Countries	231	16.0	94	14.4	137	17.3
Other African Countries	220	15.2	103	15.7	117	14.8
European Countries	363	25.0	191	29.0	172	21.7
American countries	30	2.1	13	2.0	17	2.1
Asian And Oceanic Countries	56	3.9	19	2.9	37	4.7

About 97 % of the Hardap Region's population had acquired birth certificates

3.3 Namibian Birth Registration

The Census collected information on whether or not the respondent was in possession of a Namibian birth registration certificate. Birth certificates are needed to access social services, such as social grants and educational services.

Table 3.3 below shows that 97.1 percent of the population possessed Namibian birth certificates. At constituency level, the highest proportion of people with birth certificates was in Rehoboth Urban West (98.4%), while the lowest was in Mariental Rural with 94.3 percent.

Table 3.3 Namibian birth certificate status by area

Area	Total	With birth certificate		Without birth certificate		Don't know	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Hardap	77 224	74 978	97.1	2 150	2.8	96	0.1
Urban	46 399	45 457	98	892	1.9	50	0.1
Rural	30 825	29 521	95.8	1 258	4.1	46	0.1
Gibeon	11 738	11 543	98.3	191	1.6	4	0
Mariental Rural	14 867	14 016	94.3	827	5.6	24	0.2
Mariental Urban	14 890	14 535	97.6	335	2.2	20	0.1
Rehoboth Rural	7 204	6 949	96.5	238	3.3	17	0.2
Rehoboth Urban East	17 536	17 119	97.6	390	2.2	27	0.2
Rehoboth Urban West	10 989	10 816	98.4	169	1.5	4	0

Note: *The figures are for population in conventional and institutional households only*

CHAPTER 4: POPULATION TRENDS

This chapter analyses population trends, including changes in population growth, fertility, and household deaths.

4.1 Population growth

The population of Hardap Region grew steadily since the 2001 Census. Table 4.1 provides population increase and annual growth rates between 2001 and 2011.

The annual growth rate for Hardap region between 2001 and 2011 was 1.5 percent. Furthermore, the annual growth rate for urban areas was 4.3 percent, however a negative growth rate (- 1.5%) was observed in rural areas due to high migration to urban areas. At constituency level, Rehoboth Urban East (3.4%) recorded the highest growth rate, while most of the constituencies recorded a growth rate below 2.0 percent between 2001 and 2011.

Table 4.1 Population change and annual growth rates for 2001-2011 by area

Area	Census year		Population change (2001-2011)	Annual growth rate (2001-2011)
	2001	2011		
Hardap	68 249	79 507	11 258	1.5
Urban	31 144	47 704	16 560	4.3
Rural	37 105	31 803	-5 302	-1.5
Gibeon	11 541	12 122	581	0.5
Mariental Rural	13 946	15 308	1 362	0.9
Mariental Urban	13 109	15 557	2 448	1.7
Rehoboth Rural	7 524	7 288	-236	-0.3
Rehoboth Urban East	12 891	18 035	5 144	3.4
Rehoboth Urban West	9 238	11 197	1 959	1.9

4.2 Fertility

The unadjusted crude birth rate was estimated

The Census collected information on live births from all women aged 15 - 49 years. Generally, indicators of fertility measure the frequency of child bearing in a given population. This section presents two indicators of fertility, namely: Crude Birth Rate (CBR) and Age at first birth for women aged 15 – 49 years, irrespective of their marital status.

4.2.1 Crude Birth Rate

The Crude Birth Rate (CBR) is the number of live births per 1 000 people of the total female and male population, per year. In 2011, there were 2 082 children born during the 12-months prior to the census date, which gives a reported or unadjusted CBR of 26.2 births per 1 000 people.

Table 4.2 indicates that the CBR was slightly higher in urban areas (27.5), compared to rural areas (24.2). At the constituency level, Rehoboth Urban East had the highest CBR of 30.6 births

per 1 000 people, while Rehoboth Urban West had the lowest CBR of 22.1 births per 1 000 people.

Table 4.2 Crude Birth Rates by area

Area	Population	Births in the last 12 months	CBR
Hardap	79 507	2 082	26.2
Urban	47 814	1 315	27.5
Rural	31 693	767	24.2
Gibeon	12 122	283	23.3
Mariental Rural	15 308	411	26.8
Mariental Urban	15 557	425	27.3
Rehoboth Rural	7 288	165	22.6
Rehoboth Urban East	18 035	551	30.6
Rehoboth Urban West	11 197	247	22.1

4.2.2 Age at First Birth

Age at first birth influences the total number of births that a woman might have in her life, which has an impact on the size, composition, and future growth of the population.

Table 4.3 shows that the average age of mothers at first birth in Hardap region was 21 years. The same trend was observed in urban and rural areas. At constituency level, on average, mothers gave birth for the first time at the age of 21 years, with the exception of those in Rehoboth Urban West who, on average, delayed pregnancy until the age of 22 years.

Table 4.3 Average age of mother at first birth by area

Area	Average age at first birth
Hardap	21
Urban	21
Rural	21
Gibeon	21
Mariental Rural	21
Mariental Urban	21
Rehoboth Rural	21
Rehoboth Urban East	21
Rehoboth Urban West	22

4.3 Deaths in the household

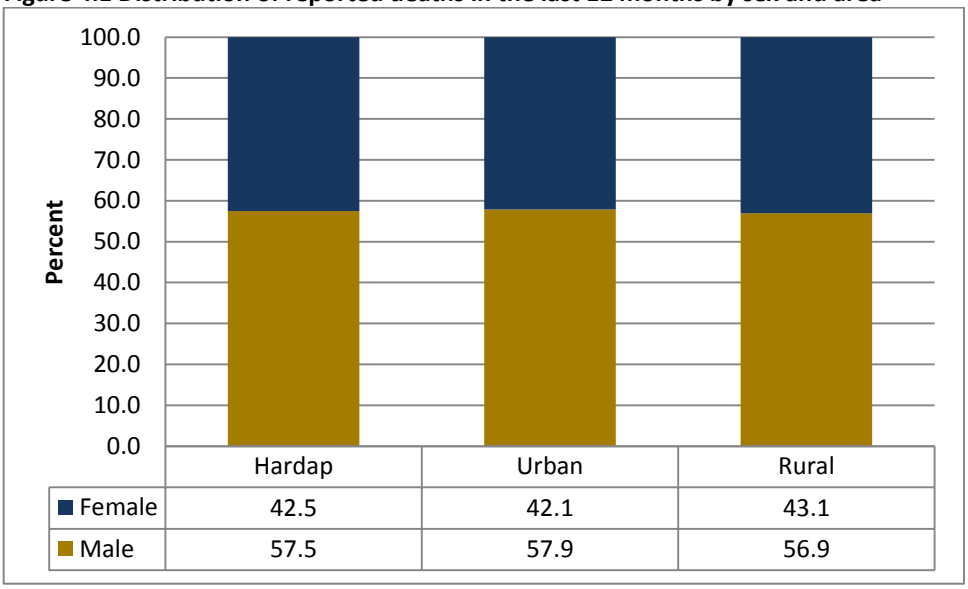
Information on deaths in the last 12 months (September 2010 to August 2011) was collected from all households during the Census. If any deaths occurred in a household, households were asked to state whether the death was registered. Usually, mortality indicators are based on data from civil registration, but in Namibia this coverage is incomplete. It must also be acknowledged that information from surveys and censuses may be under-reported, which can lead to underestimations of the level of mortality.

1,033 deaths were reported for the 12 months prior to the census

4.3.1 Reported Deaths

Figure 4.1 presents the distribution of the reported deaths in the last 12 months by sex and urban/rural areas. A higher proportion of deaths were recorded for males (57.5%) than for females (42.5%). The figure shows that a greater proportion of men died in both urban and rural areas than women.

Figure 4.1 Distribution of reported deaths in the last 12 months by sex and area



	Hardap	Urban	Rural
Female	42.5	42.1	43.1
Male	57.5	57.9	56.9

The crude death rate for Hardap Region was 13 per 1 000 people

4.3.2 Crude Death Rate

Crude Death Rate (CDR) is defined as the number of deaths that occurred in a given calendar year per 1 000 people in the population.

Table 4.2 shows that in Hardap Region, a total of 1,033 deaths occurred during the last 12 months prior to the Census, which gives a CDR of 13 deaths per 1 000 people. The results further show that more deaths were reported in urban (CDR of 13 per 1,000 people) than rural areas (CDR of 12 per 1,000 people). At the constituency level, the highest death rates were in Rehoboth Rural and Rehoboth Urban East (CDR of 15 each) while the lowest rate was recorded in Mariental Urban (10).

Table 4.4 Number of reported deaths in the last 12 months and CDR by area

Area	Population	Number of reported deaths	CDR
Hardap	79 507	1 033	13
Urban	47 814	643	13
Rural	31 693	390	12
Gibeon	12 122	160	13
Mariental Rural	15 308	208	14
Mariental Urban	15 557	159	10
Rehoboth Rural	7 288	109	15
Rehoboth Urban East	18 035	267	15
Rehoboth Urban West	11 197	130	12

4.4.3 Death Registration

Table 4.5 shows that 98.4 percent of all reported deaths in the last 12 months prior to Census were registered. Rates of registration were about the same in both urban and rural areas (98.4% and 98.2% respectively).

At constituency level, Gibeon had the highest proportion of deaths registered with 99.4 percent while the lowest proportion of deaths registered was in Mariental Urban with 97.5 percent.

Table 4.5 Death registration status by area

Area	Total deaths reported	Total registered deaths	Percent registered
Hardap	1 033	1 016	98.4
Urban	643	633	98.4
Rural	390	383	98.2
Gibeon	160	159	99.4
Mariental Rural	208	205	98.6
Mariental Urban	159	155	97.5
Rehoboth Rural	109	107	98.2
Rehoboth Urban East	267	263	98.5
Rehoboth Urban West	130	127	97.7

CHAPTER 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This chapter deals with socio-economic characteristics of the population. The information discussed herein is crucial for decision making, and for the planning and monitoring of development programmes and policies. The sub-topics discussed include: Information Communication Technology (ICT), Early Childhood Development (ECD), Education and Literacy, Disability and Labour Force.

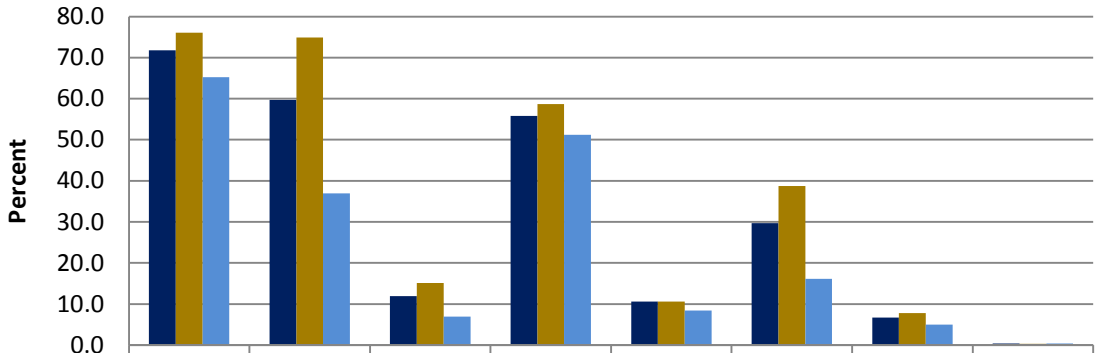
About 72 percent of the population in Hardap Region had access to a radio

5.1 Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

Information on the usage or access to ICT facilities was collected from people aged 3 years and above. This includes access to information and communication technology such as radio, television, computer, cell phone, telephone (fixed line), newspaper (daily/weekly) and internet (daily/weekly).

Figure 5.1 shows that the majority (71.8%) of people living in Hardap region had access to radio, with slightly more access in urban (76.1%) than rural areas (65.2%). Cell phones (55.8%) were more widespread across the region than fixed line telephones (10.6%). However, access to other modern information and communication technology such as internet was fairly limited, particularly so in rural areas.

Figure 5.1 Population aged 3 years and above who had access to ICT by type of service or use and area



	Radio	TV	Computer	Cell Phone	Telephone (Fixed)	Newspaper (Daily&Weekly)	Internet (Daily and Weekly)	Don't know
Hardap	71.8	59.7	11.9	55.8	10.6	29.7	6.7	0.4
Urban	76.1	74.9	15.1	58.7	10.6	38.7	7.8	0.3
Rural	65.2	36.9	6.9	51.2	8.4	16.1	5.0	0.4

7.3 of children aged 0-4 years were attending Early Child Development programmes

5.2 Early Childhood Development (ECD)

Respondents were asked to state whether children aged 0-4 years attended any type of Early Childhood Development (ECD) services, such as Edu-care (day-care, crèche, kindergarten) and pre-primary school.

Table 5.1 shows that there were a total number of 9,438 children aged 0-4 years who were counted and out of this number, around 7 percent were attending ECD programmes. However, attendance in urban areas was much better, with 8.1 percent of children attending ECD facilities, while 6.2 percent attended in rural areas. Slightly more girls than boys were enrolled in ECD programmes in urban areas.

At a constituency level, the constituency with the highest proportion of children who were attending ECD programmes was Rehoboth Urban East (8.6%), while that with the lowest proportion was Gibeon (5.6%).

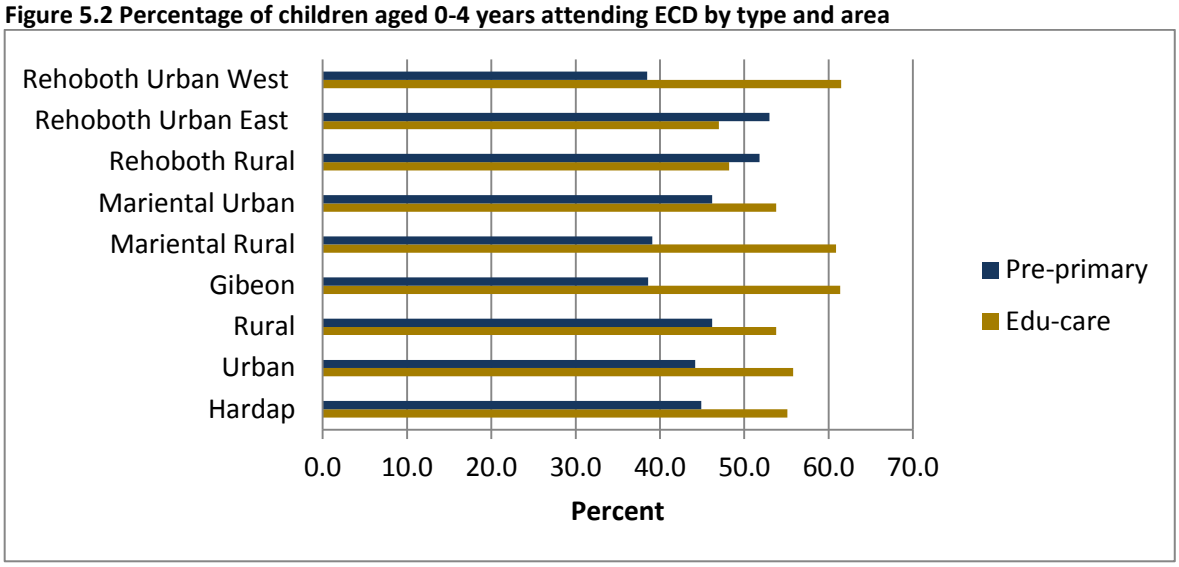
Table 5.1 Population aged 0-4 years attending ECD by sex, and area

Age	Children aged 0-4 Years			Attending ECD			Percent attending		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	9 438	4 685	4 753	691	366	325	7.3	7.8	6.8
Urban	5 628	2 753	2 875	455	238	217	8.1	8.6	7.5
Rural	3 810	1 932	1 878	236	128	108	6.2	6.6	5.8
Gibeon	1 480	728	752	83	49	34	5.6	6.7	4.5
Mariental Rural	1 961	987	974	156	89	67	8.0	9.0	6.9
Mariental Urban	1 811	928	883	117	62	55	6.5	6.7	6.2
Rehoboth Rural	862	430	432	56	21	35	6.5	4.9	8.1
Rehoboth Urban East	2 127	1 006	1 121	183	95	88	8.6	9.4	7.9
Rehoboth Urban West	1 197	606	591	96	50	46	8.0	8.3	7.8

Note: **This includes only children enumerated in private and institutional households*

Figure 5.2 shows the population aged 0-4 years attending ECD by type in urban and rural areas. Attendance in Edu- care programmes was higher (55.1%) than in pre-primary school (44.9%).

Figure 5.2 Percentage of children aged 0-4 years attending ECD by type and area



Close to 91% of persons aged 15 years and above in the Hardap Region were literate

5.3 Education and Literacy

Information on literacy and education is vital for many purposes, including the need for Government to articulate and monitor national development programs and goals. During the Census, specific information on education and literacy was collected from all people aged 5 years and above.

5.3.1 Literacy

Literacy can be defined as the ability to read and write with understanding in any language. All people aged 5 years and above were asked whether they can read and write in any language with understanding.

Table 5.2 provides information on literacy rates for the population aged 15 years and above. This table shows that the regional literacy rate was 91.1 percent. The literacy rate in urban areas stood at 93.8 percent, while in rural areas it stood at 86.8 percent. The table also shows that literacy was highest in Rehoboth Urban West (97.4%) and lowest in Rehoboth Rural (83.2%).

Table 5.2 Literate population aged 15 years and above by area and sex

Area	Population aged 15 years and above			Literate			Literacy rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	52 024	25 423	26 601	47 368	23 221	24 147	91.1	91.3	90.8
Urban	31 442	16 494	14 948	29 496	15 435	14 061	93.8	93.6	94.1
Rural	20 582	8 929	11 653	17 872	7 786	10 086	86.8	87.2	86.6
Gibeon	7 632	3 603	4 029	6 676	3 163	3 513	87.5	87.8	87.2
Mariental Rural	9 609	4 637	4 972	8 419	4 047	4 372	87.6	87.3	87.9
Mariental Urban	10 202	4 785	5 417	9 596	4 504	5 092	94.1	94.1	94.0
Rehoboth Rural	4 876	2 056	2 820	4 056	1 741	2 315	83.2	84.7	82.1
Rehoboth Urban East	11 867	6 260	5 607	10 989	5 776	5 213	92.6	92.3	93.0
Rehoboth Urban West	7 838	4 082	3 756	7 632	3 990	3 642	97.4	97.7	97.0

Table 5.3 indicates that the literacy rate for youth aged 15 - 24 years in Kunene was 96.2 percent, with higher proportions of females (97.2%) than males (95.3%) being literate. The literacy rate was slightly higher in urban (97.9%) than in rural areas (95.9%). The literacy rate for young females in rural areas was 3.2 percentage points higher than males, while in urban areas the literacy rates were almost the same.

96% of the youth aged 15 to 24 years were literate

Table 5.3 Literate youth population aged 15 - 24 years by sex and area

Area	Population aged 15-24 years			Literate			Literacy rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	14 835	7 202	7 633	14 276	7 003	7 273	96.2	97.2	95.3
Urban	9 328	4 735	4 593	9 092	4 637	4 455	97.5	97.9	97.0
Rural	5 507	2 467	3 040	5 184	2 366	2 818	94.1	95.9	92.7
Gibeon	2 000	973	1 027	1 893	936	957	94.7	96.2	93.2
Mariental Rural	2 850	1 371	1 479	2 686	1 304	1 382	94.2	95.1	93.4
Mariental Urban	3 004	1 454	1 550	2 919	1 423	1 496	97.2	97.9	96.5
Rehoboth Rural	1 228	502	726	1 144	486	658	93.2	96.8	90.6
Rehoboth Urban East	3 684	1 869	1 815	3 586	1 828	1 758	97.3	97.8	96.9
Rehoboth Urban West	2 069	1 033	1 036	2 048	1 026	1 022	99.0	99.3	98.6

5.3.2 Formal Education

Formal education can be defined as full-time attendance at any regular educational institution, public or private, for systematic instruction. The categories of formal education used during the census were: pre-primary; primary schools; secondary or high schools; technical schools; agricultural institutions; teacher training college;, polytechnics and universities.

5.3.2.1 School Attendance

Table 5.4 shows that out of the population aged 6 years and above in Hardap region, 9.8 percent never attended school. A higher proportion of the population that never attended school was found in rural areas (14.2), compared to urban areas (6.9%).

The table indicates that there were slight differences between people who attended adult education programmes in urban and rural areas.

About 14% of the Hardap Region's rural population aged 6 years had never been to

Table 5.3 Percent distribution of school attendance for population 6 years and above by area

Area	Population aged 6 years and above	Never Attended	Pre-primary	Adult Education Programme	Attending School	Left School	Don't know
Hardap	66 893	9.8	1.1	0.2	24.8	62.4	1.6
Urban	40 313	6.9	1.3	0.2	26.5	63.6	1.6
Rural	26 580	14.2	0.9	0.4	22.3	60.5	1.7
Gibeon	10 046	12.9	0.9	0.2	24.8	58.8	2.3
Mariental Rural	12 705	12.5	1.0	0.4	24.0	60.6	1.6
Mariental Urban	13 003	7.8	1.3	0.4	24.8	63.8	2.0
Rehoboth Rural	6 224	17.3	1.3	0.3	21.5	58.6	1.0
Rehoboth Urban East	15 164	8.3	1.3	0.1	25.9	62.7	1.7
Rehoboth Urban West	9 751	3.3	1.1	0.1	26.4	68.4	0.6

5.3.2.2 Educational Attainment

About 43% of persons aged 15 years and above completed their primary education before leaving school

Table 5.5 shows that about 43.0 percent of the population had completed their primary education and about 20.0 percent had completed their secondary education before leaving school, while 33.4 percent did not complete primary school. Only 2.7 percent of the population had completed their tertiary education.

Table 5.5 Distribution of the population aged 15 years and above who left school by highest level of educational attainment and sex

Educational Attainment	Population aged 15 years and above			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	42 301	20 811	21 490	100	100	100
No formal education	407	167	240	1.0	0.8	1.1
Incomplete Primary education	14 116	6 619	7 497	33.4	31.8	34.9
Primary education	18 200	9 260	8 940	43.0	44.5	41.6
Secondary education	8 432	4 225	4 207	19.9	20.3	19.6
Tertiary education	1 139	540	599	2.7	2.6	2.8
Others	7	0	7	0.0	0.0	0.0

Over 80% of children aged 7 to 15 years were enrolled in school

5.3.2.3 School Enrolment

Figure 5.3 shows the percentage of school enrolments for the school-going population between the ages of 5 and 24 years. Enrolment rates were highest for the ages of 7 to 15 years, exceeding 80 percent, but dropped after the age of 16 years. The highest enrolment rate was at age 8, where close to 93 and 91 percent of girls and boys respectively were enrolled at school. The lowest enrolment rate was at age 24 where only 2.1 percent of females and 1 percent of males were still enrolled. More girls than boys were enrolled until the age 18 years.

Figure 5.3 School enrolment of the school going population aged 5-24 years by sex

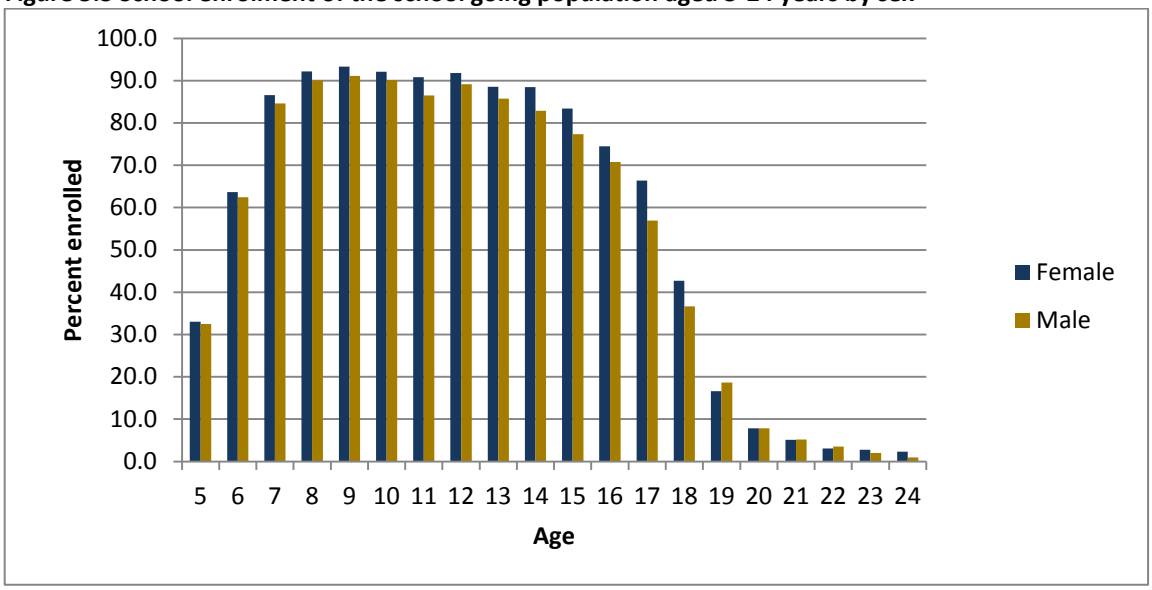


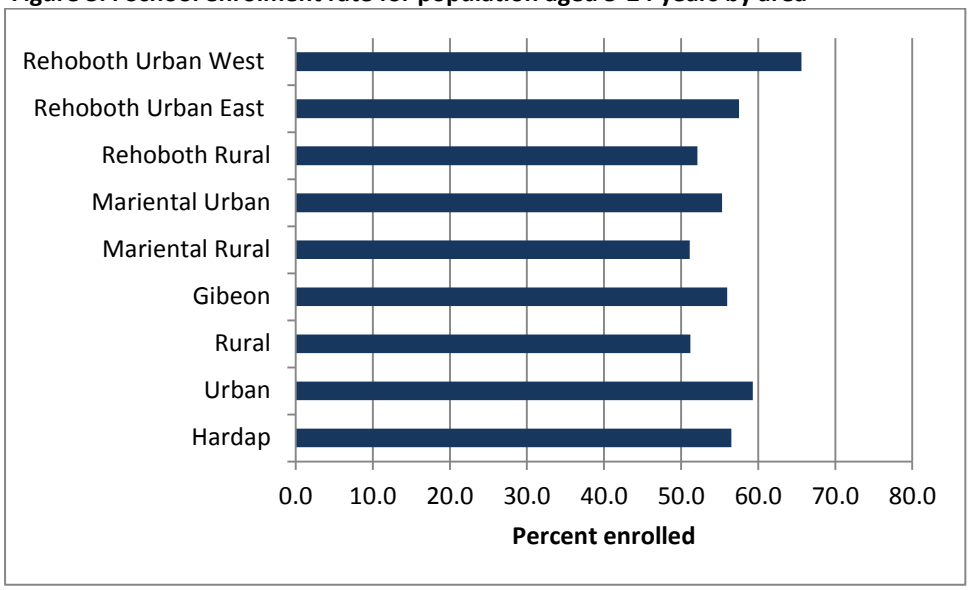
Table 5.6 presents school enrolment rates for urban and rural areas. The table shows that the enrolment rates were slightly higher in urban (59.3%) than rural areas (51.2%).

Table 5.6 School enrolments for population aged 5-24 years by area

Age	Population aged 5-25 years			Enrolled			Enrolment Rate		
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	31 555	19 284	12 271	17 719	11 437	6 282	56.2	59.3	51.2
5	1 851	1 085	766	606	426	180	32.7	39.3	23.5
6	1 781	1 032	749	1 123	764	359	63.1	74.0	47.9
7	1 497	879	618	1 281	796	485	85.6	90.6	78.5
8	1 674	994	680	1 526	929	597	91.2	93.5	87.8
9	1 521	891	630	1 402	846	556	92.2	94.9	88.3
10	1 667	983	684	1 518	913	605	91.1	92.9	88.5
11	1 939	1 176	763	1 718	1 061	657	88.6	90.2	86.1
12	1 551	963	588	1 403	895	508	90.5	92.9	86.4
13	1 686	995	691	1 470	882	588	87.2	88.6	85.1
14	1 553	958	595	1 330	862	468	85.6	90.0	78.7
15	1 532	978	554	1 232	832	400	80.4	85.1	72.2
16	1 513	980	533	1 100	754	346	72.7	76.9	64.9
17	1 324	841	483	814	573	241	61.5	68.1	49.9
18	1 565	1 016	549	620	466	154	39.6	45.9	28.1
19	1 516	966	550	267	203	64	17.6	21.0	11.6
20	1 606	1 019	587	126	89	37	7.8	8.7	6.3
21	1 590	1 001	589	82	67	15	5.2	6.7	2.5
22	1 365	832	533	45	34	11	3.3	4.1	2.1
23	1 484	905	579	35	30	5	2.4	3.3	0.9
24	1 340	790	550	21	15	6	1.6	1.9	1.1

Figure 5.4 presents the school enrolment rate for the population aged 5 to 24 years by area. The results show that school enrolment was highest in Rehoboth Urban West, where it was close to 66 percent. By contrast, the lowest rate of enrolment was in Mariental Rural where less than 51 percent of the population age 5 to 24 years was enrolled at school.

Figure 5.4 School enrolment rate for population aged 5-24 years by area



Primary school enrolment rates are presented in Table 5.7. The results show that overall, the enrolment rate was 89.4 percent for children aged 7 to 13 years old. The enrolment rate was higher in urban (92%) than in rural areas (86%). The results further indicate that more girls of this age group in rural areas were likely to enroll in school than boys. At constituency level, Rehoboth Urban West had the highest enrolment rate of about 96 percent while Mariental Urban had the lowest enrolment rate (85%).

89% of children aged 7 – 13 were enrolled in primary school

Table 5.7 Primary school enrolment for population aged 7-13 years by area

Area	Population aged 7-13 years			Enrolled			Enrolment rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	11 535	5 686	5 849	10 318	5 161	5 157	89.4	90.8	88.2
Urban	6 881	3 421	3 460	6 322	3 160	3 162	91.9	92.4	91.4
Rural	4 654	2 265	2 389	3 996	2 001	1 995	85.9	88.3	83.5
Gibeon	1 881	921	960	1 685	850	835	89.6	92.3	87.0
Mariental Rural	2 410	1 191	1 219	2 056	1 039	1 017	85.3	87.2	83.4
Mariental Urban	2 135	1 097	1 038	1 874	972	902	87.8	88.6	86.9
Rehoboth Rural	1 037	510	527	904	450	454	87.2	88.2	86.1
Rehoboth Urban East	2 601	1 235	1 366	2 389	1 148	1 241	91.8	93.0	90.8
Rehoboth Urban West	1 471	732	739	1 410	702	708	95.9	95.9	95.8

5.4 Disability

Disability is defined as a long-term physical, psychological or mental condition that limits a person from carrying out everyday activities at home, work or school. It may be present from birth or develop during a person's lifetime. Information on disability assists government in planning infrastructure, education systems and community awareness programmes amongst others.

During the Census, all persons in private households and institutions were asked about the types of long-term permanent disabilities or limitations that they had. Ten types of disabilities were identified for this purpose: blindness; visual impairment; deafness; hearing difficulties; muteness/dumbness; speech impairment; physical impairment of lower and upper limbs; mental disability; albinism and autism.

Table 5.8 indicates that 4.1 percent of the total population had disabilities. The proportion of people living with disabilities was the same in both rural and urban areas. Constituency figures show that Rehoboth Rural had the highest proportion of disabled people with 5.7 percent, while Rehoboth Urban West had the lowest proportion of disabled people with 3.5 percent.

4.1% of the population had disabilities

Table 5.8 Population with disability by sex and area

Area	Population			With disability			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	78 182	38 420	39 762	3 225	1 520	1 705	4.1	4.0	4.3
Urban	47 026	24 240	22 786	1 953	979	974	4.2	4.0	4.3
Rural	31 156	14 180	16 976	1 272	541	731	4.1	3.8	4.3
Gibeon	11 833	5 698	6 135	499	226	273	4.2	4.0	4.4
Mariental Rural	15 040	7 336	7 704	582	259	323	3.9	3.5	4.2
Mariental Urban	15 202	7 353	7 849	555	246	309	3.7	3.3	3.9
Rehoboth Rural	7 267	3 220	4 047	417	185	232	5.7	5.7	5.7
Rehoboth Urban East	17 704	9 092	8 612	782	411	371	4.4	4.5	4.3
Rehoboth Urban West	11 136	5 721	5 415	390	193	197	3.5	3.4	3.6

Table 5.9 shows that physical impairment of the lower limbs was the most common type of disability, affecting almost 27 percent of the population with disabilities. The least common type of disability was albinism, which was reported as affecting about 0.4 percent of people living with disabilities.

Table 5.9 Population with disability by type and sex

Disability type	Number			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 225	1 520	1 705	100	100	100
Blindness	219	115	104	6.8	7.6	6.1
Visual Impairment	715	348	367	22.2	22.9	21.5
Deafness	202	96	106	6.3	6.3	6.2
Hearing Difficulties	349	189	160	10.8	12.4	9.4
Mute/Dumb	184	95	89	5.7	6.3	5.2
Speech Impairment	164	73	91	5.1	4.8	5.3
Physical Impairment - Upper Limbs	361	143	218	11.2	9.4	12.8
Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	859	429	430	26.6	28.2	25.2
Mental Disability	515	222	293	16.0	14.6	17.2
Albinism	14	8	6	0.4	0.5	0.4
Autism	43	22	21	1.3	1.4	1.2
Other Specify	128	64	64	4.0	4.2	3.8
Don't Know	14	3	11	0.4	0.2	0.6

***Note**: The total is the number of persons with a disability. This is not the total in the column as some persons had multiple disabilities*

Table 5.10 indicates that in both urban and rural areas, the highest proportion of people with disabilities were those with impairments of the lower limbs (27.0% in urban areas, 26.1% in rural areas.) The least common type of disability was albinism and autism at regional as well as urban and rural levels.

Table 5.10 Percentage of distribution of people with disabilities by type and area

Type of disabilities	Hardap	Urban	Rural
Total	3 225	1 953	1 272
Blindness	6.8	6.7	7.0
Visual Impairment	22.2	23.5	20.2
Deafness	6.3	6.0	6.6
Hearing Difficulties	10.8	11.0	10.6
Mute/Dumb	5.7	6.8	4.0
Speech Impairment	5.1	5.3	4.7
Physical Impairment - Upper Limbs	11.2	10.3	12.5
Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	26.6	27.0	26.1
Mental Disability	16.0	14.1	18.9
Albinism	0.4	0.5	0.4
Autism	1.3	1.5	1.0
Other Specify	4.0	4.6	3.0
Don't Know	0.4	0.3	0.7

***Note**: The total is the number of persons with a disability. This is not the total in the column as some persons had multiple disabilities*

Table 5.11 shows that in Hardap Region, about 44 percent of the population with disabilities also had difficulty engaging in any learning and/or economic activity. There were slight differences between males and females in this respect, but a higher proportion of people with difficulties in engaging in learning and economic activities were observed in rural (45.9%) than urban areas (43.4%).

Table 5.11 Disabled population with difficulties to engage in any learning and/or economic activity by sex and area

Area	Disabled			Inability			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	3 225	1 520	1 705	1 432	668	764	44.4	43.9	44.8
Urban	1 953	979	974	848	417	431	43.4	42.6	44.3
Rural	1 272	541	731	584	251	333	45.9	46.4	45.6
Gibeon	499	226	273	262	121	141	52.5	53.5	51.6
Mariental Rural	582	259	323	263	110	153	45.2	42.5	47.4
Mariental Urban	555	246	309	242	115	127	43.6	46.7	41.1
Rehoboth Rural	417	185	232	190	88	102	45.6	47.6	44.0
Rehoboth Urban East	782	411	371	328	163	165	41.9	39.7	44.5
Rehoboth Urban West	390	193	197	147	71	76	37.7	36.8	38.6

Table 5.12 indicates that 86.0 percent of the population with disabilities was affected by one type of disability, while 14.0 percent were affected by more than one type of disability.

Table 5.12 Population distribution with multiple disabilities by area

Area	Total	Number		Percent	
		With one disability	With more than one disability	With one disability	With more than one disability
Hardap	3 225	2 773	452	86.0	14.0
Urban	1 953	1 665	288	85.3	14.7
Rural	1 272	1 108	164	87.1	12.9
Gibeon	499	443	56	88.8	11.2
Mariental Rural	582	484	98	83.2	16.8
Mariental Urban	555	486	69	87.6	12.4
Rehoboth Rural	417	367	50	88.0	12.0
Rehoboth Urban East	782	644	138	82.4	17.6
Rehoboth Urban West	390	349	41	89.5	10.5

5.5 Orphanhood

10% of all children had lost one parent

Orphanhood is the condition of being less than 18 years of age, with one or both parents having died. Information on orphans was collected from all members of the household.

Table 5.13 shows that 8.2 percent of the population 18 years and below in Hardap region had lost one parent, while 2 percent had no parents. Orphanhood was more prevalent in both urban and rural areas.

The proportion of this population in Rehoboth Urban East who had lost one parent was was 11.0 percent and 2.6 percent for both parents, which is relatively high compared to other constituencies.

Table 5.13 Percentage of distribution of orphaned population 18 years and below by area

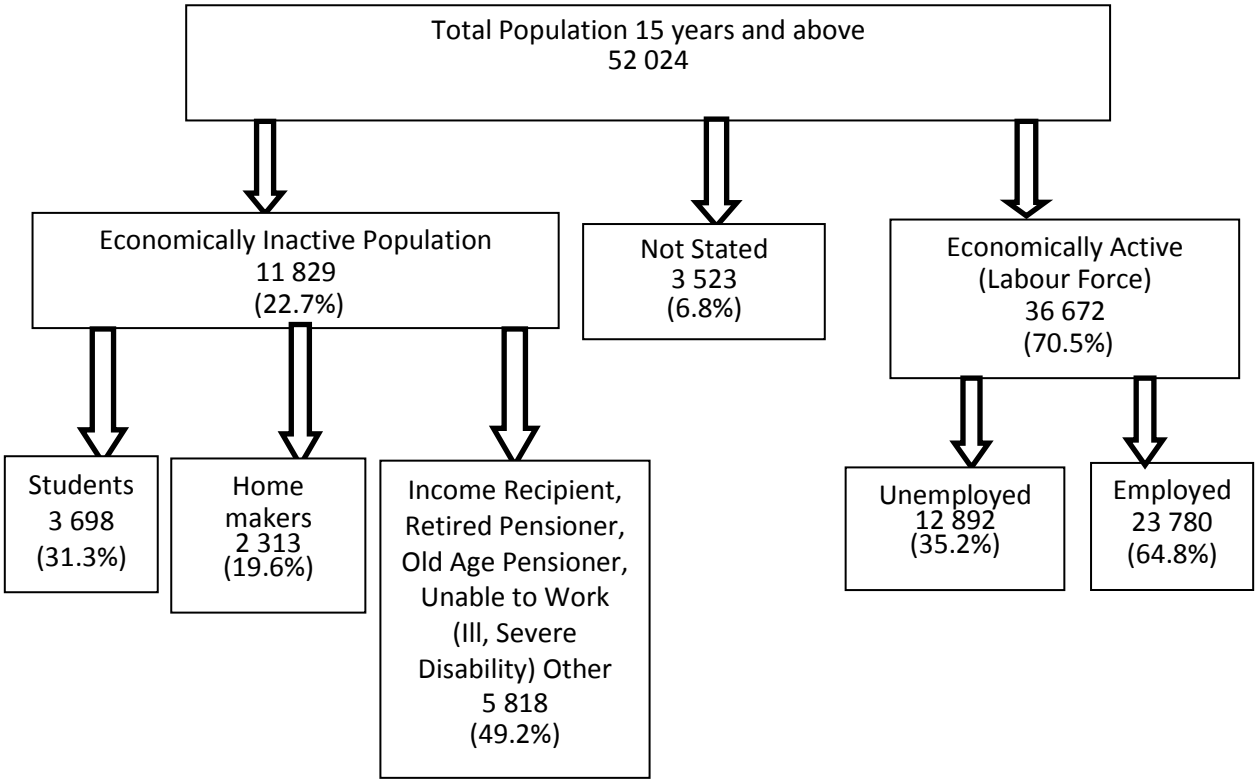
Area	Children aged 18 years and below	One parent dead		Both parents dead	
		Population	Percent	Population	Percent
Hardap	32 092	3 292	10.3	651	2.0
Urban	19 399	1 994	10.3	417	2.1
Rural	12 693	1 298	10.2	234	1.8
Gibeon	5 017	534	10.6	102	2.0
Mariental Rural	6 580	619	9.4	111	1.7
Mariental Urban	6 103	635	10.4	141	2.3
Rehoboth Rural	2 853	304	10.7	63	2.2
Rehoboth Urban East	7 326	819	11.2	189	2.6
Rehoboth Urban West	4 213	381	9.0	45	1.1

5.6 Economic Activity

During the Census enumeration, all people aged 8 years and above were asked about their economic activity within the seven days prior to the census reference night. The analysis presented below, however, only focuses on the population aged 15 years and above. Unlike the labour force survey, which gives detailed information on specific activities, the census only provides an overview of employment and economic activity.

The diagram in Figure 5.6 illustrates the composition and definition of the economically active and inactive population. The economically inactive population includes; students, homemakers and income recipients, while the economically active population is divided into unemployed and employed populations. The diagram shows that 70.5 percent of the population aged 15 years and above were economically active, 22.7 percent were economically inactive, and information for about 7 percent of the population was not stated.

Figure 5.6 Diagram of the population aged 15 years and above by activity status



70.5% of the population aged 15 years and above was economically active

5.6.1 Economically Active Population

Table 5.14 shows that 64.8 percent of the economically active population aged 15 years and above were employed while 35.2 percent were unemployed. There were differences between urban and rural areas whereby 60.6 percent was employed in urban as compared to 71.5 percent in rural areas.

Table 5.14 Employment status of economically active population aged 15 years and above by sex and area

Activity Status	Economically active population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	36 672	16 294	20 378	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed	23 780	8 806	14 974	64.8	54.0	73.5
Unemployed	12 892	7 488	5 404	35.2	46.0	26.5
Urban	22 464	11 029	11 435	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed	13 618	5 870	7 748	60.6	53.2	67.8
Unemployed	8 846	5 159	3 687	39.4	46.8	32.2
Rural	14 208	5 265	8 943	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed	10 162	2 936	7 226	71.5	55.8	80.8
Unemployed	4 046	2 329	1 717	28.5	44.2	19.2

5.6.2 Labour Force

The labour force participation rate is the proportion of the economically active people in a given population group, which is calculated as the number of economically active population divided by the total population in the same population group.

Table 5.15 shows that the labour force participation rate for Hardap Region was 70.5 percent. The rate was higher for males (76.6%) than for females (64.1%). However, the labour force participation rate in urban areas (71.4%) was higher than in rural areas (69%). At the constituency level, the labour force participation rate was highest in Mariental Rural (73%) and lowest in Rehoboth Rural (66%).

Table 5.15 Labour Force Participation rate for population aged 15 years and above by sex and area

Area	Population aged 15 years and above			In Labour force			Labour Force Participation rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	52 024	25 423	26 601	36 672	16 294	20 378	70.5	64.1	76.6
Urban	31 442	16 494	14 948	22 464	11 029	11 435	71.4	66.9	76.5
Rural	20 582	8 929	11 653	14 208	5 265	8 943	69.0	59.0	76.7
Gibeon	7 632	3 603	4 029	5 254	2 211	3 043	68.8	61.4	75.5
Mariental Rural	9 609	4 637	4 972	7 002	2 959	4 043	72.9	63.8	81.3
Mariental Urban	10 202	4 785	5 417	7 217	3 298	3 919	70.7	68.9	72.3
Rehoboth Rural	4 876	2 056	2 820	3 225	1 038	2 187	66.1	50.5	77.6
Rehoboth Urban East	11 867	6 260	5 607	8 478	4 183	4 295	71.4	66.8	76.6
Rehoboth Urban West	7 838	4 082	3 756	5 496	2 605	2 891	70.1	63.8	77.0

5.6.3 Population and Main Occupation

Elementary occupations made up the largest occupational group with 23.7%

Table 5.16 indicates the main occupation of those employed in Hardap region. Skilled Elementary occupations made up the largest occupation group with 23.7 percent, while the lowest was Armed Forces with only 0.4 percent in Hardap region. There were more significant differences between females and males among the top three occupational groups. However, skilled Agriculture and Fisheries were dominated by men (28.4%) compared to women (9.2%). On the other hand, more women worked in Elementary Occupations, Service work and Clerks than men.

Table 5.16 Main occupation of employed population 15 years and above by sex

	Employed Population			Percent		
Main occupation	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 780	8 806	14 974	100.0	100.0	100.0
Armed force	105	25	80	0.4	0.3	0.5
Legislators senior officials and Managers	806	250	556	3.4	2.8	3.7
Professionals	1 420	831	589	6.0	9.4	3.9
Technician and associate professionals	1 072	630	442	4.5	7.2	3.0
Clerk	1 709	1 300	409	7.2	14.8	2.7
Service Workers	3 156	1 632	1 524	13.3	18.5	10.2
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	5 068	812	4 256	21.3	9.2	28.4
Craft and Related trades workers	4 079	274	3 805	17.2	3.1	25.4
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	725	44	681	3.0	0.5	4.5
Elementary occupations	5 639	3 008	2 631	23.7	34.2	17.6
Don't Know	1	0	1	0.0	-	0.0

5.6.4 Employment by Industry

Table 5.17 indicates the employed population by main industry and sex at regional level. Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing were the main industry (29.2%) of the work force followed by Construction (12.4%). Wholesale and Retail trade employed about 8.1 percent of the workforce.

Activities of private households, Administrative & Support services and Wholesale and Retail trade activities were clearly the domain of women, while men predominately worked in Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing as well as Construction.

Table 5.17 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Main industry	Employed population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 780	8 806	14 974	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	6 932	1 056	5 876	29.2	12.0	39.2
Mining And Quarrying	500	46	454	2.1	0.5	3.0
Manufacturing	1 028	292	736	4.3	3.3	4.9
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	19	7	12	0.1	0.1	0.1
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	93	14	79	0.4	0.2	0.5
Construction	2 947	81	2 866	12.4	0.9	19.1
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1 931	895	1 036	8.1	10.2	6.9
Transportation and Storage	648	87	561	2.7	1.0	3.7
Accommodation and Food Service activities	931	584	347	3.9	6.6	2.3
Information and Communication	229	103	126	1.0	1.2	0.8
Financial Insurance Activities	728	484	244	3.1	5.5	1.6
Real estate Activities	20	8	12	0.1	0.1	0.1
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	327	198	129	1.4	2.2	0.9
Administrative and Support service activities	1 723	913	810	7.2	10.4	5.4
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	943	348	595	4.0	4.0	4.0
Education	1 036	702	334	4.4	8.0	2.2
Human Health and Social work activities	584	432	152	2.5	4.9	1.0
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	110	39	71	0.5	0.4	0.5
Other Services activities	573	361	212	2.4	4.1	1.4
Activities of Private Households	2 427	2 134	293	10.2	24.2	2.0
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	16	14	2	0.1	0.2	0.0
Don't Know	35	8	27	0.1	0.1	0.2

5.6.5 Employment by Educational Attainment

Table 5.18 indicates that most of the employed people completed their primary education (36.6%). Furthermore, it is shown that about 1 out of 4 (23.6%) employed people completed secondary school. Women were better educated than men, on average, with about 29 percent of employed women having completed their secondary education and 5.0 percent their tertiary education, compared to about 20 percent and 4 percent for men respectively.

Table 5.18 Educational attainment of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Educational attainment	Employed population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 780	8 806	14 974	100.0	100.0	100.0
No formal education	2 530	613	1917	10.6	7.0	12.8
Incomplete primary education	5 724	1 756	3 968	24.1	19.9	26.5
Primary education	8 712	3 366	5 346	36.6	38.2	35.7
Secondary education	5 601	2 552	3 049	23.6	29	20.4
Tertiary education	994	460	534	4.2	5.2	3.6
Others	3	0	3	0.0	-	0.0
Don't Know	216	59	157	0.9	0.7	1.0

5.6.6 Main Job Undertaken

Table 5.19 shows that the private sector provided jobs for the largest proportion of employees (50.3%) in Hardap Region. The smallest proportion was other unpaid family workers and unpaid family worker (subsistence/communal) with 0.3 percent each. There were more women than men employed by the private sector, government and subsistence farming (without paid employees).

Table 5.19 Main job of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Main job	Employed Population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 780	8 806	14 974	100.0	100.0	100.0
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	430	83	347	1.8	0.9	2.3
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	1 067	503	564	4.5	5.7	3.8
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	584	100	484	2.5	1.1	3.2
Other Employer	636	234	402	2.7	2.7	2.7
Own Account Worker	597	186	411	2.5	2.1	2.7
Employee (Communal Farms)	815	71	744	3.4	0.8	5.0
Employee (Commercial Farms)	3 113	561	2 552	13.1	6.4	17.0
Employee (Government)	3 349	1 750	1 599	14.1	19.9	10.7
Employee (Parastatal)	985	406	579	4.1	4.6	3.9
Employee (Private)	11 967	4 795	7 172	50.3	54.5	47.9
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	75	44	31	0.3	0.5	0.2
Other Unpaid Family Worker	82	42	40	0.3	0.5	0.3
Other	52	22	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Don't Know	28	9	19	0.1	0.1	0.1

5.6.7 Unemployment

The unemployment rate is the proportion of unemployed people in the labour force for a given population group (i.e. the number of unemployed people divided by all people in the labour force in the same population group).

Figure 5.7 shows the distribution of unemployed people in terms of their level of educational attainment. At the time of the Census, about 47 percent of unemployed people had completed their primary education, 14.3 percent had completed their secondary education and only 0.5 percent had completed their tertiary education. Those with no formal education constituted around 9.1 percent of all unemployed people.

Figure 5.7 Population distributions of unemployed people by educational attainment

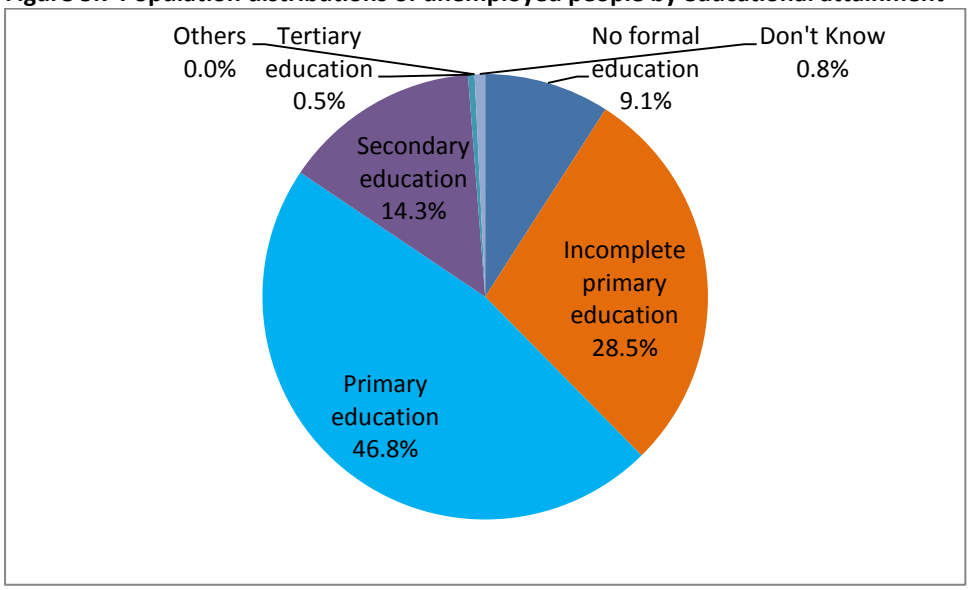


Table 5.20 shows that 24.2 percent of the unemployed population were actively looking for work. The proportion of females looking for work was higher than males (30.1% and 19.5% respectively). It can be observed that the proportion of job seekers in urban areas was higher than in rural areas (26.3% and 21% respectively).

The results further indicate that a higher proportion of unemployed females were actively looking for work than unemployed males in all constituencies with the exception of Rehoboth West Urban. A high proportion of job seekers were in Gibeon (27%), while Rehoboth West Urban had the lowest proportion of job seekers (19.8%).

Table 5.20 Unemployed population 15 years and above actively looking for a job by sex and area

Area	Population in Labour Force			Unemployed and actively looking for a job			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	36 672	16 294	20 378	8 868	4 900	3 968	24.2	30.1	19.5
Urban	22 464	11 029	11 435	5 900	3 276	2 624	26.3	29.7	22.9
Rural	14 208	5 265	8 943	2 968	1 624	1 344	20.9	30.8	15.0
Gibeon	5 254	2 211	3 043	1 431	745	686	27.2	33.7	22.5
Mariental Rural	7 002	2 959	4 043	1 658	918	740	23.7	31.0	18.3
Mariental Urban	7 217	3 298	3 919	1 761	1 035	726	24.4	31.4	18.5
Rehoboth Rural	3 225	1 038	2 187	750	397	353	23.3	38.2	16.1
Rehoboth East Urban	8 478	4 183	4 295	2 178	1 210	968	25.7	28.9	22.5
Rehoboth West Urban	5 496	2 605	2 891	1 090	595	495	19.8	22.8	17.1

5.7 Economically Inactive Population

Table 5.21 provides information on the economically inactive population. Students constituted the largest share (30.5%), while income recipients constituted the smallest portion with 1.5 percent. Women dominated the category of Homemakers (36.9%), while the proportion of economically inactive men was much higher in the categories of student and Old age Pensioner (36.2% and 27.1% respectively).

Table 5.21 presents information on the population of economically inactive people. Old-age Pensioners constituted the largest share (32.4%), while income recipients made up the smallest proportion, with 2.5 percent. Most men who were economically inactive fell into the category of Old Age Pensioner (58.4%), followed by students (40%). In the case of economically inactive women, most were old age pensioners (41.85), followed by Homemakers (40%) This pattern was also while the proportion of economically inactive women in this category was much lower (41.8%).

Table 5.21 Economically inactive population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex

Activity status	Economically inactive			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 829	7 415	4 414	100.0	100.0	100.0
Student	3 698	1 902	1 796	31.3	25.7	40.7
Homemaker	2 313	2 205	108	19.6	29.7	2.4
Income Recipient	203	109	94	1.7	1.4	2.1
Retired Pensioner	797	415	382	6.7	5.6	8.7
Old Age Pensioner	3 832	2 303	1 529	32.4	31.1	34.6
Unable to Work (Ill)	458	243	215	3.9	3.3	4.8
Unable to Work (Disabled)	393	169	224	3.3	2.3	5.1
Other	135	69	66	1.1	0.9	1.5

CHAPTER 6: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

This chapter presents information on household characteristics, particularly on household sizes, composition and income. Information on household assets, main languages spoken and agricultural activities are also outlined.

A household is defined as a group of people - related or unrelated - who live in the same dwelling unit and share or have common catering arrangements.

6.1 Household size

The average household size was 4.0 persons.

Table 6.1 shows that a household in Hardap Region consisted of 4.0 persons on average. However, the average household size was much lower in rural areas (3.7 persons) than in urban areas (slightly over 4 persons). Households in Rehoboth East Urban were the largest (4.3 persons). On the other hand, Rehoboth Rural had the smallest average household size of 3.3 persons in 2011.

Table 6.1 Average household size by Census year and area

Area	2001	2011
Hardap	4.4	4.0
Urban	4.7	4.3
Rural	4.2	3.7
Gibeon	4.5	4.1
Mariental Rural	4.4	3.9
Mariental Urban	4.5	4.1
Rehoboth Rural	3.7	3.3
Rehoboth East Urban	4.6	4.3
Rehoboth West Urban	4.5	4.1

6.2 Household composition

The composition of households refers to the relationship of its members to the head of the household. Several categories of relationships were used to categorize household members, including spouse, son/daughter, grandchild, etc.

Sons and daughters of the head of the household accounted for about 28.8 percent of all relationships in Hardap region, while grandchildren (11.6%) and other relatives (6.4%) made up other significant portions of household membership. Only 9.7 percent of household members were spouses.

Table 6.2 Household population by sex and relationship to the head of household

Relationship to head	Population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	77 246	38 182	39 064	100.0	100.0	100.0
Head	19 307	7 026	12 281	25.0	18.4	31.4
Spouse	7 519	6 476	1 043	9.7	17.0	2.7
Son/Daughter	22 234	11 402	10 832	28.8	29.9	27.7
Son/Daughter in Law	638	331	307	0.8	0.9	0.8
Grand Child	8 985	4 350	4 635	11.6	11.4	11.9
Parent	661	469	192	0.9	1.2	0.5
Other Relative	12 789	5 788	7 001	16.6	15.2	17.9
Domestic Worker	175	91	84	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other Non-Relative	4 910	2 235	2 675	6.4	5.9	6.8
Don't Know	28	14	14	0.0	0.0	0.0

Note: **The table refers only to conventional/private households*

6.2.1 Sex of Household Head

Table 6.3 shows that about 63.6 percent of households in Hardap region were headed by men. This was the case in both urban and rural areas, and across all constituencies.

6.3 Percent distribution of household head by sex and area

Area	Total Households	Number		Percent	
		Female	Male	Female	Male
Hardap	19 307	7 026	12 281	36.4	63.6
Urban	11 021	4 855	6 166	44.1	55.9
Rural	8 286	2 171	6 115	26.2	73.8
Gibeon	2 805	969	1 836	34.5	65.5
Mariental Rural	3 883	1 174	2 709	30.2	69.8
Mariental Urban	3 585	1 383	2 202	38.6	61.4
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	543	1631	25.0	75.0
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	1 986	2 161	47.9	52.1
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	971	1 742	35.8	64.2

6.2.2 Households Headed by Children and Orphans.

Households headed by children and orphans require the attention of Government and other stakeholders. Table 6.4 gives information on households which were headed by children and orphans aged 18 years old or younger. At the regional level 1.2 percent of all households in Hardap region were headed by children. The proportion of households headed by children in rural areas was 1.3 percent, slightly higher than the 1.2 percent in urban areas of the region.

Table 6.4 Percent distribution of Child and Orphan headed households by area

Area	Households	Child Headed Households	Orphan Headed Households
Hardap	19 307	1.2	0.6
Urban	11 021	1.2	0.6
Rural	8 286	1.3	0.6
Gibeon	2 805	1.3	0.6
Mariental Rural	3 883	1.2	0.5
Mariental Urban	3 585	1.2	0.5
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	1.2	0.6
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	1.3	0.7
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	1.0	0.5

6.3 Household Income

Households were asked to state their main source of income, which included: farming; business activities (non-farming),;wages and salaries; old age pension; cash remittances; retirement fund; grants for orphans and people living with disabilities.

Table 6.5 shows that wages and salaries (64.2%) was the highest main source of income in Hardap region, while the least was orphans grants (0.6%). Both urban and rural areas (67% and 61% of the households respectively) reported wages and salaries as the main source of income. A similar trend was also observed at constituency level.

Table 6.5 Percent distribution of households' main source of income by area

Area	Households	Main source of income								
		Farming	Business Activity - None Farming	Wages and Salaries	Old-Age Pension	Cash Remittances	Retirement Fund	Orphan's Grant	Disability Grant	Others
Hardap	19 307	6.9	4.2	64.2	13.4	6.7	1.1	0.6	1.3	1.7
Urban	11 021	2.3	5.3	67.0	12.9	7.4	1.4	0.5	1.3	1.8
Rural	8 286	12.9	2.7	60.5	14.1	5.6	0.7	0.7	1.2	1.4
Gibeon	2 805	17.5	3.7	44.3	20.4	9.8	1.2	0.7	2.0	0.3
Mariental Rural	3 883	11.0	2.8	60.9	12.0	8.0	0.6	0.6	1.4	2.6
Mariental Urban	3 585	3.1	7.0	75.1	7.2	3.7	1.5	0.5	0.9	1.0
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	7.3	2.4	60.3	19.9	6.2	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	1.4	4.8	68.7	10.8	8.2	0.9	0.6	1.4	3.2
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	2.9	3.3	71.5	15.1	3.5	1.7	0.4	1.0	0.6

6.4 Household assets

The ownership of assets is an important indicator of social welfare and living standards, and households that own certain assets have higher standards of living than those without. The Census collected data on a wide range of assets including cars, televisions, radios and mobile phones. These can be categorised into assets used for transportation and communication, and as domestic utilities, for example.

Table 6.6 presents information on communication assets. The results show that radio and mobile phones were the most commonly owned assets in Hardap region owned by 71.8 and 68.9 percent of the households respectively.

Only 3.5 percent of all households had internet connectivity from home.

Table 6.6 Percentage distribution of households owning selected communication assets by area

Area	Households	Radio	Television	Telephone (Fixed)	Telephone (Mobile)	Computer /Laptop	Home Internet Connectivity
Hardap	19 307	71.8	52.9	14.6	68.9	14.3	3.5
Urban	11 021	76.4	68.8	16.3	73.0	18.4	2.9
Rural	8 286	65.7	31.8	12.3	63.3	9.0	4.3
Gibeon	2 805	70.8	29.6	12.5	64.9	8.1	2.6
Mariental Rural	3 883	65.6	37.9	14.0	65.1	11.3	5.8
Mariental Urban	3 585	75.0	63.7	12.7	74.0	18.0	4.5
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	54.0	25.8	8.8	57.0	3.8	0.8
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	76.2	66.4	11.1	65.3	12.2	1.4
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	85.1	85.6	30.1	86.4	32.1	5.2

6.5 Language

Information on the main language spoken in the household was collected from all households. The results in Table 6.7 show that Nama/Damara languages were reported to have been spoken in most of the households (43.3%).

Table 6.7 Distribution of households by main language spoken

Area	Households	Percent
Hardap	19 307	100.0
San languages	37	0.2
Caprivi languages	56	0.3
Herero languages	143	0.7
Kavango languages	409	2.1
Nama/Damara languages	8 359	43.3
Oshiwambo languages	1 883	9.8
Setswana	71	0.4
Afrikaans	7 910	41.0
German	45	0.2
English	330	1.7
Other European languages	21	0.1
Other African languages	23	0.1
Asian languages	15	0.1

6.6 Agricultural Activity

Agriculture is defined in the population census as any activity directly related to the production or processing of crops, dairy products, poultry or livestock for commercial sale or as a principal means of personal subsistence. This is known as 'own-account' agriculture. Information was collected on the type of agricultural activities in which households engaged during the past 12 months prior to the Census. Where applicable, households could report more than one type of agricultural activity.

Table 6.8 provides information on households that were engaged in agricultural activities in Hardap region. At a regional level, livestock farming was most common; being reported by 19.4 percent of all households, while agro-processing was the least common agricultural activity, reported by only 0.2 percent of households. Livestock was the most common agricultural activity in urban/rural areas and all the constituencies in Hardap region, with the exception of Rehoboth East Urban.

Table 6.8 Percent distribution of households engaged in own account agricultural activity by area

Area	Households	Own account agricultural activity			
		Livestock	Crop	Poultry	Other
Hardap	19 307	19.4	3.2	2.5	1.0
Urban	11 021	13.5	2.0	1.8	0.8
Rural	8 286	27.3	4.9	3.5	1.2
Gibeon	2 805	37.3	7.2	2.1	1.7
Mariental Rural	3 883	20.9	2.0	2.6	0.6
Mariental Urban	3 585	14.9	2.5	1.6	0.7
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	26.7	4.0	5.2	1.6
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	9.1	2.8	1.5	0.8
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	14.8	2.1	3.6	0.8

CHAPTER 7: HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

This Chapter presents analysis of the characteristics of housing, which includes all structures used as dwelling units. Aspects considered are the type of housing, tenure, materials used for building, housing utilities, sources of energy and water supply sanitation.

7.1 Type of housing

59.3% of all households resides in detached house

Nine types of housing units were defined in the census: detached house; semi-detached/townhouse; apartment/ flat; guest flat; part commercial/industrial; mobile home (caravan, tent); single quarters; traditional dwelling; and improvised housing unit (shack).

Table 7.1 indicates that detached housing units were the most common, and made up 59.3 percent of all household types in the Hardap Region. The traditional dwelling unit was the least common housing type with only 0.6 percent of households falling into this category. It is worth noting that 29 percent of the households in urban areas lived in improvised housing units/shacks. Detached housing units dominated in rural areas (63.0%) compared to urban areas (56.4%). At constituency level, detached and improvised housing units were the most common among all the constituencies in Hardap region followed by shacks.

Table 7.1 Percent distribution of households by type of housing unit and area

Area	Households	Detached House	Semi-Detached House	Apartment /Flat	Single Quarters	Traditional Dwelling	Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	Other Housing unit
Hardap	19 307	59.3	9.2	3.7	0.9	0.6	24.7	1.7
Urban	11 021	56.4	8.2	4	0.7	0.3	29.1	1.4
Rural	8 286	63	10.6	3.4	1.2	1	18.9	2.2
Gibeon	2 805	68.6	11.1	2.6	1.2	1.2	13.4	2.1
Mariental Rural	3 883	53.4	12	3.2	1	0.5	28.7	1.5
Mariental Urban	3 585	48.6	8.6	7.9	1.8	0.8	30.4	1.9
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	70.4	9.2	2.1	0.8	0.6	15.5	1.9
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	48.6	7.5	2.4	0.3	0.2	39.8	1.2
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	79.5	6.9	3.2	0.4	0.2	7.7	2.0

7.2 Type of Tenure

Tenure refers to the conditions which govern the rights of individuals to occupy dwelling units. The most frequent forms are tenancy (in which rent is paid to a landlord) and owner occupancy which can be subdivided into owner-occupier or mortgaged. In the case of tenancy, the landlord can be a private individual, non-profit organization such as a housing association, or a government body which provides public housing.

Table 7.2 shows that most housing units (48.9%) in the region were owned and occupied by households without a mortgage. These were more common in urban areas (52.0%) than rural areas

(44.8%). Housing units occupied by owners with mortgages were mainly found in urban areas (20.8%), and less so in rural areas (6.2%). This was because most dwellings in rural areas were traditional houses that did not have title deeds and cannot be mortgaged

Table 7.2 Percent distribution of households by type of tenure status by area

Area	Households	Owner Occupied With Mortgage	Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	Rented (Local Authority)	Rented (Private Firm)	Rented work related	Rented (Individual)	Occupied Rent Free	Others
Hardap	19 307	14.6	48.9	2.6	1.8	2.3	5.8	23.9	0.2
Urban	11 021	20.8	52.0	2.9	1.7	4.0	8.8	9.6	0.2
Rural	8 286	6.2	44.8	2.2	1.9	0.0	1.8	43.0	0.1
Gibeon	2 805	7.3	58.0	4.6	1.2	1.2	1.5	26.0	0.1
Mariental Rural	3 883	7.7	42.5	3.0	0.9	1.1	2.1	42.6	0.1
Mariental Urban	3 585	12.9	47.6	2.0	4.7	4.5	9.5	18.7	0.1
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	6.0	55.2	0.5	0.8	0.0	1.6	35.9	0.1
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	16.8	56.4	3.5	1.1	2.4	6.3	13.3	0.1
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	37.5	33.8	1.0	1.5	3.6	13.3	8.8	0.6

7.3 Average number of persons per sleeping rooms

The Census collected information on the number of sleeping rooms per household, and the average number of people per sleeping room (or room occupancy). These figures serve as indicators of crowding.

Table 7.3 shows that the average number of persons per sleeping room was 1.8 persons, which suggests that most households were not overcrowded in Hardap Region. There were no major differences between urban and rural areas and across all the constituencies in this respect.

Table 7.3 Average number of persons per sleeping room by area

Area	Household Population	Number of sleeping rooms	Average persons per sleeping room
Hardap	77 246	43 785	1.8
Urban	46 954	26 630	1.8
Rural	30 292	17 155	1.8
Gibeon	11 461	5 940	1.9
Mariental Rural	15 039	7 859	1.9
Mariental Urban	14 750	8 268	1.8
Rehoboth Rural	7 195	4 546	1.6
Rehoboth East Urban	17 671	9 656	1.8
Rehoboth West Urban	11 130	7 516	1.5

7.4 Materials used for housing construction

This section presents information on the materials used to construct roofs, walls and floors of housing units, which are important indicators of the socio-economic conditions and welfare of households. Most of the materials used can be broadly divided between those that are harvested with labour from local resources (grass, sticks, mud and dung etc.) and those that are purchased with cash (for example: cement bricks, blocks, corrugated iron).

Table 7.4 shows that 61.2 percent of households in the Hardap Region reside in dwellings with walls made from cement/bricks in Hardap region. These were considered permanent/durable materials and an indicator of development. About 62.4 percent of urban households used cement/bricks for outer walls compared to 59.5 percent for rural households. At the constituency level, households with walls constructed from cement blocks/bricks/stones were predominant across all the constituencies in Hardap region followed by corrugated iron/zinc.

61.2% of households reside in dwellings with walls made from cement/bricks

Table 7.4 Percent distribution of households by main material used for outer walls and area

Area	Households	Cement Blocks/ Brick	Burnt Bricks/ Face Bricks	Mud/ Clay Bricks	Corrugated Iron/Zinc	Prefabricated Materials	Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	Sticks with Mud/Clay Cow Dung	Tin	Other
Hardap	19 307	61.2	0.3	0.1	35.1	1.2	0.3	0.1	1.3	0.4
Urban	11 021	62.4	0.3	0.1	35.0	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.2
Rural	8 286	59.5	0.3	0.2	35.3	1.7	0.4	0.1	2.0	0.6
Gibeon	2 805	55.3	0.2	0.2	41.5	1.2	0.2	-	0.6	0.7
Mariental Rural	3 883	61.6	0.7	0.1	32.8	1.9	0.4	-	1.8	0.7
Mariental Urban	3 585	58.1	0.5	0.1	38.0	1.6	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.2
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	53.5	0.2	0.3	39.2	1.4	0.4	0.1	4.5	0.4
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	53.1	0.0	0.1	45.4	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.1
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	89.1	0.3	0.1	9.1	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.0

"-" Not applicable

Table 7.5 shows that corrugated iron sheets were the main material used for roofing, covering more than 95 percent of all households in Hardap Region. Roofs made from corrugated iron/zinc were predominant in urban/rural areas and all the constituencies in Hardap region.

Table 7.5 Percent distribution of households by main material used for the roof and area

Area	Households	Corrugated Iron Sheet	Asbestos Sheet	Brick Tiles	Concrete	Thatch Grass	Slate	Wood Covered with melthoid	Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	Tin	Others
Hardap	19 307	95.7	1.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.6	0.3
Urban	11 021	96.8	1.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.8	0.2
Rural	8 286	94.3	1.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.6	0.5
Gibeon	2 805	93.4	4.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	-	1.1	0.5
Mariental Rural	3 883	93.9	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.0	2.9	0.6
Mariental Urban	3 585	97.4	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	93.9	0.6	-	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.5
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	98.0	1.6	-	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	96.4	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	-	0.3	0.1	1.3	0.0

Note: "-" Not applicable

With regards to material used for the floor, Table 7.6 shows that over 54 percent of the households in Hardap region had floors made from cement. It can be observed in both urban and rural areas that the most common material used for floors was cement (46% and 65% respectively). However, it can be noted that there was a significant number of households which had their floors made from sand/earth throughout the region. Urban households also made great use of tiles for flooring (26.5% urban households).

Table 7.6 Percent distribution of households by main material used for the floor and area

Area	Households	Sand/ Earth	Cement	Mud/ Clay	Wood	Concrete	Tiles (Ceramic/ Wood/Plastic	Others
Hardap	19 307	23.1	54.5	0.5	0.6	1.5	19.2	0.6
Urban	11 021	24.7	46.2	0.4	0.3	1.5	26.5	0.4
Rural	8 286	21.0	65.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	9.5	0.9
Gibeon	2 805	19.5	69.4	0.7	0.8	0.5	7.8	1.2
Mariental Rural	3 883	25.0	62.2	0.4	0.4	0.9	10.3	0.7
Mariental Urban	3 585	25.9	44.7	0.3	1.5	2.3	24.6	0.6
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	26.4	61.6	0.3	0.2	3.3	7.8	0.4
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	30.4	49.3	0.7	0.2	1.9	16.9	0.5
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	6.6	42.9	0.3	0.3	0.7	49.1	0.1

7.5 Sources of energy

Data collected from private households on energy for cooking, lighting and heating provide useful information on social conditions and development. This information is also valuable as a measure of Namibia's use of renewable (e.g. solar and wind power) and non-renewable (e.g. oil and coal) resources, and the environmental consequences of using different kinds of energy.

Table 7.7 indicates that about 49 percent of all the households in Hardap region relied on electricity from main grids as their main source of energy for cooking and about 45 percent relied on wood. Over 66 percent of urban households used electricity for cooking while 66 percent of households in rural areas used wood to cook. It can be noted that, about 28 percent of households in urban areas also used wood for cooking.

At constituency level, most of the urban areas depended on electricity from main grids for cooking, while all the rural constituencies relied on wood as their main source for cooking.

Table 7.7 Percent distribution of households by main source of energy for cooking by area

Area	Households	Electricity from Mains	Electricity from Generator	Gas	Paraffin/ Kerosene	Wood/Charcoal from Wood	Charcoal-coal	Others
Hardap	19 307	48.7	0.5	5.5	0.1	44.5	0.5	0.2
Urban	11 021	66.3	0.7	4.3	0.2	28.1	0.2	0.1
Rural	8 286	25.2	0.2	7.1	0.1	66.3	0.8	0.3
Gibeon	2 805	22.5	0.3	10.1	0.1	66.5	0.2	0.4
Mariental Rural	3 883	28.9	0.0	6.2	0.1	63.7	1.0	0.2
Mariental Urban	3 585	60.8	0.1	6.7	0.4	31.7	0.1	0.2
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	20.9	0.1	5.2	0.1	72.1	1.4	0.2
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	62.2	1.8	2.8	0.1	32.7	0.2	0.3
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	89.6	0.0	2.7	0.0	7.3	0.2	0.1

With respect to the sources of energy for lighting, the results indicated in Table 7.8 show that the most common source of energy for lighting in Hardap region was electricity from mains for 66.3 percent of the households. More than 81 percent of households in urban areas relied on electricity from mains, while a large proportion of the households in rural areas used candles (41%) for lighting. Solar energy was not widely used, but played a more important role in rural areas (3.8%) than in urban areas (0.1%). Electricity from mains for lighting dominated in Rehoboth West Urban (92.7%).

Second main source of energy for lighting was candles used by 26.4% of the households

Table 7.8 Percent distribution of households by main source of energy for lighting and area

Area	Households	Electricity from Mains	Electricity from Generator	Gas	Paraffin/ Kerosene	Wood/Charcoal from Wood + Charcoal-coal	Candles	Solar Energy	Others
Hardap	19 307	66.3	1.4	0.1	3.5	0.5	26.4	1.7	0.1
Urban	11 021	81.9	0.8	0.1	1.1	0.2	15.7	0.1	0.1
Rural	8 286	45.6	2.2	0.1	6.7	0.9	40.6	3.8	0.2
Gibeon	2 805	34.6	3.5	0.1	8.1	0.2	48.6	4.8	0.1
Mariental Rural	3 883	58.9	1	0.1	1.9	1	34.7	2.2	0.1
Mariental Urban	3 585	80.4	0.5	0	0.8	0.3	17.2	0.5	0.1
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	33.4	1.4	0.3	11.7	1	48.5	3.4	0.2
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	82.5	2	0.1	1.3	0.4	13.5	0.1	0.2
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	92.7	0.1	0.1	1.3	0.1	5.5	0.2	0

7.6 Water Supply and Sanitation

This section covers the main source of water for drinking and cooking, type of toilet facilities, and disposal of waste or garbage for households. Poor sanitation and inadequate access to safe water are public health concerns because they create conditions conducive to the spread of diseases.

The results indicated in Table 7.9 show that 93.4 percent of the households in Hardap region had access to safe water. The results further show that about 96 percent of households in urban areas had access to safe water, more than in rural areas (90.5%). With regards to unsafe water, about 4.5 percent of households in rural areas relied on unprotected wells, boreholes with open tanks, rivers/dams/streams and canals as their main source of water for cooking/drinking.

Most of the households in this region have access to safe water (93.4%)

Table 7.9 Percentage of distribution of households by main source of water for cooking/drinking and area

Area	Households	Piped Water Inside	Piped Water Outside	Public Pipe	Borehole with Tank Covered	Well Protected	**Safe water**	Borehole with Open Tank	Other unprotected source	Others
Hardap	19 307	39.0	18.7	16.9	18.4	0.3	**93.4**	2.0	2.2	4.6
Urban	11 021	55.1	18.5	20.1	1.4	0.5	**95.6**	0.6	3.2	4.0
Rural	8 286	17.6	18.9	12.7	41.1	0.1	**90.5**	3.7	0.8	5.4
Gibeon	2 805	25.1	25.7	10.2	31.5	0.1	**92.6**	1.4	1.1	2.6
Mariental Rural	3 883	15.2	15.2	28.1	37.6	0.0	**96.1**	2.4	0.7	3.1
Mariental Urban	3 585	40.6	21.4	30.6	3.8	0.3	**96.7**	0.8	0.4	2.9
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	16.2	17.8	9.3	40.2	0.4	**83.9**	7.6	0.6	8.4
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	50.1	23.8	13.7	3.2	0.9	**91.7**	0.2	7.7	8.1
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	86.8	5.9	0.6	2.7	0.3	**96.4**	1.7	0.7	2.4

With respect to the type of main toilet facilities, the results indicated in Table 7.10 shows that close to 35 percent of the households in Hardap region had no toilet facilities and only 54.5 percent had access to flush toilets. There were notable differences between urban and rural areas. In urban areas about 55 percent of households used flush toilets while the corresponding rural percentage was only about 20.7 percent. At a constituency level, Rehoboth Rural had the highest proportion of households with no toilet facilities - close to 50 percent.

Close to 35% of the households had no toilet facility

Table 7.10 Percentage of distribution of households by type of main toilet facility and area

Area	Households	Private Flush Connected to Sewer	Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	Private Flush Connected to Septic/ Cesspool	Shared Flush Connected to Septic/ Cesspool	Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	Bucket Toilet	No Toilet Facility	Others
Hardap	19 307	40.2	6.3	6.0	2.0	1.2	1.9	0.8	6.2	34.9	0.4
Urban	11 021	54.8	6.6	2.9	0.8	0.6	1.5	0.9	6.7	24.6	0.6
Rural	8 286	20.7	6.0	10.2	3.6	1.9	2.5	0.7	5.6	48.6	0.3
Gibeon	2 805	26.9	6.4	7.7	1.6	2.0	2.6	0.6	5.0	47.0	0.2
Mariental Rural	3 883	21.3	8.0	12.2	4.6	1.1	2.2	0.8	4.1	45.4	0.2
Mariental Urban	3 585	42.6	7.1	3.8	2.4	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.7	41.9	0.2
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	18.5	3.1	10.0	2.9	1.5	2.0	0.7	11.2	49.9	0.0
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	47.8	5.2	2.7	0.3	1.5	3.1	2.1	14.2	21.8	1.4
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	83.4	7.0	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.7	0.3	1.4	6.2	0.1

7.7 Garbage and waste disposal

Table 7.11 shows that the most common means of disposing of garbage in the Hardap region was through regular collection of garbage, with 52.1 percent of households making use of this service.

In urban areas, about 76 percent of households benefitted from regular waste collection while close to 50 percent of households in rural areas burnt their waste.

Similarly, at constituency level, regular waste collection was most common in urban constituencies while the rural constituencies depended on burning as a means of disposing of their waste /garbage.

Table 7.11 Percentage of distribution of households by means of waste/garbage disposal

Area	Households	Regularly Collected	Irregularly Collected	Burning	Roadside Dumping	Rubbish Pit	Others
Hardap	19 307	49.5	3.4	23.9	10.0	13.0	0.2
Urban	11 021	75.9	2.7	4.5	10.1	6.6	0.1
Rural	8 286	14.3	4.4	49.7	9.9	21.4	0.3
Gibeon	2 805	28.9	6.5	50.2	5.0	9.3	0.1
Mariental Rural	3 883	25.7	1.7	36.4	15.5	20.4	0.2
Mariental Urban	3 585	55.4	4.8	8.4	18.7	12.4	0.3
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	8.0	4.7	54.0	9.5	23.5	0.2
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	73.7	3.0	4.8	7.3	11.0	0.1
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	93.0	0.6	4.6	0.6	1.2	0.0

Annexure

Glossary of Census terms

The concepts and classifications used in the 2011 Population and Housing Census are defined below. These concepts and classifications are based on regional and International recommendation with adaptations to suit local conditions.

Geographic Concepts

Hardap region consisted of 6 constituencies, namely Gibeon, Mariental Rural, Mariental Urban, Rehoboth Rural, Rehoboth East Urban and Rehoboth West Urban.

Locality

For the purpose of the Census, a locality is defined as a distinct population cluster, irrespective of size, in which people live and which has a name or locally recognized status.

Enumeration area

For the purpose of enumeration (census date collection/counting), the whole country was divided into small geographical areas of manageable sizes known as enumeration areas (EAs).

Dwelling unit

A dwelling unit is a unit of accommodation of a household that may be vacant or shared by more than one household.

Marital status

Is defined as the person's personal status in relation to the marriage laws or customs of the country

Live birth

A child born alive is one who cries after being born. Thus, a live birth is a birth which results in a child that shows any sign of life irrespective of the time or period within which these signs are manifested.

Early childhood development

This refers to children aged 0 - 4 years who were attending day-care, crèche, kindergarten and pre-primary school. The categories were as follows: Edu-care (day-care, crèche, kindergarten) and pre-primary school.

Literacy

This refers to the ability to read and write with understanding in any language. Those that could both read and write with understanding were classified as literate; and those who could only read but not write were classified as illiterate.

School attendance

This refers to full time attendance at any regular educational institution, public or private, for systematic instruction at any level of education.

Educational attainment

The highest standard, grade or years completed at the highest level of school, college or university attended.

Disability
This refers to a condition of loss of physical or mental function resulting in inability to perform daily activities. Disability is aggravated by physical, personal, and environmental barriers.

Occupation
This refers to the type of work, trade or profession performed by an individual during the Census reference period, irrespective of status in employment of the individual.

Industry
This refers to the main goods and/or services produced at the person's work place (if employed) or usual place of work (if on vacation, sick leave).

Employment status
This refers to the status of those employed during the reference period or those who were on sick/vacation leave and had a job to return to, in terms of either working/worked as employees, employers, own account workers, or unpaid family workers.

Household
A household consists of a person or a group of persons related or unrelated who lived together in the same homestead/compound but not necessarily in the same dwelling unit.

Head of household
The head of household is the person (of either sex) who is looked upon by the other members of the household as their leader or main decision-maker.

Children and orphan headed household
This refers to households headed by children/orphans aged 18 years and below. Orphans are children 18 years and below who during the time of the Census were orphaned by one or both parents.

Household assets
Ownership of assets is a good measure of the social well-fare and standard of living of households. Hence, households were also asked whether they owned certain assets, and the assets had to be in working condition. Assets included: car, motorbike, bicycle, radio, television, telephone (landline), telephone (mobile), computer/laptop, refrigerator/freezer, stove, microwave, etc.

Agricultural activities
This refers to activities such as the farming of crop, poultry, or livestock, agro processing and horticulture.

Housing unit
This refers to separate and independent living premises occupied by the household.

Tenure

This is the arrangement under which the household occupies all/or part of a housing unit. This looks at whether the housing unit was owner-occupied, rented or rent-free.

Number of sleeping rooms

These are all rooms used for sleeping purposes only, thus it excludes rooms such as study rooms, toilets, kitchens, passages etc. However if a room such as a garage was used for sleeping purposes it was considered a sleeping room.

Material used for outer-walls, floor and roof

This refers to the main material used for the construction of the household's housing unit. Materials may include cement blocks/bricks/stones, burnt/face bricks for outer-walls, or corrugated iron-sheets, brick tiles, concrete for roof, or sand/earth, cement, mud/clay for floor, etc.

Source of water for cooking and drinking

A measure of the well-being of Namibians is the proportion of households that have access to clean/potable water. This question referred to the main sources of water used by the households for cooking and drinking.

Source of energy for cooking, lighting and heating

This refers to the type of energy most often used for cooking, lighting and heating. The sources include electricity, gas, solar, wood, candle, charcoal, paraffin, etc.

Type of toilet facility

This information provides a measure of sanitation level of the household since these facilities are important for disease control and health improvement. This looked at whether the household used a private toilet connected to the main sewer, public toilet connected to the sewer, private toilet connected to septic tank, public toilet connected to septic, etc.

Garbage and refuse disposal

This information can be used in obtaining the hygiene level of the household since these facilities are important for disease control and health improvements.

The Enumeration Area Map for Hardap

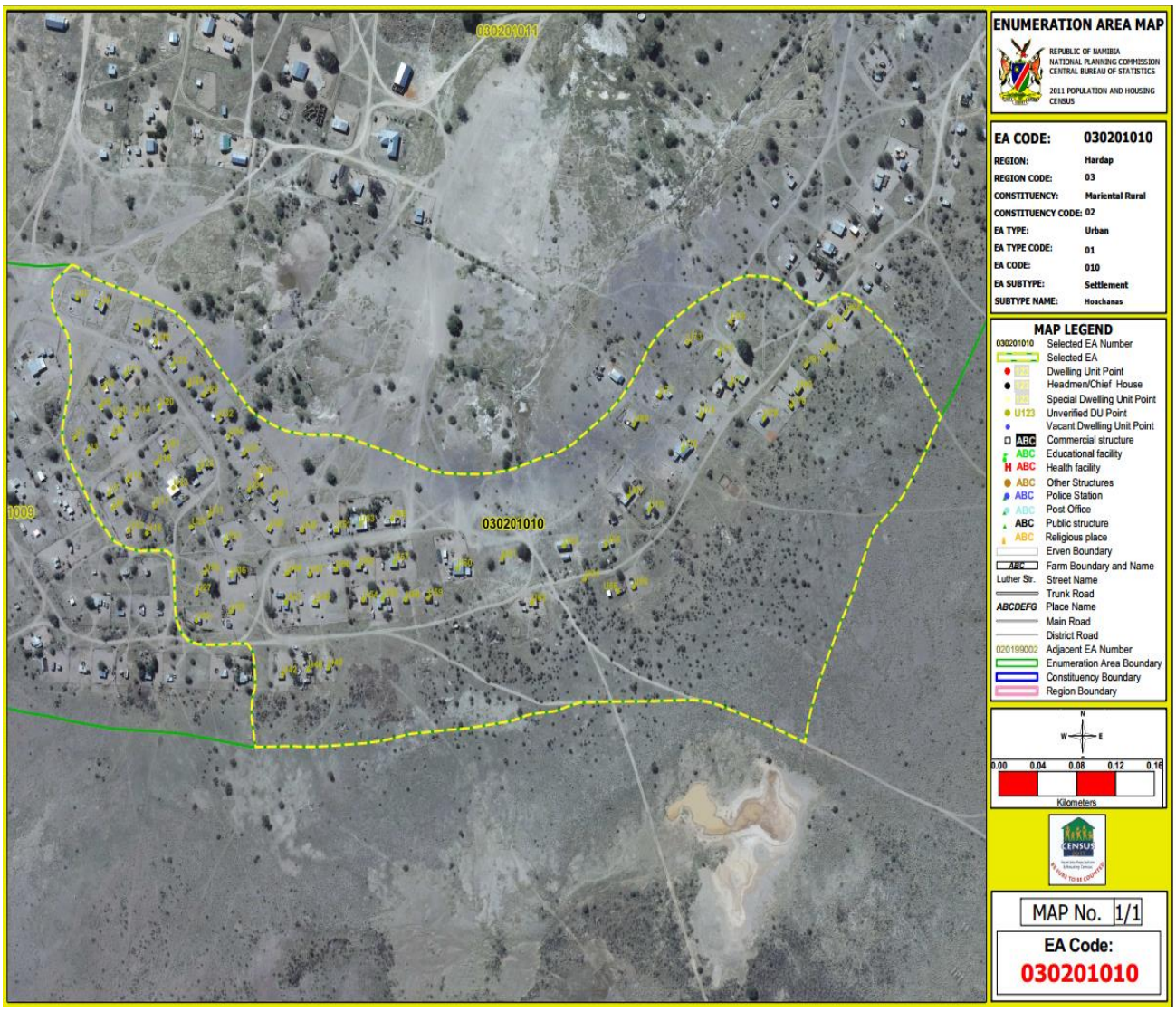


Table 2.1 Total population by sex and single years

Age	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
0	2 022	978	1 044
1	1 904	937	967
2	1 832	940	892
3	1 843	952	891
4	1 891	902	989
5	1 854	931	923
6	1 782	925	857
7	1 507	735	772
8	1 682	848	834
9	1 530	741	789
10	1 672	807	865
11	1 945	948	997
12	1 558	762	796
13	1 693	869	824
14	1 562	777	785
15	1 539	782	757
16	1 527	795	732
17	1 346	648	698
18	1 589	777	812
19	1 545	761	784
20	1 638	764	874
21	1 619	768	851
22	1 395	628	767
23	1 511	739	772
24	1 371	622	749
25	1 447	675	772
26	1 387	637	750
27	1 323	631	692
28	1 316	593	723
29	1 282	593	689
30	1 257	576	681
31	1 206	551	655
32	1 216	561	655
33	1 061	503	558
34	1 038	446	592
35	1 050	468	582
36	1 025	465	560
37	883	426	457
38	1 048	499	549
39	1 010	479	531
40	1 016	504	512
41	892	414	478
42	967	475	492
43	924	472	452
44	795	396	399
45	929	437	492
46	708	354	354
47	678	323	355
48	801	349	452
49	807	397	410
50	756	392	364
51	653	339	314
52	644	331	313
53	630	321	309
54	613	315	298
55	529	269	260
56	533	274	259
57	449	197	252
58	535	266	269
59	560	276	284
60	501	259	242
61	402	218	184
62	448	224	224
63	402	205	197
64	389	205	184
65	376	213	163
66	274	142	132
67	279	142	137
68	267	161	106
69	272	146	126
70	235	125	110
71	210	106	104
72	216	125	91
73	215	120	95
74	205	113	92
75	179	107	72
76	187	109	78
77	140	77	63
78	118	60	58
79	99	62	37
80	104	70	34
81	90	51	39
82	93	58	35
83	68	43	25
84	47	27	20
85	57	34	23
86	44	26	18
87	44	34	10
88	30	18	12
89	29	21	8
90	29	15	14
91	21	14	7
92	14	5	9
93	17	12	5
94	18	12	6
95+	63	36	27
Total	79 507	38 935	40 572

Table 2.2 Population distribution by age group and sex, Hardap

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	79 507	38 935	40 572
0 - 4	9 492	4 709	4 783
5 - 9	8 355	4 180	4 175
10 - 14	8 430	4 163	4 267
15 - 19	7 546	3 763	3 783
20 - 24	7 534	3 521	4 013
25 - 29	6 755	3 129	3 626
30 - 34	5 778	2 637	3 141
35 - 39	5 016	2 337	2 679
40 - 44	4 594	2 261	2 333
45 - 49	3 923	1 860	2 063
50 - 54	3 296	1 698	1 598
55 - 59	2 606	1 282	1 324
60 - 64	2 142	1 111	1 031
65 - 69	1 468	804	664
70 - 74	1 081	589	492
75 - 79	723	415	308
80 - 84	402	249	153
85 - 89	204	133	71
90 - 94	99	58	41
95+	63	36	27

Table 2.3 Population distribution by age group and sex, Urban

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	47 814	24 531	23 283
0 - 4	5 672	2 772	2 900
5 - 9	4 903	2 481	2 422
10 - 14	5 099	2 535	2 564
15 - 19	4 858	2 499	2 359
20 - 24	4 651	2 304	2 347
25 - 29	4 033	2 003	2 030
30 - 34	3 492	1 744	1 748
35 - 39	3 124	1 576	1 548
40 - 44	2 829	1 540	1 289
45 - 49	2 432	1 236	1 196
50 - 54	1 939	1 070	869
55 - 59	1 444	781	663
60 - 64	1 139	644	495
65 - 69	815	484	331
70 - 74	582	351	231
75 - 79	386	230	156
80 - 84	219	154	65
85 - 89	121	82	39
90 - 94	51	28	23
95+	25	17	8

Table 2.4 Population distribution by age group and sex, Rural

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	31 693	14 404	17 289
0 - 4	3 820	1 937	1 883
5 - 9	3 452	1 699	1 753
10 - 14	3 331	1 628	1 703
15 - 19	2 688	1 264	1 424
20 - 24	2 883	1 217	1 666
25 - 29	2 722	1 126	1 596
30 - 34	2 286	893	1 393
35 - 39	1 892	761	1 131
40 - 44	1 765	721	1 044
45 - 49	1 491	624	867
50 - 54	1 357	628	729
55 - 59	1 162	501	661
60 - 64	1 003	467	536
65 - 69	653	320	333
70 - 74	499	238	261
75 - 79	337	185	152
80 - 84	183	95	88
85 - 89	83	51	32
90 - 94	48	30	18
95+	38	19	19

Table 2.5 Population distribution by age group and sex, Gibeon

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	12 122	5 833	6 289
0 - 4	1 487	732	755
5 - 9	1 396	699	697
10 - 14	1 337	673	664
15 - 19	1 014	497	517
20 - 24	1 011	485	526
25 - 29	1 003	457	546
30 - 34	866	384	482
35 - 39	635	282	353
40 - 44	636	279	357
45 - 49	580	264	316
50 - 54	497	250	247
55 - 59	472	208	264
60 - 64	415	194	221
65 - 69	266	144	122
70 - 74	215	111	104
75 - 79	138	81	57
80 - 84	84	52	32
85 - 89	37	22	15
90 - 94	13	10	3
95+	20	9	11

Table 2.6 Population distribution by age group and sex, Mariental Rural

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 308	7 439	7 869
0 - 4	1 967	991	976
5 - 9	1 711	848	863
10 - 14	1 766	867	899
15 - 19	1 450	716	734
20 - 24	1 444	662	782
25 - 29	1 287	608	679
30 - 34	1 037	472	565
35 - 39	889	415	474
40 - 44	831	382	449
45 - 49	678	331	347
50 - 54	621	302	319
55 - 59	465	217	248
60 - 64	406	220	186
65 - 69	280	138	142
70 - 74	198	105	93
75 - 79	148	86	62
80 - 84	65	40	25
85 - 89	29	17	12
90 - 94	25	15	10
95+	11	7	4

Table 2.7 Population distribution by age group and sex, Mariental Urban

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 557	7 506	8 051
0 - 4	1 824	934	890
5 - 9	1 590	810	780
10 - 14	1 626	847	779
15 - 19	1 485	757	728
20 - 24	1 600	732	868
25 - 29	1 557	677	880
30 - 34	1 332	599	733
35 - 39	1 049	446	603
40 - 44	922	417	505
45 - 49	784	342	442
50 - 54	569	276	293
55 - 59	388	181	207
60 - 64	299	154	145
65 - 69	189	115	74
70 - 74	140	91	49
75 - 79	85	45	40
80 - 84	63	47	16
85 - 89	30	23	7
90 - 94	18	8	10
95+	7	5	2

Table 2.8 Population distribution by age group and sex, Rehoboth Rural

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 288	3 221	4 067
0 - 4	862	430	432
5 - 9	807	369	438
10 - 14	722	365	357
15 - 19	595	258	337
20 - 24	639	244	395
25 - 29	516	204	312
30 - 34	450	161	289
35 - 39	427	182	245
40 - 44	381	153	228
45 - 49	347	137	210
50 - 54	364	171	193
55 - 59	320	144	176
60 - 64	287	124	163
65 - 69	198	96	102
70 - 74	153	68	85
75 - 79	109	59	50
80 - 84	54	21	33
85 - 89	27	19	8
90 - 94	17	9	8
95+	13	7	6

Table 2.9 Population distribution by age group and sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Age group	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	18 035	9 191	8 844
0 - 4	2 152	1 015	1 137
5 - 9	1,852	949	903
10 - 14	1,872	881	991
15 - 19	1,892	986	906
20 - 24	1,870	910	960
25 - 29	1,541	776	765
30 - 34	1,307	633	674
35 - 39	1,166	576	590
40 - 44	1,083	611	472
45 - 49	874	446	428
50 - 54	692	391	301
55 - 59	553	319	234
60 - 64	411	234	177
65 - 69	293	173	120
70 - 74	186	107	79
75 - 79	137	83	54
80 - 84	75	48	27
85 - 89	49	33	16
90 - 94	21	13	8
95+	9	7	2

Table 2.10 Population distribution by age group and sex, Rehoboth West Urban

	Population		
Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 197	5 745	5 452
0 - 4	1 200	607	593
5 - 9	999	505	494
10 - 14	1 107	530	577
15 - 19	1 110	549	561
20 - 24	970	488	482
25 - 29	851	407	444
30 - 34	786	388	398
35 - 39	850	436	414
40 - 44	741	419	322
45 - 49	660	340	320
50 - 54	553	308	245
55 - 59	408	213	195
60 - 64	324	185	139
65 - 69	242	138	104
70 - 74	189	107	82
75 - 79	106	61	45
80 - 84	61	41	20
85 - 89	32	19	13
90 - 94	5	3	2
95+	3	1	2

Table 3.1 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Hardap

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	52 024	25 423	26 601
Never Married	28 247	12 681	15 566
Married with Certificate	14 839	7 586	7 253
Married Traditionally	426	158	268
Consensual Union	5 320	2 684	2 636
Divorced	666	425	241
Widowed	2 319	1 775	544
Separated	196	113	83
Don't Know	11	1	10

Table 3.2 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Urban

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	31 442	16 494	14 948
Never Married	17 209	8 565	8 644
Married with Certificate	9 198	4 829	4 369
Married Traditionally	215	94	121
Consensual Union	2 665	1 367	1 298
Divorced	512	353	159
Widowed	1 519	1 213	306
Separated	116	72	44
Don't Know	8	1	7

Table 3.3 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Rural

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	20 582	8 929	11 653
Never Married	11 038	4 116	6 922
Married with Certificate	5 641	2 757	2 884
Married Traditionally	211	64	147
Consensual Union	2 655	1 317	1 338
Divorced	154	72	82
Widowed	800	562	238
Separated	80	41	39
Don't Know	3	0	3

Table 3.4 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Gibeon

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 632	3 603	4 029
Never Married	4 585	2 002	2 583
Married with Certificate	1 760	874	886
Married Traditionally	34	9	25
Consensual Union	800	400	400
Divorced	38	18	20
Widowed	374	281	93
Separated	40	19	21
Don't Know	1	0	1

Table 3.5 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Mariental Rural

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	9 609	4 637	4 972
Never Married	5 010	2 239	2 771
Married with Certificate	2 863	1 450	1 413
Married Traditionally	72	27	45
Consensual Union	1 210	612	598
Divorced	72	36	36
Widowed	344	247	97
Separated	38	26	12
Don't Know	0	0	0

Table 3.6 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Mariental Urban

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 202	4 785	5 417
Never Married	6 036	2 623	3 413
Married with Certificate	2 229	1 107	1 122
Married Traditionally	212	82	130
Consensual Union	1 257	630	627
Divorced	117	79	38
Widowed	319	248	71
Separated	30	15	15
Don't Know	2	1	1

Table 3.7 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Rehoboth Rural

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 876	2 056	2 820
Never Married	2 467	814	1 653
Married with Certificate	1 466	734	732
Married Traditionally	32	12	20
Consensual Union	616	307	309
Divorced	44	23	21
Widowed	234	158	76
Separated	16	8	8
Don't Know	1	0	1

Table 3.8 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 867	6 260	5 607
Never Married	6 644	3 344	3 300
Married with Certificate	3 152	1 673	1 479
Married Traditionally	35	14	21
Consensual Union	1 280	655	625
Divorced	177	111	66
Widowed	532	433	99
Separated	44	30	14
Don't Know	3	0	3

Table 3.9 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Rehoboth West Urban

Marital status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 838	4 082	3 756
Never Married	3 505	1 659	1 846
Married with Certificate	3 369	1 748	1 621
Married Traditionally	41	14	27
Consensual Union	157	80	77
Divorced	218	158	60
Widowed	516	408	108
Separated	28	15	13
Don't Know	4	0	4

Table 4.1 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Hardap

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	25 580	57 827	28 686	29 141	51 688	25 873	25 815	6 139	2 813	3 326
12 - 14	2396	62	28	34	58	25	33	4	3	1
15 - 19	3 726	773	366	407	710	339	371	63	27	36
20 - 24	3 476	3 416	1 684	1 732	3 157	1 564	1 593	259	120	139
25 - 29	3 081	5 741	2 864	2 877	5 361	2 693	2 668	380	171	209
30 - 34	2 587	6 924	3 432	3 492	6 468	3 221	3 247	456	211	245
35 - 39	2 296	7 421	3 699	3 722	6 933	3 497	3 436	488	202	286
40 - 44	2 227	8 235	4 036	4 199	7 482	3 696	3 786	753	340	413
45 - 49	1 809	7 186	3 534	3 652	6 448	3 197	3 251	738	337	401
50 - 54	1 661	7 027	3 544	3 483	6 108	3 104	3 004	919	440	479
55 - 59	1 242	5 810	2 890	2 920	4 792	2 392	2 400	1 018	498	520
60 - 64	1 079	5 232	2 609	2 623	4 171	2 145	2 026	1 061	464	597

Table 4.2 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Urban

Fertility age	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	16 623	35 903	17 751	18 152	32 503	16 198	16 305	3 400	1 553	1 847
12 - 14	1 454	36	20	16	33	17	16	3	3	0
15 - 19	2 466	452	219	233	410	199	211	42	20	22
20 - 24	2 269	2 035	0 940	1 095	1 879	0 876	1 003	156	64	92
25 - 29	1 971	3 438	1 721	1 717	3 251	1 641	1 610	187	80	107
30 - 34	1 711	4 325	2 129	2 196	4 057	2 018	2 039	268	111	157
35 - 39	1 551	4 753	2 338	2 415	4 457	2 212	2 245	296	126	170
40 - 44	1 521	5 255	2 609	2 646	4 856	2 434	2 422	399	175	224
45 - 49	1 212	4 641	2 273	2 368	4 207	2 078	2 129	434	195	239
50 - 54	1 055	4 344	2 190	2 154	3 838	1 940	1 898	506	250	256
55 - 59	776	3 528	1 754	1 774	2 993	1 492	1 501	535	262	273
60 - 64	637	3 096	1 558	1 538	2 522	1 291	1 231	574	267	307

Table 4.3 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Rural

Age of mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 957	21 924	10 935	10 989	19 185	9 675	9 510	2 739	1 260	1 479
12 - 14	942	26	8	18	25	8	17	1	0	1
15 - 19	1 260	321	147	174	300	140	160	21	7	14
20 - 24	1 207	1 381	744	637	1,278	688	590	103	56	47
25 - 29	1 110	2 303	1 143	1 160	2 110	1 052	1 058	193	91	102
30 - 34	876	2 599	1 303	1 296	2 411	1 203	1 208	188	100	88
35 - 39	745	2 668	1 361	1 307	2 476	1 285	1 191	192	76	116
40 - 44	706	2 980	1 427	1 553	2 626	1 262	1 364	354	165	189
45 - 49	597	2 545	1 261	1 284	2 241	1 119	1 122	304	142	162
50 - 54	606	2 683	1 354	1 329	2 270	1 164	1 106	413	190	223
55 - 59	466	2 282	1 136	1 146	1 799	900	899	483	236	247
60 - 64	442	2 136	1 051	1 085	1 649	854	795	487	197	290

Table 4.4 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Gibeon

Age of mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 575	8 502	4 207	4 295	7 434	3 719	3 715	1 068	488	580
12 - 14	388	8	2	6	8	2	6	0	0	0
15 - 19	495	93	42	51	87	39	48	6	3	3
20 - 24	478	479	255	224	434	230	204	45	25	20
25 - 29	443	878	399	479	802	372	430	76	27	49
30 - 34	373	1 083	556	527	1 024	525	499	59	31	28
35 - 39	273	950	486	464	900	466	434	50	20	30
40 - 44	268	1 020	484	536	915	438	477	105	46	59
45 - 49	247	1 077	536	541	936	473	463	141	63	78
50 - 54	243	1 051	528	523	911	448	463	140	80	60
55 - 59	186	960	490	470	747	388	359	213	102	111
60 - 64	181	903	429	474	670	338	332	233	91	142

Table 4.5 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Mariental Rural

Age of mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 737	11 675	5 718	5 957	10 272	5 081	5 191	1 403	637	766
12 - 14	497	11	6	5	10	6	4	1	0	1
15 - 19	714	191	86	105	180	84	96	11	2	9
20 - 24	657	816	409	407	738	375	363	78	34	44
25 - 29	604	1 276	647	629	1 172	590	582	104	57	47
30 - 34	464	1 431	667	764	1 335	618	717	96	49	47
35 - 39	406	1 500	759	741	1 382	712	670	118	47	71
40 - 44	376	1 639	767	872	1 462	686	776	177	81	96
45 - 49	322	1 422	701	721	1 249	622	627	173	79	94
50 - 54	286	1 306	664	642	1 104	574	530	202	90	112
55 - 59	203	1 009	491	518	814	392	422	195	99	96
60 - 64	208	1 074	521	553	826	422	404	248	99	149

Table 4.6 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Mariental Urban

Age of mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 956	10 783	5 400	5 383	9 631	4 869	4 762	1 152	531	621
12 - 14	493	25	15	10	22	12	10	3	3	0
15 - 19	736	173	82	91	146	72	74	27	10	17
20 - 24	718	647	316	331	602	299	303	45	17	28
25 - 29	661	1 253	660	593	1 187	628	559	66	32	34
30 - 34	581	1 570	819	751	1 440	754	686	130	65	65
35 - 39	430	1 374	696	678	1 288	659	629	86	37	49
40 - 44	409	1 611	791	820	1 445	719	726	166	72	94
45 - 49	333	1 370	654	716	1 243	602	641	127	52	75
50 - 54	270	1 196	593	603	1 007	500	507	189	93	96
55 - 59	178	832	402	430	681	332	349	151	70	81
60 - 64	147	732	372	360	570	292	278	162	80	82

Table 4.7 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Rehoboth Rural

Age of mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	1 979	5 148	2 629	2 519	4 464	2 311	2 153	684	318	366
12 - 14	202	8	1	7	8	1	7	0	0	0
15 - 19	258	68	32	36	65	31	34	3	1	2
20 - 24	244	312	173	139	293	162	131	19	11	8
25 - 29	204	397	193	204	358	178	180	39	15	24
30 - 34	161	456	236	220	414	216	198	42	20	22
35 - 39	182	671	348	323	619	325	294	52	23	29
40 - 44	153	637	305	332	561	272	289	76	33	43
45 - 49	136	570	298	272	504	262	242	66	36	30
50 - 54	171	790	417	373	661	359	302	129	58	71
55 - 59	144	643	321	322	507	255	252	136	66	70
60 - 64	124	596	305	291	474	250	224	122	55	67

Table 4.8 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Rehoboth East Urban

Age of mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	6 319	13 721	6 740	6 981	12 368	6 122	6 246	1 353	618	735
12 - 14	514	9	3	6	9	3	6	0	0	0
15 - 19	974	175	87	88	165	80	85	10	7	3
20 - 24	895	819	360	459	767	335	432	52	25	27
25 - 29	764	1 360	679	681	1 276	646	630	84	33	51
30 - 34	624	1 582	764	818	1 474	725	749	108	39	69
35 - 39	571	1 817	885	932	1 680	825	855	137	60	77
40 - 44	605	2 071	1 051	1 020	1 909	974	935	162	77	85
45 - 49	436	1 669	796	873	1 508	724	784	161	72	89
50 - 54	383	1 625	825	800	1 426	729	697	199	96	103
55 - 59	319	1 512	754	758	1 278	639	639	234	115	119
60 - 64	234	1 082	536	546	876	442	434	206	94	112

Table 4.9 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Rehoboth West Urban

Age of mother	Number of Women	Children ever born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 014	7 998	3 992	4 006	7 519	3 771	3 748	479	221	258
12 - 14	302	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
15 - 19	549	73	37	36	67	33	34	6	4	2
20 - 24	484	343	171	172	323	163	160	20	8	12
25 - 29	405	577	286	291	566	279	287	11	7	4
30 - 34	384	802	390	412	781	383	398	21	7	14
35 - 39	434	1 109	525	584	1 064	510	554	45	15	30
40 - 44	416	1 257	638	619	1 190	607	583	67	31	36
45 - 49	335	1 078	549	529	1 008	514	494	70	35	35
50 - 54	308	1 059	517	542	999	494	505	60	23	37
55 - 59	212	854	432	422	765	386	379	89	46	43
60 - 64	185	845	446	399	755	401	354	90	45	45

Table 4.10 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Hardap

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 598	2 103	1 025	1 078	2 047	997	1 050	56	28	28
12 - 14	2 396	21	9	12	19	7	12	2	2	0
15 - 19	3 726	286	137	149	279	135	144	7	2	5
20 - 24	3 476	644	320	324	630	314	316	14	6	8
25 - 29	3 081	511	251	260	497	243	254	14	8	6
30 - 34	2 587	355	168	187	348	164	184	7	4	3
35 - 39	2 296	199	100	99	191	95	96	8	5	3
40 - 44	2 227	64	32	32	62	32	30	2	0	2
45 - 49	1 809	23	8	15	21	7	14	2	1	1

Table 4.11 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Urban

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	14 155	1 330	637	693	1 292	616	676	38	21	17
12 - 14	1 454	15	9	6	13	7	6	2	2	0
15 - 19	2 466	173	80	93	168	79	89	5	1	4
20 - 24	2 269	424	201	223	414	195	219	10	6	4
25 - 29	1 971	309	154	155	300	149	151	9	5	4
30 - 34	1 711	231	104	127	226	101	125	5	3	2
35 - 39	1 551	131	66	65	126	63	63	5	3	2
40 - 44	1 521	36	19	17	35	19	16	1	0	1
45 - 49	1 212	11	4	7	10	3	7	1	1	0

Table 4.12 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Rural

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 443	773	388	385	755	381	374	18	7	11
12 - 14	942	6	0	6	6	0	6	0	0	0
15 - 19	1 260	113	57	56	111	56	55	2	1	1
20 - 24	1 207	220	119	101	216	119	97	4	0	4
25 - 29	1 110	202	97	105	197	94	103	5	3	2
30 - 34	876	124	64	60	122	63	59	2	1	1
35 - 39	745	68	34	34	65	32	33	3	2	1
40 - 44	706	28	13	15	27	13	14	1	0	1
45 - 49	597	12	4	8	11	4	7	1	0	1

Table 4.13 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Gibeon

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 965	286	129	157	278	127	151	8	2	6
12 - 14	388	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	0	0
15 - 19	495	30	12	18	30	12	18	0	0	0
20 - 24	478	91	42	49	88	42	46	3	0	3
25 - 29	443	75	32	43	74	31	43	1	1	0
30 - 34	373	55	25	30	53	24	29	2	1	1
35 - 39	273	21	11	10	20	11	9	1	0	1
40 - 44	268	8	5	3	8	5	3	0	0	0
45 - 49	247	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	0	1

Table 4.14 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Mariental Rural

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 040	412	208	204	403	202	201	9	6	3
12 - 14	497	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
15 - 19	714	59	30	29	58	29	29	1	1	0
20 - 24	657	122	63	59	120	63	57	2	0	2
25 - 29	604	98	52	46	95	49	46	3	3	0
30 - 34	464	65	32	33	65	32	33	0	0	0
35 - 39	406	45	24	21	43	22	21	2	2	0
40 - 44	376	14	4	10	13	4	9	1	0	1
45 - 49	322	8	3	5	8	3	5	0	0	0

Table 4.15 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Mariental Urban

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 361	433	221	212	419	214	205	14	7	7
12 - 14	493	8	5	3	6	3	3	2	2	0
15 - 19	736	60	31	29	55	30	25	5	1	4
20 - 24	718	123	69	54	119	66	53	4	3	1
25 - 29	661	111	54	57	110	54	56	1	0	1
30 - 34	581	73	33	40	72	33	39	1	0	1
35 - 39	430	40	19	21	40	19	21	0	0	0
40 - 44	409	13	8	5	13	8	5	0	0	0
45 - 49	333	5	2	3	4	1	3	1	1	0

Table 4.16 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Rehoboth Rural

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	1 540	168	90	78	165	90	75	3	0	3
12 - 14	202	3	0	3	3	0	3	0	0	0
15 - 19	258	27	13	14	27	13	14	0	0	0
20 - 24	244	47	30	17	47	30	17	0	0	0
25 - 29	204	40	22	18	38	22	16	2	0	2
30 - 34	161	22	13	9	22	13	9	0	0	0
35 - 39	182	18	8	10	18	8	10	0	0	0
40 - 44	153	8	3	5	7	3	4	1	0	1
45 - 49	136	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	0	0

Table 4.17 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Rehoboth East Urban

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 383	556	237	319	538	228	310	18	9	9
12 - 14	514	5	2	3	5	2	3	0	0	0
15 - 19	974	80	36	44	79	36	43	1	0	1
20 - 24	895	181	71	110	177	69	108	4	2	2
25 - 29	764	133	59	74	128	57	71	5	2	3
30 - 34	624	93	38	55	89	35	54	4	3	1
35 - 39	571	48	24	24	44	22	22	4	2	2
40 - 44	605	12	6	6	12	6	6	0	0	0
45 - 49	436	4	1	3	4	1	3	0	0	0

Table 4.18 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Rehoboth West Urban

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 309	248	140	108	244	136	108	4	4	0
12 - 14	302	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
15 - 19	549	30	15	15	30	15	15	0	0	0
20 - 24	484	80	45	35	79	44	35	1	1	0
25 - 29	405	54	32	22	52	30	22	2	2	0
30 - 34	384	47	27	20	47	27	20	0	0	0
35 - 39	434	27	14	13	26	13	13	1	1	0
40 - 44	416	9	6	3	9	6	3	0	0	0
45 - 49	335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 4.19 Deaths in the last 12 months by age group and sex, Hardap

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	1 033	439	594
<1	92	35	57
1-4	55	28	27
5-9	18	7	11
10-14	11	3	8
15 - 19	23	8	15
20 - 24	34	15	19
25 - 29	42	12	30
30 - 34	63	24	39
35 - 39	77	30	47
40 - 44	47	22	25
45 - 49	72	34	38
50 - 54	69	29	40
55 - 59	54	18	36
60 - 64	74	34	40
65 +	265	126	139
Don't know	37	14	23

Table 4.20 Deaths in the last 12 months by age group and sex, Urban

age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	643	271	372
<1	50	19	31
1-4	30	15	15
5-9	10	2	8
10-14	5	2	3
15 - 19	16	5	11
20 - 24	15	7	8
25 - 29	30	8	22
30 - 34	38	15	23
35 - 39	48	20	28
40 - 44	35	15	20
45 - 49	50	22	28
50 - 54	48	22	26
55 - 59	37	11	26
60 - 64	51	22	29
65 +	160	80	80
Don't know	20	6	14

Table 4.21 Deaths in the last 12 months by age group and sex, Rural

age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	390	168	222
<1	42	16	26
1-4	25	13	12
5-9	8	5	3
10-14	6	1	5
15 - 19	7	3	4
20 - 24	19	8	11
25 - 29	12	4	8
30 - 34	25	9	16
35 - 39	29	10	19
40 - 44	12	7	5
45 - 49	22	12	10
50 - 54	21	7	14
55 - 59	17	7	10
60 - 64	23	12	11
65 +	105	46	59
Don't know	17	8	9

Table 5.1 Population aged 3 years and above who have access to ICT services by type and area

Area	Population	ICT services						
		Radio	TV	Computer	Cell Phone	Telephone (Fixed)	Newspaper (Weekly and Daily)	Internet weekly and daily)
Hardap	72 465	52 000	43 276	8 588	40 400	7 684	21 534	4 849
Urban	43 533	33 137	32 613	6 588	25 574	5 256	16 882	3 423
Rural	28 932	18 863	10 663	2 000	14 826	2 428	4 652	1 426
Gibeon	11 007	7 437	3 818	0 634	5 034	0 982	1 579	402
Mariental Rural	13 869	9 362	6 031	1 183	7 374	1 232	2 326	784
Mariental Urban	14 058	10 367	9 919	1 897	7 497	1 268	4 692	1 320
Rehoboth Rural	6 759	3 540	2 234	261	3 545	417	1 074	187
Rehoboth East Urban	16 355	12 471	12 048	1 678	9 258	1 385	6 107	819
Rehoboth West Urban	10 417	8 823	9 226	2 935	7 692	2 400	5 756	1 337

Table 5.2 Children aged 0-4 years attending Early Childhood Development Programmes (ECD) by sex and area

ECD age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Attending ECD	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending ECD	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending ECD	Not attending ECD
Hardap									
Total	9 438	691	8 747	4 685	366	4 319	4 753	325	4 428
0	1 995	35	1 960	964	14	950	1 031	21	1 010
1	1 895	64	1 831	934	31	903	961	33	928
2	1 827	100	1 727	938	59	879	889	41	848
3	1 835	180	1 655	950	106	844	885	74	811
4	1 886	312	1 574	899	156	743	987	156	831
Urban									
Total	5 628	455	5 173	2 753	238	2 515	2 875	217	2 658
0	1 277	30	1 247	610	12	598	667	18	649
1	1 150	40	1 110	571	19	552	579	21	558
2	1 066	78	988	536	47	489	530	31	499
3	1 070	106	964	536	65	471	534	41	493
4	1 065	201	864	500	95	405	565	106	459
Rural									
Total	3 810	236	3 574	1 932	128	1 804	1 878	108	1 770
0	718	5	713	354	2	352	364	3	361
1	745	24	721	363	12	351	382	12	370
2	761	22	739	402	12	390	359	10	349
3	765	74	691	414	41	373	351	33	318
4	821	111	710	399	61	338	422	50	372
Gibeon									
Total	1 480	83	1 397	728	49	679	752	34	718
0	280	0	280	128	0	128	152	0	152
1	271	8	263	128	5	123	143	3	140
2	275	4	271	145	3	142	130	1	129
3	304	29	275	157	19	138	147	10	137
4	350	42	308	170	22	148	180	20	160
Mariental Rural									
Total	1 961	156	1 805	987	89	898	974	67	907
0	376	5	371	188	4	184	188	1	187
1	407	8	399	193	2	191	214	6	208
2	388	17	371	196	9	187	192	8	184
3	391	44	347	215	25	190	176	19	157
4	399	82	317	195	49	146	204	33	171
Mariental Urban			0			0			0
Total	1 811	117	1 694	928	62	866	883	55	828
0	409	9	400	208	4	204	201	5	196
1	391	16	375	208	8	200	183	8	175
2	344	15	329	188	10	178	156	5	151
3	332	21	311	168	14	154	164	7	157
4	335	56	279	156	26	130	179	30	149

Table 5.2 Children aged 0-4 years attending Early Childhood Development Programmes (ECD) by sex and area, cont's

ECD age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Attending ECD	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending ECD	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending ECD	Not attending ECD
Rehoboth Rural									
Total	862	56	806	430	21	409	432	35	397
0	161	2	159	84	0	84	77	2	75
1	161	8	153	82	3	79	79	5	74
2	186	5	181	103	3	100	83	2	81
3	163	18	145	78	8	70	85	10	75
4	191	23	168	83	7	76	108	16	92
Rehoboth East Urban									0
Total	2 127	183	1 944	1 006	95	911	1 121	88	1 033
0	529	16	513	226	5	221	303	11	292
1	441	16	425	206	8	198	235	8	227
2	379	34	345	187	16	171	192	18	174
3	379	41	338	191	24	167	188	17	171
4	399	76	323	196	42	154	203	34	169
Rehoboth West Urban									0
Total	1 197	96	1 101	606	50	556	591	46	545
0	240	3	237	130	1	129	110	2	108
1	224	8	216	117	5	112	107	3	104
2	255	25	230	119	18	101	136	7	129
3	266	27	239	141	16	125	125	11	114
4	212	33	179	99	10	89	113	23	90

Table 5.3 Population aged 0 - 4 years attending ECD by type and sex

Area	Type of ECD	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	Total	9 438	4 685	4 753
	Edu-care	381	199	182
	Pre-primary	310	167	143
	No	8 726	4 303	4 423
	Don't Know	21	16	5
Urban				
	Total	5 628	2 753	2 875
	Edu-care	254	129	125
	Pre-primary	201	109	92
	No	5 166	2 511	2 655
	Don't Know	7	4	3
Rural				
	Total	3,810	1,932	1,878
	Edu-care	127	70	57
	Pre-primary	109	58	51
	No	3,560	1,792	1,768
	Don't Know	14	12	2
Gibeon				
	Total	1 480	728	752
	Edu-care	51	30	21
	Pre-primary	32	19	13
	No	1 397	679	718
	Don't Know	0	0	0
Mariental Rural				
	Total	1 961	987	974
	Edu-care	95	54	41
	Pre-primary	61	35	26
	No	1 798	891	907
	Don't Know	7	7	0
Mariental Urban				
	Total	1 811	928	883
	Edu-care	63	33	30
	Pre-primary	54	29	25
	No	1 694	866	828
	Don't Know	0	0	0
Rehoboth Rural				
	Total	862	430	432
	Edu-care	27	10	17
	Pre-primary	29	11	18
	No	799	404	395
	Don't Know	7	5	2
Rehoboth East Urban				
	Total	2 127	1 006	1 121
	Edu-care	86	39	47
	Pre-primary	97	56	41
	No	1 940	908	1 032
	Don't Know	4	3	1
Rehoboth West Urban				
	Total	1 197	606	591
	Edu-care	59	33	26
	Pre-primary	37	17	20
	No	1 098	555	543
	Don't Know	3	1	2

Table 5.4 Literacy status and literacy rate for population aged 5 years and above by sex and area

Area	Population			Illiterate			Literate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	68 744	33 735	35 009	7 958	3 774	4 184	60 786	29 961	30 825
Urban	41 398	21 487	19 911	3 504	1 815	1 689	37 894	19 672	18 222
Rural	27 346	12 248	15 098	4 454	1 959	2 495	22 892	10 289	12 603
Gibeon	10 353	4 970	5 383	1 576	732	844	8 777	4 238	4 539
Mariental Rural	13 079	6 349	6 730	2 016	970	1 046	11 063	5 379	5 684
Mariental Urban	13 391	6 425	6 966	1 251	609	642	12 140	5 816	6 324
Rehoboth Rural	6 405	2 790	3 615	1 265	513	752	5 140	2 277	2 863
Rehoboth East Urban	15 577	8 086	7 491	1 452	768	684	14 125	7 318	6 807
Rehoboth West Urban	9 939	5 115	4 824	398	182	216	9 541	4 933	4 608

Table 5.5 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Hardap

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	52 024	47 368	91.1	25 423	23 221	91.3	26 601	24 147	90.8
15 - 19	7 450	7 200	96.6	3 726	3 635	97.6	3 724	3 565	95.7
20 - 24	7 385	7 076	95.8	3 476	3 368	96.9	3 909	3 708	94.9
25 - 29	6 597	6 311	95.7	3 081	2 970	96.4	3 516	3 341	95.0
30 - 34	5 636	5 353	95.0	2 587	2 470	95.5	3 049	2 883	94.6
35 - 39	4 898	4 631	94.5	2 296	2 193	95.5	2 602	2 438	93.7
40 - 44	4 486	4 081	91.0	2 227	2 057	92.4	2 259	2 024	89.6
45 - 49	3 801	3 368	88.6	1 809	1 614	89.2	1 992	1 754	88.1
50 - 54	3 207	2 719	84.8	1 661	1 410	84.9	1 546	1 309	84.7
55 - 59	2 517	2 074	82.4	1 242	1 025	82.5	1 275	1 049	82.3
60 - 64	2 086	1 642	78.7	1 079	858	79.5	1 007	784	77.9
65 - 69	1 437	1 141	79.4	786	616	78.4	651	525	80.6
70 - 74	1 053	797	75.7	575	432	75.1	478	365	76.4
75 - 79	712	505	70.9	410	282	68.8	302	223	73.8
80 - 84	396	273	68.9	244	169	69.3	152	104	68.4
85 - 89	202	121	59.9	131	77	58.8	71	44	62.0
90 - 94	99	58	58.6	58	37	63.8	41	21	51.2
95+	62	18	29.0	35	8	22.9	27	10	37.0

Table 5.6 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Urban

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	31 442	29 496	93.8	16 494	15 435	93.6	14 948	14 061	94.1
15 - 19	4 781	4 669	97.7	2 466	2 417	98.0	2 315	2 252	97.3
20 - 24	4 547	4 423	97.3	2 269	2 220	97.8	2 278	2 203	96.7
25 - 29	3 924	3 821	97.4	1 971	1 927	97.8	1 953	1 894	97.0
30 - 34	3 398	3 281	96.6	1 711	1 648	96.3	1 687	1 633	96.8
35 - 39	3 046	2 947	96.7	1 551	1 506	97.1	1 495	1 441	96.4
40 - 44	2 766	2 593	93.7	1 521	1 434	94.3	1 245	1 159	93.1
45 - 49	2 370	2 186	92.2	1 212	1 117	92.2	1 158	1 069	92.3
50 - 54	1 896	1 683	88.8	1 055	932	88.3	841	751	89.3
55 - 59	1 423	1 228	86.3	776	665	85.7	647	563	87.0
60 - 64	1 124	945	84.1	637	532	83.5	487	413	84.8
65 - 69	803	678	84.4	476	395	83.0	327	283	86.5
70 - 74	575	467	81.2	347	277	79.8	228	190	83.3
75 - 79	380	291	76.6	228	171	75.0	152	120	78.9
80 - 84	215	160	74.4	150	114	76.0	65	46	70.8
85 - 89	119	82	68.9	80	57	71.3	39	25	64.1
90 - 94	51	34	66.7	28	20	71.4	23	14	60.9
95+	24	8	33.3	16	3	18.8	8	5	62.5

Table 5.7 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Rural

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	20 582	17 872	86.8	8 929	7 786	87.2	11 653	10 086	86.6
15 - 19	2 669	2 531	94.8	1 260	1 218	96.7	1 409	1 313	93.2
20 - 24	2 838	2 653	93.5	1 207	1 148	95.1	1 631	1 505	92.3
25 - 29	2 673	2 490	93.2	1 110	1 043	94.0	1 563	1 447	92.6
30 - 34	2 238	2 072	92.6	876	822	93.8	1 362	1 250	91.8
35 - 39	1 852	1 684	90.9	745	687	92.2	1 107	997	90.1
40 - 44	1 720	1 488	86.5	706	623	88.2	1 014	865	85.3
45 - 49	1 431	1 182	82.6	597	497	83.2	834	685	82.1
50 - 54	1 311	1 036	79.0	606	478	78.9	705	558	79.1
55 - 59	1 094	846	77.3	466	360	77.3	628	486	77.4
60 - 64	962	697	72.5	442	326	73.8	520	371	71.3
65 - 69	634	463	73.0	310	221	71.3	324	242	74.7
70 - 74	478	330	69.0	228	155	68.0	250	175	70.0
75 - 79	332	214	64.5	182	111	61.0	150	103	68.7
80 - 84	181	113	62.4	94	55	58.5	87	58	66.7
85 - 89	83	39	47.0	51	20	39.2	32	19	59.4
90 - 94	48	24	50.0	30	17	56.7	18	7	38.9
95+	38	10	26.3	19	5	26.3	19	5	26.3

Table 5.8 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Gibeon

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	7 632	6 676	87.5	3 603	3 163	87.8	4 029	3 513	87.2
15 - 19	1 008	953	94.5	495	475	96.0	513	478	93.2
20 - 24	992	940	94.8	478	461	96.4	514	479	93.2
25 - 29	971	916	94.3	443	416	93.9	528	500	94.7
30 - 34	841	790	93.9	373	358	96.0	468	432	92.3
35 - 39	618	569	92.1	273	255	93.4	345	314	91.0
40 - 44	610	531	87.0	268	236	88.1	342	295	86.3
45 - 49	541	469	86.7	247	217	87.9	294	252	85.7
50 - 54	481	385	80.0	243	193	79.4	238	192	80.7
55 - 59	431	353	81.9	186	151	81.2	245	202	82.4
60 - 64	393	280	71.2	181	129	71.3	212	151	71.2
65 - 69	253	180	71.1	136	98	72.1	117	82	70.1
70 - 74	203	138	68.0	107	73	68.2	96	65	67.7
75 - 79	137	83	60.6	81	47	58.0	56	36	64.3
80 - 84	83	58	69.9	51	35	68.6	32	23	71.9
85 - 89	37	17	45.9	22	10	45.5	15	7	46.7
90 - 94	13	8	61.5	10	7	70.0	3	1	33.3
95+	20	6	30.0	9	2	22.2	11	4	36.4

Table 5.9 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Mariental Rural

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	9 609	8 419	87.6	4 637	4 047	87.3	4 972	4 372	87.9
15 - 19	1 438	1 365	94.9	714	688	96.4	724	677	93.5
20 - 24	1 412	1 321	93.6	657	616	93.8	755	705	93.4
25 - 29	1 265	1 192	94.2	604	573	94.9	661	619	93.6
30 - 34	1 009	925	91.7	464	423	91.2	545	502	92.1
35 - 39	866	785	90.6	406	371	91.4	460	414	90.0
40 - 44	811	707	87.2	376	332	88.3	435	375	86.2
45 - 49	659	543	82.4	322	261	81.1	337	282	83.7
50 - 54	591	476	80.5	286	232	81.1	305	244	80.0
55 - 59	438	332	75.8	203	153	75.4	235	179	76.2
60 - 64	386	278	72.0	208	141	67.8	178	137	77.0
65 - 69	273	200	73.3	136	95	69.9	137	105	76.6
70 - 74	189	124	65.6	99	65	65.7	90	59	65.6
75 - 79	143	88	61.5	83	49	59.0	60	39	65.0
80 - 84	64	45	70.3	40	26	65.0	24	19	79.2
85 - 89	29	22	75.9	17	12	70.6	12	10	83.3
90 - 94	25	12	48.0	15	7	46.7	10	5	50.0
95+	11	4	36.4	7	3	42.9	4	1	25.0

Table 5.10 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Mariental Urban

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	10 202	9 596	94.1	4 785	4 504	94.1	5 417	5 092	94.0
15 - 19	1 445	1 418	98.1	736	726	98.6	709	692	97.6
20 - 24	1 559	1 501	96.3	718	697	97.1	841	804	95.6
25 - 29	1 512	1 455	96.2	661	640	96.8	851	815	95.8
30 - 34	1 289	1 247	96.7	581	567	97.6	708	680	96.0
35 - 39	1 009	975	96.6	430	422	98.1	579	553	95.5
40 - 44	898	836	93.1	409	383	93.6	489	453	92.6
45 - 49	756	698	92.3	333	310	93.1	423	388	91.7
50 - 54	552	488	88.4	270	237	87.8	282	251	89.0
55 - 59	378	321	84.9	178	149	83.7	200	172	86.0
60 - 64	289	243	84.1	147	126	85.7	142	117	82.4
65 - 69	182	154	84.6	109	86	78.9	73	68	93.2
70 - 74	135	112	83.0	88	71	80.7	47	41	87.2
75 - 79	82	65	79.3	44	33	75.0	38	32	84.2
80 - 84	61	44	72.1	45	34	75.6	16	10	62.5
85 - 89	30	20	66.7	23	15	65.2	7	5	71.4
90 - 94	18	16	88.9	8	6	75.0	10	10	100.0
95+	7	3	42.9	5	2	40.0	2	1	50.0

Table 5.11 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Rehoboth Rural

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	4 876	4 056	83.2	2 056	1 741	84.7	2 820	2 315	82.1
15 - 19	593	554	93.4	258	250	96.9	335	304	90.7
20 - 24	635	590	92.9	244	236	96.7	391	354	90.5
25 - 29	514	469	91.2	204	191	93.6	310	278	89.7
30 - 34	447	404	90.4	161	147	91.3	286	257	89.9
35 - 39	424	383	90.3	182	168	92.3	242	215	88.8
40 - 44	380	310	81.6	153	130	85.0	227	180	79.3
45 - 49	343	261	76.1	136	105	77.2	207	156	75.4
50 - 54	363	273	75.2	171	131	76.6	192	142	74.0
55 - 59	319	232	72.7	144	107	74.3	175	125	71.4
60 - 64	287	208	72.5	124	95	76.6	163	113	69.3
65 - 69	198	149	75.3	96	74	77.1	102	75	73.5
70 - 74	153	110	71.9	68	49	72.1	85	61	71.8
75 - 79	109	68	62.4	59	37	62.7	50	31	62.0
80 - 84	54	30	55.6	21	10	47.6	33	20	60.6
85 - 89	27	9	33.3	19	5	26.3	8	4	50.0
90 - 94	17	5	29.4	9	5	55.6	8	0	0.0
95+	13	1	7.7	7	1	14.3	6	0	0.0

Table 5.12 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	11 867	10 989	92.6	6 260	5 776	92.3	5 607	5 213	93.0
15 - 19	1 859	1 817	97.7	974	952	97.7	885	865	97.7
20 - 24	1 825	1 769	96.9	895	876	97.9	930	893	96.0
25 - 29	1 491	1 448	97.1	764	750	98.2	727	698	96.0
30 - 34	1 273	1 225	96.2	624	597	95.7	649	628	96.8
35 - 39	1 136	1 086	95.6	571	547	95.8	565	539	95.4
40 - 44	1 054	981	93.1	605	569	94.0	449	412	91.8
45 - 49	851	759	89.2	436	392	89.9	415	367	88.4
50 - 54	667	568	85.2	383	318	83.0	284	250	88.0
55 - 59	546	452	82.8	319	264	82.8	227	188	82.8
60 - 64	407	328	80.6	234	187	79.9	173	141	81.5
65 - 69	289	230	79.6	171	132	77.2	118	98	83.1
70 - 74	185	139	75.1	106	75	70.8	79	64	81.0
75 - 79	135	102	75.6	82	59	72.0	53	43	81.1
80 - 84	73	41	56.2	46	26	56.5	27	15	55.6
85 - 89	47	28	59.6	31	22	71.0	16	6	37.5
90 - 94	21	14	66.7	13	10	76.9	8	4	50.0
95+	8	2	25.0	6	0	0.0	2	2	100.0

Table 5.13 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Rehoboth West Urban

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	7 838	7 632	97.4	4 082	3 990	97.7	3756	3642	97.0
15 - 19	1 107	1 093	98.7	549	544	99.1	558	549	98.4
20 - 24	962	955	99.3	484	482	99.6	478	473	99.0
25 - 29	844	831	98.5	405	400	98.8	439	431	98.2
30 - 34	777	762	98.1	384	378	98.4	393	384	97.7
35 - 39	845	833	98.6	434	430	99.1	411	403	98.1
40 - 44	733	716	97.7	416	407	97.8	317	309	97.5
45 - 49	651	638	98.0	335	329	98.2	316	309	97.8
50 - 54	553	529	95.7	308	299	97.1	245	230	93.9
55 - 59	405	384	94.8	212	201	94.8	193	183	94.8
60 - 64	324	305	94.1	185	180	97.3	139	125	89.9
65 - 69	242	228	94.2	138	131	94.9	104	97	93.3
70 - 74	188	174	92.6	107	99	92.5	81	75	92.6
75 - 79	106	99	93.4	61	57	93.4	45	42	93.3
80 - 84	61	55	90.2	41	38	92.7	20	17	85.0
85 - 89	32	25	78.1	19	13	68.4	13	12	92.3
90 - 94	5	3	60.0	3	2	66.7	2	1	50.0
95+	3	2	66.7	1	0	0.0	2	2	100.0

Table 5.14 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Hardap

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	31 555	17 719	56.2	15 514	9 003	58.0	16 041	8 716	54.3
5	1 851	606	32.7	930	307	33.0	921	299	32.5
6	1 781	1 123	63.1	924	588	63.6	857	535	62.4
7	1 497	1 281	85.6	730	632	86.6	767	649	84.6
8	1 674	1 526	91.2	847	781	92.2	827	745	90.1
9	1 521	1 402	92.2	733	684	93.3	788	718	91.1
10	1 667	1 518	91.1	806	742	92.1	861	776	90.1
11	1 939	1 718	88.6	946	859	90.8	993	859	86.5
12	1 551	1 403	90.5	759	697	91.8	792	706	89.1
13	1 686	1 470	87.2	865	766	88.6	821	704	85.7
14	1 553	1 330	85.6	772	683	88.5	781	647	82.8
15	1 532	1 232	80.4	777	648	83.4	755	584	77.4
16	1 513	1 100	72.7	788	587	74.5	725	513	70.8
17	1 324	814	61.5	642	426	66.4	682	388	56.9
18	1 565	620	39.6	766	327	42.7	799	293	36.7
19	1 516	267	17.6	753	125	16.6	763	142	18.6
20	1 606	126	7.8	752	59	7.8	854	67	7.8
21	1 590	82	5.2	761	39	5.1	829	43	5.2
22	1 365	45	3.3	619	19	3.1	746	26	3.5
23	1 484	35	2.4	730	20	2.7	754	15	2.0
24	1 340	21	1.6	614	14	2.3	726	7	1.0

Table 5.15 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Urban

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	19 284	11 437	59.3	9 728	5 838	60.0	9 556	5 599	58.6
5	1 085	426	39.3	555	225	40.5	530	201	37.9
6	1 032	764	74.0	545	400	73.4	487	364	74.7
7	879	796	90.6	443	403	91.0	436	393	90.1
8	994	929	93.5	494	461	93.3	500	468	93.6
9	891	846	94.9	432	408	94.4	459	438	95.4
10	983	913	92.9	492	456	92.7	491	457	93.1
11	1 176	1 061	90.2	578	530	91.7	598	531	88.8
12	963	895	92.9	475	452	95.2	488	443	90.8
13	995	882	88.6	507	450	88.8	488	432	88.5
14	958	862	90.0	472	435	92.2	486	427	87.9
15	978	832	85.1	513	449	87.5	465	383	82.4
16	980	754	76.9	520	402	77.3	460	352	76.5
17	841	573	68.1	428	313	73.1	413	260	63.0
18	1 016	466	45.9	524	246	46.9	492	220	44.7
19	966	203	21.0	481	94	19.5	485	109	22.5
20	1 019	89	8.7	489	40	8.2	530	49	9.2
21	1 001	67	6.7	514	32	6.2	487	35	7.2
22	832	34	4.1	402	15	3.7	430	19	4.4
23	905	30	3.3	471	17	3.6	434	13	3.0
24	790	15	1.9	393	10	2.5	397	5	1.3

Table 5.16 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Rural

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	12 271	6 282	51.2	5 786	3 165	54.7	6 485	3 117	48.1
5	766	180	23.5	375	82	21.9	391	98	25.1
6	749	359	47.9	379	188	49.6	370	171	46.2
7	618	485	78.5	287	229	79.8	331	256	77.3
8	680	597	87.8	353	320	90.7	327	277	84.7
9	630	556	88.3	301	276	91.7	329	280	85.1
10	684	605	88.5	314	286	91.1	370	319	86.2
11	763	657	86.1	368	329	89.4	395	328	83.0
12	588	508	86.4	284	245	86.3	304	263	86.5
13	691	588	85.1	358	316	88.3	333	272	81.7
14	595	468	78.7	300	248	82.7	295	220	74.6
15	554	400	72.2	264	199	75.4	290	201	69.3
16	533	346	64.9	268	185	69.0	265	161	60.8
17	483	241	49.9	214	113	52.8	269	128	47.6
18	549	154	28.1	242	81	33.5	307	73	23.8
19	550	64	11.6	272	31	11.4	278	33	11.9
20	587	37	6.3	263	19	7.2	324	18	5.6
21	589	15	2.5	247	7	2.8	342	8	2.3
22	533	11	2.1	217	4	1.8	316	7	2.2
23	579	5	0.9	259	3	1.2	320	2	0.6
24	550	6	1.1	221	4	1.8	329	2	0.6

Table 5.17 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Gibeon

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	4 721	2 646	56.0	2 340	1 365	58.3	2 381	1 281	53.8
5	307	80	26.1	148	34	23.0	159	46	28.9
6	300	146	48.7	170	91	53.5	130	55	42.3
7	252	212	84.1	116	99	85.3	136	113	83.1
8	286	260	90.9	153	146	95.4	133	114	85.7
9	245	228	93.1	110	102	92.7	135	126	93.3
10	307	289	94.1	146	141	96.6	161	148	91.9
11	292	259	88.7	136	130	95.6	156	129	82.7
12	245	224	91.4	122	110	90.2	123	114	92.7
13	254	213	83.9	138	122	88.4	116	91	78.4
14	233	190	81.5	128	114	89.1	105	76	72.4
15	241	175	72.6	109	85	78.0	132	90	68.2
16	198	134	67.7	98	71	72.4	100	63	63.0
17	163	100	61.3	80	53	66.3	83	47	56.6
18	214	83	38.8	106	44	41.5	108	39	36.1
19	192	28	14.6	102	16	15.7	90	12	13.3
20	220	13	5.9	111	4	3.6	109	9	8.3
21	217	6	2.8	110	1	0.9	107	5	4.7
22	172	3	1.7	79	1	1.3	93	2	2.2
23	203	1	0.5	99	1	1.0	104	0	0.0
24	180	2	1.1	79	0	0.0	101	2	2.0

Table 5.18 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Mariental Rural

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	6 320	3 229	51.1	3 083	1 646	53.4	3 237	1 583	48.9
5	374	98	26.2	180	48	26.7	194	50	25.8
6	370	200	54.1	191	107	56.0	179	93	52.0
7	303	238	78.5	150	123	82.0	153	115	75.2
8	341	300	88.0	173	153	88.4	168	147	87.5
9	320	285	89.1	152	142	93.4	168	143	85.1
10	342	299	87.4	158	138	87.3	184	161	87.5
11	410	350	85.4	211	184	87.2	199	166	83.4
12	314	266	84.7	151	130	86.1	163	136	83.4
13	380	318	83.7	196	169	86.2	184	149	81.0
14	316	235	74.4	150	117	78.0	166	118	71.1
15	301	217	72.1	157	120	76.4	144	97	67.4
16	307	182	59.3	171	102	59.6	136	80	58.8
17	247	106	42.9	113	47	41.6	134	59	44.0
18	294	74	25.2	131	33	25.2	163	41	25.2
19	289	28	9.7	142	10	7.0	147	18	12.2
20	306	10	3.3	149	8	5.4	157	2	1.3
21	285	7	2.5	126	5	4.0	159	2	1.3
22	245	7	2.9	114	4	3.5	131	3	2.3
23	288	4	1.4	143	2	1.4	145	2	1.4
24	288	5	1.7	125	4	3.2	163	1	0.6

Table 5.19 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Mariental Urban

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	6 193	3 422	55.3	3 094	1 774	57.3	3 099	1 648	53.2
5	388	124	32.0	207	64	30.9	181	60	33.1
6	346	227	65.6	175	114	65.1	171	113	66.1
7	276	237	85.9	135	118	87.4	141	119	84.4
8	296	266	89.9	148	132	89.2	148	134	90.5
9	272	246	90.4	136	123	90.4	136	123	90.4
10	310	277	89.4	168	153	91.1	142	124	87.3
11	369	314	85.1	178	158	88.8	191	156	81.7
12	283	254	89.8	148	131	88.5	135	123	91.1
13	329	280	85.1	184	157	85.3	145	123	84.8
14	320	280	87.5	161	147	91.3	159	133	83.6
15	284	238	83.8	142	122	85.9	142	116	81.7
16	296	218	73.6	155	119	76.8	141	99	70.2
17	248	166	66.9	130	93	71.5	118	73	61.9
18	275	130	47.3	146	71	48.6	129	59	45.7
19	342	78	22.8	163	33	20.2	179	45	25.1
20	336	45	13.4	161	21	13.0	175	24	13.7
21	316	25	7.9	146	9	6.2	170	16	9.4
22	295	10	3.4	136	4	2.9	159	6	3.8
23	344	5	1.5	149	4	2.7	195	1	0.5
24	268	2	0.7	126	1	0.8	142	1	0.7

Table 5.20 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Rehoboth Rural

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	2 757	1 436	52.1	1 236	700	56.6	1 521	736	48.4
5	181	41	22.7	80	16	20.0	101	25	24.8
6	180	99	55.0	75	41	54.7	105	58	55.2
7	148	121	81.8	70	55	78.6	78	66	84.6
8	148	136	91.9	77	74	96.1	71	62	87.3
9	150	134	89.3	67	64	95.5	83	70	84.3
10	149	130	87.2	73	65	89.0	76	65	85.5
11	172	153	89.0	90	77	85.6	82	76	92.7
12	120	99	82.5	54	48	88.9	66	51	77.3
13	150	131	87.3	79	67	84.8	71	64	90.1
14	131	112	85.5	69	60	87.0	62	52	83.9
15	113	86	76.1	53	43	81.1	60	43	71.7
16	113	77	68.1	51	39	76.5	62	38	61.3
17	114	54	47.4	49	24	49.0	65	30	46.2
18	122	29	23.8	42	12	28.6	80	17	21.3
19	131	19	14.5	63	8	12.7	68	11	16.2
20	129	8	6.2	46	2	4.3	83	6	7.2
21	137	1	0.7	52	1	1.9	85	0	0.0
22	133	2	1.5	48	1	2.1	85	1	1.2
23	111	3	2.7	47	2	4.3	64	1	1.6
24	125	1	0.8	51	1	2.0	74	0	0.0

Table 5.21 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	7 394	4 251	57.5	3 695	2 152	58.2	3 699	2 099	56.7
5	413	175	42.4	222	98	44.1	191	77	40.3
6	360	267	74.2	202	144	71.3	158	123	77.8
7	337	304	90.2	165	150	90.9	172	154	89.5
8	390	356	91.3	186	168	90.3	204	188	92.2
9	345	329	95.4	172	162	94.2	173	167	96.5
10	355	327	92.1	162	151	93.2	193	176	91.2
11	448	403	90.0	203	187	92.1	245	216	88.2
12	372	349	93.8	185	179	96.8	187	170	90.9
13	354	321	90.7	162	151	93.2	192	170	88.5
14	336	304	90.5	167	153	91.6	169	151	89.3
15	364	305	83.8	202	172	85.1	162	133	82.1
16	363	279	76.9	193	149	77.2	170	130	76.5
17	330	204	61.8	167	114	68.3	163	90	55.2
18	432	181	41.9	232	101	43.5	200	80	40.0
19	370	67	18.1	180	33	18.3	190	34	17.9
20	398	30	7.5	181	14	7.7	217	16	7.4
21	430	20	4.7	219	10	4.6	211	10	4.7
22	347	12	3.5	157	5	3.2	190	7	3.7
23	353	11	3.1	199	6	3.0	154	5	3.2
24	297	7	2.4	139	5	3.6	158	2	1.3

Table 5.22 School enrolment for school going population (5 - 24 years) by sex, Rehoboth West Urban

Age	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate	Total	At school	Enrolment rate
Total	4 170	2 735	65.6	2 066	1 366	66.1	2 104	1 369	65.1
5	188	88	46.8	93	47	50.5	95	41	43.2
6	225	184	81.8	111	91	82.0	114	93	81.6
7	181	169	93.4	94	87	92.6	87	82	94.3
8	213	208	97.7	110	108	98.2	103	100	97.1
9	189	180	95.2	96	91	94.8	93	89	95.7
10	204	196	96.1	99	94	94.9	105	102	97.1
11	248	239	96.4	128	123	96.1	120	116	96.7
12	217	211	97.2	99	99	100.0	118	112	94.9
13	219	207	94.5	106	100	94.3	113	107	94.7
14	217	209	96.3	97	92	94.8	120	117	97.5
15	229	211	92.1	114	106	93.0	115	105	91.3
16	236	210	89.0	120	107	89.2	116	103	88.8
17	222	184	82.9	103	95	92.2	119	89	74.8
18	228	123	53.9	109	66	60.6	119	57	47.9
19	192	47	24.5	103	25	24.3	89	22	24.7
20	217	20	9.2	104	10	9.6	113	10	8.8
21	205	23	11.2	108	13	12.0	97	10	10.3
22	173	11	6.4	85	4	4.7	88	7	8.0
23	185	11	5.9	93	5	5.4	92	6	6.5
24	182	4	2.2	94	3	3.2	88	1	1.1

Table 5.23 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Hardap

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	68 744	33 735	35 009
Never Attended	7 500	3 354	4 146
Pre-primary	1 282	663	619
Adult Education Programme	164	88	76
At School	16 693	8 470	8 223
Left School	41 766	20 535	21 231
Don't Know	1 339	625	714

Table 5.24 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Urban

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	41 398	21 487	19 911
Never Attended	3 253	1 620	1 633
Pre-primary	878	461	417
Adult Education Programme	66	39	27
At School	10 735	5 471	5 264
Left School	25 680	13 510	12 170
Don't Know	786	386	400

Table 5.25 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Rural

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	27 346	12 248	15 098
Never Attended	4 247	1 734	2 513
Pre-primary	404	202	202
Adult Education Programme	98	49	49
At School	5 958	2 999	2 959
Left School	16 086	7 025	9 061
Don't Know	553	239	314

Table 5.26 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Gibeon

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 353	4 970	5 383
Never Attended	1 473	634	839
Pre-primary	162	84	78
Adult Education Programme	22	16	6
At School	2 504	1 290	1 214
Left School	5 913	2 812	3 101
Don't Know	279	134	145

Table 5.27 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Mariental Rural

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 079	6 349	6 730
Never Attended	1 799	851	948
Pre-primary	204	109	95
Adult Education Programme	46	29	17
At School	3 060	1 557	1 503
Left School	7 704	3 683	4 021
Don't Know	266	120	146

Table 5.28 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Mariental Urban

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 391	6 425	6 966
Never Attended	1 207	520	687
Pre-primary	269	134	135
Adult Education Programme	46	10	36
At School	3 243	1 683	1 560
Left School	8 308	3 925	4 383
Don't Know	318	153	165

Table 5.29 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Rehoboth Rural

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	6 405	2 790	3 615
Never Attended	1 209	446	763
Pre-primary	112	45	67
Adult Education Programme	21	14	7
At School	1 343	663	680
Left School	3 648	1 600	2 048
Don't Know	72	22	50

Table 5.30 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Rehoboth East Urban

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 577	8 086	7 491
Never Attended	1416	728	688
Pre-primary	350	197	153
Adult Education Programme	20	16	4
At School	3 949	1 979	1 970
Left School	9 517	5 007	4 510
Don't Know	325	159	166

Table 5.31 School attendances for population aged 5+ by sex, Rehoboth West Urban

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	9 939	5 115	4 824
Never Attended	396	175	221
Pre-primary	185	94	91
Adult Education Programme	9	3	6
At School	2 594	1 298	1 296
Left School	6 676	3 508	3 168
Don't Know	79	37	42

Table 5.32 Percent distribution of disabled population by type and area

Area	People with disability	Types of disability											
		Blindness	Visual Impairment	Deafness	Hearing Difficulties	Mute/ Dumb	Speech Impairment	Physical Impairment - Upper Limbs	Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	Mental Disability	Albinism and Autism	Other	Don't Know
Hardap	3 225	219	715	202	349	184	164	361	859	515	57	128	14
Urban	1 953	130	458	118	214	133	104	202	527	275	39	90	5
Rural	1 272	89	257	84	135	51	60	159	332	240	18	38	9
Gibeon	499	37	87	27	40	20	21	72	155	90	8	9	0
Mariental Rural	582	51	119	54	74	29	36	76	155	75	8	23	2
Mariental Urban	555	41	124	41	64	36	25	50	142	67	9	38	0
Rehoboth Rural	417	23	88	20	51	10	15	50	95	101	5	10	8
Rehoboth East Urban	782	50	231	42	82	45	42	86	220	89	22	36	1
Rehoboth West Urban	390	17	66	18	38	44	25	27	92	93	5	12	3

Table 5.33 Population with disability by sex and area

Area	Population			Population without disability			Population with disability		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Hardap	78 182	38 420	39 762	3 225	1 520	1 705	74 957	36 900	38 057
Urban	47 026	24 240	22 786	1 953	979	974	45 073	23 261	21 812
Rural	31 156	14 180	16 976	1 272	541	731	29 884	13 639	16 245
Gibeon	11 833	5 698	6 135	499	226	273	11 334	5 472	5 862
Mariental Rural	15 040	7 336	7 704	582	259	323	14 458	7 077	7 381
Mariental Urban	15 202	7 353	7 849	555	246	309	14 647	7 107	7 540
Rehoboth Rural	7 267	3 220	4 047	417	185	232	6 850	3 035	3 815
Rehoboth East Urban	17 704	9 092	8 612	782	411	371	16 922	8 681	8 241
Rehoboth West Urban	11 136	5 721	5 415	390	193	197	10 746	5 528	5 218

Table 5.34 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and age group, Hardap

Age	Total	Activity status									
		Employed	Unemployed	Student	Homemaker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to work (Illness/disability)	Other	Don't Know
Total	52 024	23 780	12 892	3 698	2 313	203	797	3 832	851	135	3 523
15 - 19	7 450	905	1 785	3 306	96	24	-	-	40	19	1 275
20 - 24	7 385	3 343	3 035	253	176	12	-	-	63	17	486
25 - 29	6 597	3 858	2 040	45	206	10	-	-	65	24	349
30 - 34	5 636	3 469	1 504	20	244	13	-	-	67	14	305
35 - 39	4 898	3 094	1 170	17	267	23	19	-	75	13	220
40 - 44	4 486	2 820	1 018	12	297	14	29	-	91	9	196
45 - 49	3 801	2 351	822	8	282	26	50	-	106	13	143
50 - 54	3 207	1 772	723	7	298	26	112	-	151	7	111
55 - 59	2 517	1 264	515	5	278	36	179	-	121	11	108
60 - 64	2 086	486	147	4	97	10	137	1 087	28	3	87
65+	3 961	418	133	21	72	9	271	2 745	44	5	243

"-" note applicable

Table 5.35 Female population aged 15 years and above by activity status and age group, Hardap

Age	Total	Activity status									
		Employed	Unemployed	Student	Homemaker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to work (Illness/disability)	Other	Don't Know
Total	25 423	8 806	7 488	1 902	2 205	109	415	2 303	412	69	1 714
15 - 19	3 726	270	946	1 712	82	9	-	-	23	11	673
20 - 24	3 476	1 151	1 745	127	165	7	-	-	32	7	242
25 - 29	3 081	1 450	1 224	23	195	3	-	-	27	10	149
30 - 34	2 587	1 299	884	5	236	9	-	-	31	6	117
35 - 39	2 296	1 198	686	9	254	16	7	-	38	6	82
40 - 44	2 227	1 160	617	5	287	6	18	-	48	4	82
45 - 49	1 809	897	482	2	276	15	27	-	48	8	54
50 - 54	1 661	706	446	5	284	17	67	-	76	3	57
55 - 59	1 242	442	301	2	270	15	90	-	57	8	57
60 - 64	1 079	126	90	2	87	8	66	635	13	1	51
65+	2 239	107	67	10	69	4	140	1 668	19	5	150

Table 5.36 Male population aged 15 years and above by activity status and age group, Hardap

Age	Total	Activity status									
		Employed	Unemployed	Student	Home maker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to work (illness/disability)	Other	Don't Know
Total	26 601	14 974	5 404	1 796	108	94	382	1 529	439	66	1 809
15 - 19	3 724	635	839	1 594	14	15	-	-	17	8	602
20 - 24	3 909	2 192	1 290	126	11	5	-	-	31	10	244
25 - 29	3 516	2 408	816	22	11	7	-	-	38	14	200
30 - 34	3 049	2 170	620	15	8	4	-	-	36	8	188
35 - 39	2 602	1 896	484	8	13	7	12	-	37	7	138
40 - 44	2 259	1 660	401	7	10	8	11	-	43	5	114
45 - 49	1 992	1 454	340	6	6	11	23	-	58	5	89
50 - 54	1 546	1 066	277	2	14	9	45	-	75	4	54
55 - 59	1 275	822	214	3	8	21	89	-	64	3	51
60 - 64	1 007	360	57	2	10	2	71	452	15	2	36
65+	1 722	311	66	11	3	5	131	1 077	25	0	93

***Note**:"-" note applicable*

Table 5.37 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Hardap

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	52 024	25 423	26 601
Economically Active (In Labour force)	36 672	16 294	20 378
Employed	23 780	8 806	14 974
Unemployed	12 892	7 488	5 404
Economically inactive	11 829	7 415	4 414
Student	3 698	1 902	1 796
Homemaker	2 313	2 205	108
Income Recipient	203	109	94
Retired Pensioner	797	415	382
Old Age Pensioner	3 832	2 303	1 529
Unable to Work (Ill)	458	243	215
Unable to Work (Disabled)	393	169	224
Other	135	69	66
Don't Know	3 523	1 714	1 809

Table 5.38 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	31 442	16 494	14 948
Economically Active (In Labour force)	22 464	11 029	11 435
Employed	13 618	5 870	7 748
Unemployed	8 846	5 159	3 687
Economically inactive	7 224	4 521	2 703
Student	2 579	1 350	1 229
Homemaker	1 190	1 123	67
Income Recipient	80	45	35
Retired Pensioner	543	295	248
Old Age Pensioner	2 186	1 389	797
Unable to Work (Ill)	321	168	153
Unable to Work (Disabled)	229	104	125
Other	96	47	49
Don't Know	1 754	944	810

Table 5.39 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Rural			
Total	20 582	8 929	11 653
Economically Active (In Labour force)	14 208	5 265	8 943
Employed	10 162	2 936	7 226
Unemployed	4 046	2 329	1 717
Economically inactive	4 605	2 894	1 711
Student	1 119	552	567
Homemaker	1 123	1 082	41
Income Recipient	123	64	59
Retired Pensioner	254	120	134
Old Age Pensioner	1 646	914	732
Unable to Work (Ill)	137	75	62
Unable to Work (Disabled)	164	65	99
Other	39	22	17
Don't Know	1 769	770	999

Table 5.40 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Gibeon

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 632	3 603	4 029
Economically Active (In Labour force)	5 254	2 211	3 043
Employed	3 331	1 136	2 195
Unemployed	1 923	1 075	848
Economically inactive	1 839	1 099	740
Student	506	255	251
Homemaker	264	255	9
Income Recipient	20	14	6
Retired Pensioner	86	41	45
Old Age Pensioner	791	453	338
Unable to Work (Ill)	47	23	24
Unable to Work (Disabled)	106	47	59
Other	19	11	8
Don't Know	539	293	246

Table 5.41 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Rural

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	9 609	4 637	4 972
Economically Active (In Labour force)	7 002	2 959	4 043
Employed	4 581	1 539	3 042
Unemployed	2 421	1 420	1 001
Economically inactive	1 845	1 202	643
Student	488	243	245
Homemaker	437	425	12
Income Recipient	69	33	36
Retired Pensioner	125	61	64
Old Age Pensioner	563	349	214
Unable to Work (Ill)	88	52	36
Unable to Work (Disabled)	55	27	28
Other	20	12	8
Don't Know	762	476	286

Table 5.42 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Urban

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 202	4 785	5 417
Economically Active (In Labour force)	7 217	3 298	3 919
Employed	4 592	1 777	2 815
Unemployed	2 625	1 521	1 104
Economically inactive	1 843	1 144	699
Student	770	397	373
Homemaker	242	228	14
Income Recipient	38	23	15
Retired Pensioner	143	85	58
Old Age Pensioner	463	313	150
Unable to Work (Ill)	101	52	49
Unable to Work (Disabled)	45	20	25
Other	41	26	15
Don't Know	1 142	343	799

Table 5.43 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth Rural

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 876	2 056	2 820
Economically Active (In Labour force)	3 225	1 038	2 187
Employed	2 205	483	1 722
Unemployed	1 020	555	465
Economically inactive	1 480	922	558
Student	249	121	128
Homemaker	442	423	19
Income Recipient	27	11	16
Retired Pensioner	75	34	41
Old Age Pensioner	601	307	294
Unable to Work (Ill)	34	12	22
Unable to Work (Disabled)	45	13	32
Other	7	1	6
Don't Know	171	96	75

Table 5.44 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 867	6 260	5 607
Economically Active (In Labour force)	8 478	4 183	4 295
Employed	5 222	2 276	2 946
Unemployed	3 256	1 907	1 349
Economically inactive	2 679	1 692	987
Student	906	484	422
Homemaker	540	490	50
Income Recipient	30	17	13
Retired Pensioner	220	114	106
Old Age Pensioner	721	457	264
Unable to Work (Ill)	129	75	54
Unable to Work (Disabled)	98	40	58
Other	35	15	20
Don't Know	710	385	325

Table 5.45 Activity status of population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth West Urban

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 838	4 082	3 756
Economically Active (In Labour force)	5 496	2 605	2 891
Employed	3 849	1 595	2 254
Unemployed	1 647	1 010	637
Economically inactive	2 143	1 356	787
Student	779	402	377
Homemaker	388	384	4
Income Recipient	19	11	8
Retired Pensioner	148	80	68
Old Age Pensioner	693	424	269
Unable to Work (Ill)	59	29	30
Unable to Work (Disabled)	44	22	22
Other	13	4	9
Don't Know	199	121	78

Table 5.46 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Hardap

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 780	8 806	14 974
Armed force	105	25	80
Legislators senior officials and Managers	806	250	556
Professionals	1 420	831	589
Technician and associate proffessionals	1 072	630	442
Clerk	1 709	1 300	409
Service Workers	3 156	1 632	1 524
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	5 068	812	4 256
Craft and Related trades workers	4 079	274	3 805
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	725	44	681
Elementary occupations	5 639	3 008	2 631
Don't Know	1	0	1

Table 5.47 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 618	5 870	7 748
Armed force	89	18	71
Legislators senior officials and Managers	552	172	380
Professionals	1 130	664	466
Technician and associate proffessionals	932	550	382
Clerk	1 508	1 145	363
Service Workers	1 998	973	1 025
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	449	48	401
Craft and Related trades workers	3 393	232	3 161
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	575	35	540
Elementary occupations	2 991	2 033	958
Don't Know	1	0	1

Table 5.48 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 162	2 936	7 226
Armed force	16	7	9
Legislators senior officials and Managers	254	78	176
Professionals	290	167	123
Technician and associate proffessionals	140	80	60
Clerk	201	155	46
Service Workers	1 158	659	499
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	4 619	764	3 855
Craft and Related trades workers	686	42	644
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	150	9	141
Elementary occupations	2 648	975	1 673

Table 5.49 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Gibeon

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 331	1 136	2 195
Legislators senior officials and Managers	125	44	81
Professionals	129	79	50
Technician and associate professionals	57	27	30
Clerk	96	77	19
Service Workers	527	289	238
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	1 196	317	879
Craft and Related trades workers	174	11	163
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	66	10	56
Elementary occupations	961	282	679

Table 5.50 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Rural

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 581	1 539	3 042
Armed force	17	10	7
Legislators senior officials and Managers	111	35	76
Professionals	196	109	87
Technician and associate professionals	86	50	36
Clerk	141	112	29
Service Workers	536	323	213
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	2 139	288	1 851
Craft and Related trades workers	296	28	268
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	51	0	51
Elementary occupations	1 008	584	424

Table 5.51 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Urban

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 592	1 777	2 815
Armed force	21	7	14
Legislators senior officials and Managers	186	49	137
Professionals	271	166	105
Technician and associate professionals	252	134	118
Clerk	354	241	113
Service Workers	909	450	459
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	505	57	448
Craft and Related trades workers	690	74	616
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	231	7	224
Elementary occupations	1 172	592	580
Don't Know	1	0	1

Table 5.52 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth Rural

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 205	483	1 722
Legislators senior officials and Managers	22	9	13
Professionals	66	37	29
Technician and associate professionals	15	7	8
Clerk	36	31	5
Service Workers	131	66	65
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	1 020	125	895
Craft and Related trades workers	290	11	279
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	12	1	11
Elementary occupations	613	196	417

Table 5.53 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 222	2 276	2 946
Armed force	38	3	35
Legislators senior officials and Managers	163	48	115
Professionals	290	185	105
Technician and associate professionals	248	152	96
Clerk	508	397	111
Service Workers	588	255	333
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	152	19	133
Craft and Related trades workers	1 608	97	1 511
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	170	8	162
Elementary occupations	1 457	1 112	345

Table 5.54 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth West Urban

Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 849	1 595	2 254
Armed force	29	5	24
Legislators senior officials and Managers	199	65	134
Professionals	468	255	213
Technician and associate professionals	414	260	154
Clerk	574	442	132
Service Workers	465	249	216
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	56	6	50
Craft and Related trades workers	1 021	53	968
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	195	18	177
Elementary occupations	428	242	186

Table 5.55 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Hardap

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 780	8 806	14 974
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	6 932	1 056	5 876
Mining And Quarrying	500	46	454
Manufacturing	1 028	292	736
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	19	7	12
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	93	14	79
Construction	2 947	81	2 866
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1 931	895	1 036
Transportation and Storage	648	87	561
Accommodation and Food Service activities	931	584	347
Information and Communication	229	103	126
Financial Insurance Activities	728	484	244
Real estate Activities	20	8	12
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	327	198	129
Administrative and Support service activities	1 723	913	810
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	943	348	595
Education	1 036	702	334
Human Health and Social work activities	584	432	152
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	110	39	71
Other Services activities	573	361	212
Activities of Private Households	2 427	2 134	293
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	16	14	2
Don't Know	35	8	27

Table 5.56 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 618	5 870	7 748
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	821	108	713
Mining And Quarrying	410	41	369
Manufacturing	825	239	586
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	16	7	9
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	70	9	61
Construction	2 367	67	2 300
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1 724	784	940
Transportation and Storage	540	80	460
Accommodation and Food Service activities	317	240	77
Information and Communication	210	97	113
Financial Insurance Activities	676	453	223
Real estate Activities	19	7	12
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	288	183	105
Administrative and Support service activities	1 153	620	533
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	695	253	442
Education	782	527	255
Human Health and Social work activities	526	389	137
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	91	29	62
Other Services activities	449	281	168
Activities of Private Households	1 603	1 447	156
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	7	6	1
Don't Know	29	3	26

Table 5.57 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 162	2 936	7 226
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	6 111	948	5 163
Mining And Quarrying	90	5	85
Manufacturing	203	53	150
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	3	0	3
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	23	5	18
Construction	580	14	566
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	207	111	96
Transportation and Storage	108	7	101
accommodation and Food Service activities	614	344	270
Information and Communication	19	6	13
Financial Insurance Activities	52	31	21
Real estate Activities	1	1	0
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	39	15	24
Administrative and Support service activities	570	293	277
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	248	95	153
Education	254	175	79
Human Health and Social work activities	58	43	15
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	19	10	9
Other Services activities	124	80	44
Activities of Private Households	824	687	137
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	9	8	1
Don't Know	6	5	1

Table 5.58 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Gibeon

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 331	1 136	2 195
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	1 708	376	1 332
Mining And Quarrying	41	3	38
Manufacturing	91	19	72
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	0	0	0
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	15	4	11
Construction	153	4	149
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	41	27	14
Transportation and Storage	52	3	49
accommodation and Food Service activities	443	232	211
Information and Communication	3	1	2
Financial Insurance Activities	37	21	16
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	13	4	9
Administrative and Support service activities	322	161	161
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	60	27	33
Education	153	103	50
Human Health and Social work activities	34	25	9
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	13	6	7
Other Services activities	35	25	10
Activities of Private Households	106	86	20
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	8	6	2
Don't Know	3	3	0

Table 5.59 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Rural

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 581	1 539	3 042
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	2 506	388	2 118
Mining And Quarrying	46	1	45
Manufacturing	102	31	71
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	4	1	3
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	7	1	6
Construction	216	11	205
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	141	82	59
Transportation and Storage	39	7	32
Accommodation and Food Service activities	167	109	58
Information and Communication	21	13	8
Financial Insurance Activities	25	19	6
Real estate Activities	1	1	0
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	20	14	6
Administrative and Support service activities	250	107	143
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	59	26	33
Education	164	106	58
Human Health and Social work activities	65	43	22
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	6	5	1
Other Services activities	117	69	48
Activities of Private Households	613	499	114
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	3	3	0
Don't Know	9	3	6

Table 5.60 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Urban

Industry	Total	Female	Male
	4 592	1 777	2 815
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	850	94	756
Mining And Quarrying	60	13	47
Manufacturing	381	94	287
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	2	2	0
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	28	4	24
Construction	428	17	411
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	525	222	303
Transportation and Storage	162	11	151
Accommodation and Food Service activities	141	111	30
Information and Communication	29	9	20
Financial Insurance Activities	135	85	50
Real estate Activities	3	1	2
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	59	33	26
Administrative and Support service activities	266	133	133
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	528	198	330
Education	220	156	64
Human Health and Social work activities	158	114	44
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	13	7	6
Other Services activities	192	135	57
Activities of Private Households	406	335	71
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	2	2	0
Don't Know	4	1	3

Table 5.61 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth Rural

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 205	483	1 722
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	1 383	133	1 250
Mining And Quarrying	26	1	25
Manufacturing	31	13	18
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	1	0	1
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	1	0	1
Construction	256	3	253
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	65	36	29
Transportation and Storage	17	2	15
accommodation and Food Service activities	15	14	1
Information and Communication	11	5	6
Financial Insurance Activities	4	3	1
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	3	0	3
Administrative and Support service activities	115	77	38
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	57	19	38
Education	57	37	20
Human Health and Social work activities	11	9	2
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	6	3	3
Other Services activities	20	8	12
Activities of Private Households	126	120	6

Table 5.62 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 222	2 276	2 946
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	242	29	213
Mining And Quarrying	235	16	219
Manufacturing	254	74	180
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	1	0	1
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	25	0	25
Construction	1 104	28	1 076
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	574	271	303
Transportation and Storage	180	25	155
accommodation and Food Service activities	107	73	34
Information and Communication	47	17	30
Financial Insurance Activities	170	116	54
Real estate Activities	6	4	2
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	101	59	42
Administrative and Support service activities	534	276	258
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	153	46	107
Education	175	117	58
Human Health and Social work activities	145	118	27
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	54	9	45
Other Services activities	98	57	41
Activities of Private Households	1 007	937	70
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	3	3	0
Don't Know	7	1	6

Table 5.63 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth West Urban

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 849	1 595	2 254
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	243	36	207
Mining And Quarrying	92	12	80
Manufacturing	169	61	108
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	11	4	7
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	17	5	12
Construction	790	18	772
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	585	257	328
Transportation and Storage	198	39	159
Accommodation and Food Service activities	58	45	13
Information and Communication	118	58	60
Financial Insurance Activities	357	240	117
Real estate Activities	10	2	8
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	131	88	43
Administrative and Support service activities	236	159	77
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	86	32	54
Education	267	183	84
Human Health and Social work activities	171	123	48
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	18	9	9
Other Services activities	111	67	44
Activities of Private Households	169	157	12
Don't Know	12	0	12

Table 5.64 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Hardap

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 780	8 806	14 974
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	430	83	347
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	1 067	503	564
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	584	100	484
Other Employer	636	234	402
Own Account Worker	597	186	411
Employee (Communal Farms)	815	71	744
Employee (Commercial Farms)	3 113	561	2 552
Employee (Government)	3 349	1 750	1 599
Employee (Parastatal)	985	406	579
Employee (Private)	11 967	4 795	7 172
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	75	44	31
Other Unpaid Family Worker	82	42	40
Other	52	22	30
Don't Know	28	9	19

Table 5.65 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 618	5 870	7 748
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	165	37	128
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	164	50	114
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	55	9	46
Other Employer	497	187	310
Own Account Worker	431	138	293
Employee (Communal Farms)	157	12	145
Employee (Commercial Farms)	101	24	77
Employee (Government)	2 439	1 313	1 126
Employee (Parastatal)	787	335	452
Employee (Private)	8 699	3 701	4 998
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	22	15	7
Other Unpaid Family Worker	45	28	17
Other	36	14	22
Don't Know	20	7	13

Table 5.66 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, rural

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 162	2 936	7 226
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	265	46	219
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	903	453	450
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	529	91	438
Other Employer	139	47	92
Own Account Worker	166	48	118
Employee (Communal Farms)	658	59	599
Employee (Commercial Farms)	3 012	537	2 475
Employee (Government)	910	437	473
Employee (Parastatal)	198	71	127
Employee (Private)	3 268	1 094	2 174
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	53	29	24
Other Unpaid Family Worker	37	14	23
Other	16	8	8
Don't Know	8	2	6

Table 5.67 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Gibeon

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 331	1 136	2 195
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	86	12	74
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	498	239	259
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	106	23	83
Other Employer	59	26	33
Own Account Worker	61	19	42
Employee (Communal Farms)	381	38	343
Employee (Commercial Farms)	452	76	376
Employee (Government)	407	216	191
Employee (Parastatal)	76	34	42
Employee (Private)	1 164	439	725
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	17	6	11
Other Unpaid Family Worker	14	3	11
Other	8	4	4
Don't Know	2	1	1

Table 5.68 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Rural

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 581	1 539	3 042
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	147	34	113
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	153	102	51
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	348	57	291
Other Employer	76	37	39
Own Account Worker	52	18	34
Employee (Communal Farms)	65	8	57
Employee (Commercial Farms)	1 759	420	1 339
Employee (Government)	467	241	226
Employee (Parastatal)	103	51	52
Employee (Private)	1 363	550	813
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	22	13	9
Other Unpaid Family Worker	12	2	10
Other	10	4	6
Don't Know	4	2	2

Table 5.69 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Mariental Urban

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 592	1 777	2 815
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	25	1	24
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	31	11	20
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	62	11	51
Other Employer	40	15	25
Own Account Worker	120	62	58
Employee (Communal Farms)	115	10	105
Employee (Commercial Farms)	184	24	160
Employee (Government)	983	486	497
Employee (Parastatal)	241	75	166
Employee (Private)	2 750	1 056	1 694
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	9	8	1
Other Unpaid Family Worker	12	11	1
Other	15	5	10
Don't Know	5	2	3

Table 5.70 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth Rural

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 205	483	1 722
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	34	3	31
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	224	100	124
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	41	5	36
Other Employer	29	3	26
Own Account Worker	49	9	40
Employee (Communal Farms)	145	6	139
Employee (Commercial Farms)	680	34	646
Employee (Government)	224	108	116
Employee (Parastatal)	17	4	13
Employee (Private)	743	203	540
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	7	3	4
Other Unpaid Family Worker	6	3	3
Other	2	1	1
Don't Know	4	1	3

Table 5.71 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth East Urban

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 222	2 276	2 946
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	103	27	76
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	81	33	48
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	12	2	10
Other Employer	251	99	152
Own Account Worker	190	51	139
Employee (Communal Farms)	19	2	17
Employee (Commercial Farms)	30	7	23
Employee (Government)	681	361	320
Employee (Parastatal)	333	144	189
Employee (Private)	3 472	1 528	1 944
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	4	2	2
Other Unpaid Family Worker	26	14	12
Other	10	5	5
Don't Know	10	1	9

Table 5.72 Employment status for the employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rehoboth West Urban

Main job of employment	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 849	1 595	2 254
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	35	6	29
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	80	18	62
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	15	2	13
Other Employer	181	54	127
Own Account Worker	125	27	98
Employee (Communal Farms)	90	7	83
Employee (Commercial Farms)	8	0	8
Employee (Government)	587	338	249
Employee (Parastatal)	215	98	117
Employee (Private)	2 475	1 019	1 456
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	16	12	4
Other Unpaid Family Worker	12	9	3
Other	7	3	4
Don't Know	3	2	1

Table 6.1 Household population by main source of

Table 6.4 Household population by main source of

income, Hardap

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Farming	1 323	5 234
Business Activity - Non Farming	808	3248
Wages and Salaries	12 401	49 967
Old-Age Pension	2 588	10 834
Cash Remittances	1 287	4 556
Retirement Fund	216	918
Orphan's Grant	114	577
Disability Grant	250	976
Other	320	936

Table 6.2 Household population by main source of income, Urban

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Farming	254	1 092
Business Activity - Non Farming	583	2 445
Wages and Salaries	7 385	32 247
Old-Age Pension	1 420	6 094
Cash Remittances	820	2 910
Retirement Fund	154	671
Orphan's Grant	58	261
Disability Grant	147	628
Other	200	606

Table 6.3 Household population by main source of income, Rural

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Farming	1 069	4 142
Business Activity - Non Farming	225	803
Wages and Salaries	5 016	17 720
Old-Age Pension	1 168	4 740
Cash Remittances	467	1 646
Retirement Fund	62	247
Orphan's Grant	56	316
Disability Grant	103	348
Other	120	330

income, Gibeon

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Farming	490	2 235
Business Activity - Non Farming	104	383
Wages and Salaries	1 244	4 694
Old-Age Pension	573	2 634
Cash Remittances	275	1 011
Retirement Fund	34	164
Orphan's Grant	20	101
Disability Grant	56	211
Other	9	28

Table 6.5 Household population by main source of income, Mariental Rural

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Farming	427	1467
Business Activity - Non Farming	108	429
Wages and Salaries	2 365	9 226
Old-Age Pension	466	1985
Cash Remittances	312	1167
Retirement Fund	25	86
Orphan's Grant	25	140
Disability Grant	53	219
Other	102	320

Table 6.6 Household population by main source of income, Mariental Urban

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Farming	111	425
Business Activity - Non Farming	252	1 008
Wages and Salaries	2 694	10 919
Old-Age Pension	258	1343
Cash Remittances	131	479
Retirement Fund	54	233
Orphan's Grant	17	112
Disability Grant	31	135
Other	37	96

Table 6.7 Household population by main source of income, Rehoboth Rural

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Farming	159	541
Business Activity - Non Farming	53	191
Wages and Salaries	1 310	4 151
Old-Age Pension	433	1 568
Cash Remittances	135	444
Retirement Fund	17	69
Orphan's Grant	18	82
Disability Grant	25	86
Other	24	63

Table 6.8 Household population by main source of income, Rehoboth East Urban

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Farming	58	242
Business Activity - Non Farming	201	876
Wages and Salaries	2 849	12 637
Old-Age Pension	448	1899
Cash Remittances	338	1 127
Retirement Fund	39	176
Orphan's Grant	23	95
Disability Grant	58	230
Other	133	389

Table 6.9 Household population by main source of income, Rehoboth West Urban

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Farming	78	324
Business Activity - Non Farming	90	361
Wages and Salaries	1 939	8 340
Old-Age Pension	410	1 405
Cash Remittances	96	328
Retirement Fund	47	190
Orphan's Grant	11	47
Disability Grant	27	95
Other	15	40

Table 6.9 Distribution of households owning selected assets by area

Area	Households	Household selected assets						
		Car	Bicycle	Animal Drawn Cart	Radio	Television	Telephone (Mobile)	Computer/ Laptop
Hardap	19 307	4 414	2 124	2 331	13 863	10 220	13 293	2 767
Urban	11 021	2 977	1 275	480	8 419	7 586	8 045	2 023
Rural	8 286	1 437	849	1851	5 444	2 634	5 248	744
Gibeon	2 805	471	289	833	1 986	831	1 821	227
Mariental Rural	3 883	639	369	714	2 546	1 470	2 528	437
Mariental Urban	3 585	760	368	94	2 687	2 284	2 654	645
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	360	165	456	1 174	560	1 240	83
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	844	467	130	3 160	2 754	2 706	505
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	1 340	466	104	2 310	2 321	2 344	870

Table 6.10 Distribution of households owning communication assets by area

Area	Households	Radio	Television	Telephone (Fixed)	Telephone (Mobile)	Computer/ Laptop	Home Internet Connectivity
Hardap	19 307	13 863	10 220	2 819	13 293	2 767	675
Urban	11 021	8 419	7 586	1 799	8 045	2 023	321
Rural	8 286	5 444	2 634	1 020	5 248	744	354
Gibeon	2 805	1 986	831	351	1 821	227	73
Mariental Rural	3 883	2 546	1 470	544	2 528	437	227
Mariental Urban	3 585	2 687	2 284	455	2 654	645	160
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	1 174	560	191	1 240	83	17
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	3 160	2 754	462	2 706	505	58
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	2 310	2 321	816	2 344	870	140

Table 6.11 Distribution of households owning transportation assets by area

Area	Households	Car	Motorbike	Bicycle	Animal Drawn Cart	Truck	Boat	Pickup Truck	Bus	Others
Hardap	19 307	4 414	462	2 124	2 331	328	91	649	64	130
Urban	11 021	2 977	149	1275	480	117	34	176	45	81
Rural	8 286	1 437	313	849	1 851	211	57	473	19	49
Gibeon	2 805	471	44	289	833	43	16	145	7	13
Mariental Rural	3 883	639	208	369	714	133	14	290	11	29
Mariental Urban	3 585	760	79	368	94	52	25	114	6	22
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	360	36	165	456	19	16	18	2	8
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	844	34	467	130	41	9	11	13	29
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	1 340	61	466	104	40	11	71	25	29

Table 6.12 Distribution of households owning utilities by area

	Households	Refrigerator/Freezer	Stove	Microwave
Hardap	19 307	9 747	11 627	5 399
Urban	11 021	7 244	8 188	4 201
Rural	8 286	2 503	3 439	1 198
Gibeon	2 805	883	1 191	317
Mariental Rural	3 883	1 270	1 707	744
Mariental Urban	3 585	2 233	2 483	1 098
Rehoboth Rural	2 174	596	841	243
Rehoboth East Urban	4 147	2 457	2 949	1 232
Rehoboth West Urban	2 713	2 308	2 456	1 765

Table 6.13 Households and population main language spoken, Hardap

Main languages	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
San languages	37	143
Caprivi languages	56	162
Herero languages	143	492
Kavango languages	409	1435
Nama/Damara languages	8 359	36 990
Oshiwambo languages	1 883	5 218
Setswana	71	256
Afrikaans	7 910	31 264
German	45	135
English	330	949
Other European languages	21	60
Other African languages	23	77
Asian languages	15	54
Don't know	5	11

Table 6.14 Households and population main language spoken, Urban

Main languages	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
San languages	7	32
Caprivi languages	39	111
Herero languages	69	234
Kavango languages	185	804
Nama/Damara languages	3 843	18 378
Oshiwambo languages	1 094	3 369
Setswana	33	117
Afrikaans	5 506	23 178
German	12	38
English	191	543
Other European languages	10	31
Other African languages	20	69
Asian languages	10	43
Don't know	2	7

Table 6.15 Households and population main language spoken, Rural

Main languages	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
San languages	30	111
Caprivi languages	17	51
Herero languages	74	258
Kavango languages	224	631
Nama/Damara languages	4 516	18 612
Oshiwambo languages	789	1849
Setswana	38	139
Afrikaans	2 404	8 086
German	33	97
English	139	406
Other European languages	11	29
Other African languages	3	8
Asian languages	5	11
Don't know	3	4

Table 6.16 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Hardap

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	5 058	22 152
Livestock	3 753	16 237
Horticulture	126	553
Crop	627	2 799
Agro processing	38	145
Poultry	491	2 327
Other	23	91

Table 6.17 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Urban

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	1 996	9 146
Livestock	1 488	6 825
Horticulture	53	264
Crop	221	967
Agro processing	21	93
Poultry	200	958
Other	13	39

Table 6.18 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Rural

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	3 062	13 006
Livestock	2 265	9 412
Horticulture	73	289
Crop	406	1 832
Agro processing	17	52
Poultry	291	1 369
Other	10	52

Table 6.19 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Gibeon

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	1 355	6 440
Livestock	1 047	4 928
Horticulture	46	181
Crop	201	983
Agro processing	0	0
Poultry	59	336
Other	2	12

Table 6.20 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Rehoboth West Urban

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	579	2 378
Livestock	402	1 654
Horticulture	8	38
Crop	56	236
Agro processing	13	42
Poultry	98	404
Other	2	4

Table 6.21 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Mariental Rural

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	1 016	4 161
Livestock	813	3 231
Horticulture	10	51
Crop	77	313
Agro processing	7	21
Poultry	102	515
Other	7	30

Table 6.22 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Mariental Urban

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	706	3 287
Livestock	535	2 531
Horticulture	15	61
Crop	88	380
Agro processing	5	23
Poultry	58	272
Other	5	20

Table 6.23 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Rehoboth Rural

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	815	3 122
Livestock	580	2 178
Horticulture	22	95
Crop	88	351
Agro processing	10	33
Poultry	113	453
Other	2	12

Table 6.24 Households and population by type of own agricultural activity, Rehoboth East Urban

Agricultural activity	Households	Population
Total	587	2 764
Livestock	376	1 715
Horticulture	25	127
Crop	117	536
Agro processing	3	26
Poultry	61	347
Other	5	13

Table 7.1 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Hardap

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Detached House	11 441	47 505
Semi-Detached House	1 784	7 552
Apartment/Flat	715	1 998
Guest Flat	94	299
Part Commercial/Industrial	74	285
Mobile Home	95	290
Single Quarters	181	606
Traditional Dwelling	112	402
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	4 777	18 177
Other	34	132

Table 7.2 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Urban

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Detached House	6 217	28 151
Semi-Detached House	904	4 090
Apartment/Flat	437	1 257
Guest Flat	66	195
Part Commercial/Industrial	46	178
Mobile Home	21	88
Single Quarters	82	324
Traditional Dwelling	29	144
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	3 209	12 479
Other	10	48

Table 7.3 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Rural

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Detached House	5 224	19 354
Semi-Detached House	880	3 462
Apartment/Flat	278	741
Guest Flat	28	104
Part Commercial/Industrial	28	107
Mobile Home	74	202
Single Quarters	99	282
Traditional Dwelling	83	258
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	1 568	5 698
Other	24	84

Table 7.4 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Gibeon

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Detached House	1 924	7 987
Semi-Detached House	312	1 470
Apartment/Flat	73	241
Guest Flat	11	20
Part Commercial/Industrial	2	3
Mobile Home	29	85
Single Quarters	35	125
Traditional Dwelling	35	112
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	375	1 384
Other	9	34

Table 7.5 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Mariental Rural

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Detached House	2 072	8 281
Semi-Detached House	465	1 856
Apartment/Flat	124	269
Guest Flat	9	31
Part Commercial/Industrial	9	37
Mobile Home	24	75
Single Quarters	38	142
Traditional Dwelling	19	60
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	1 116	4 260
Other	7	28

Table 7.6 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Mariental Urban

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Detached House	1 742	7 706
Semi-Detached House	308	1 232
Apartment/Flat	285	720
Guest Flat	10	57
Part Commercial/Industrial	30	103
Mobile Home	21	73
Single Quarters	66	164
Traditional Dwelling	30	113
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	1 089	4 555
Other	4	27

Table 7.7 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Rehoboth Rural

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Detached House	1 531	5 113
Semi-Detached House	200	661
Apartment/Flat	45	141
Guest Flat	5	12
Part Commercial/Industrial	10	35
Mobile Home	9	16
Single Quarters	17	52
Traditional Dwelling	13	35
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	336	1117
Other	8	13

Table 7.8 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Rehoboth West Urban

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Detached House	2 157	9 122
Semi-Detached House	186	771
Apartment/Flat	88	304
Guest Flat	46	137
Part Commercial/Industrial	2	11
Mobile Home	6	24
Single Quarters	12	62
Traditional Dwelling	5	17
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	210	673
Other	1	9

Table 7.9 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Rehoboth East Urban

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Detached House	2 015	9 296
Semi-Detached House	313	1 562
Apartment/Flat	100	323
Guest Flat	13	42
Part Commercial/Industrial	21	96
Mobile Home	6	17
Single Quarters	13	61
Traditional Dwelling	10	65
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	1 651	6 188
Other	5	21

Table 7.11 Households and Population by tenure status, Hardap

Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	2 812	12 935
Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	9 441	39 120
Rented (Government)	387	1 386
Rented (Local Authority)	496	2 466
Rented (Parastatal)	52	210
Rented (Private Firm)	344	1 202
Rented (Individual)	1 118	4 011
Occupied Rent Free	4 624	15 767
Other	33	149

Table 7.12 Households and Population by tenure status, Urban

Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	2 295	10 699
Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	5 730	25 018
Rented (Government)	387	1 386
Rented (Local Authority)	315	1 552
Rented (Parastatal)	52	210
Rented (Private Firm)	183	712
Rented (Individual)	972	3 504
Occupied Rent Free	1 063	3 767
Other	24	106

Table 7.13 Households and Population b tenure status, Rural

Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	517	2 236
Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	3 711	14 102
Rented (Government)	0	0
Rented (Local Authority)	181	914
Rented (Parastatal)	0	0
Rented (Private Firm)	161	490
Rented (Individual)	146	507
Occupied Rent Free	3 561	12 000
Other	9	43

Table 7.14 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Hardap

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Cement Blocks/Brick	11 810	49 090
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	67	264
Mud/Day Bricks	26	99
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	6 782	25 379
Prefabricated Materials	227	935
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	54	200
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	16	46
Tin	256	1 004
Other	69	229

Table 7.15 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Urban

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Cement Blocks/Brick	6 881	30 791
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	38	137
Mud/Day Bricks	9	49
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	3 859	15 005
Prefabricated Materials	87	406
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	23	80
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	11	39
Tin	92	376
Other	21	71

Table 7.16 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Rural

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Cement Blocks/Brick	4 929	18 299
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	29	127
Mud/Day Bricks	17	50
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	2 923	10 374
Prefabricated Materials	140	529
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	31	120
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	5	7
Tin	164	628
Other	48	158

Table 7.17 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Gibeon

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 550	6 658
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	7	47
Mud/Day Bricks	6	38
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 164	4 438
Prefabricated Materials	34	115
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	7	30
Tin	17	73
Other	20	62

Table 7.18 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Mariental Rural

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Cement Blocks/Brick	2 393	9 342
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	29	105
Mud/Day Bricks	4	12
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 273	4 872
Prefabricated Materials	73	300
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	15	58
Tin	68	244
Other	28	106

Table 7.19 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Mariental Urban

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Cement Blocks/Brick	2 082	8 882
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	17	45
Mud/Day Bricks	3	6
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 362	5 331
Prefabricated Materials	56	229
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	8	27
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	4	8
Tin	47	203
Other	6	19

Table 7.20 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Rehoboth Rural

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 164	3 908
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	5	20
Mud/Day Bricks	6	11
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	852	2 715
Prefabricated Materials	30	124
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	8	24
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	3	5
Tin	97	365
Other	9	23

Table 7.21 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Rehoboth East Urban

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Cement Blocks/Brick	2 204	10 213
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	2	15
Mud/Day Bricks	4	21
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 884	7 201
Prefabricated Materials	23	116
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	6	13
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	2	10
Tin	17	64
Other	5	18

Table 7.22 Households and Population by main material used for wall, Rehoboth West Urban

Main material used for Wall	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Cement Blocks/Brick	2 417	10 087
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	7	32
Mud/Day Bricks	3	11
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	247	822
Prefabricated Materials	11	51
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	10	48
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	7	23
Tin	10	55
Other	1	1

Table 7.23 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Hardap

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Corrugated Iron Sheet	18 480	73 809
Asbestos Sheet	326	1 390
Brick Tiles	27	95
Concrete	21	92
Thatch Grass	14	38
Slate	24	112
Wood Covered with melthoid	35	164
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	9	33
Tin	306	1 279
Other	65	234

Table 7.24 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Urban

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Corrugated Iron Sheet	10 666	45 447
Asbestos Sheet	178	717
Brick Tiles	4	11
Concrete	9	51
Thatch Grass	6	14
Slate	17	98
Wood Covered with melthoid	27	134
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	4	13
Tin	88	403
Other	22	66

Table 7.25 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Rural

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Corrugated Iron Sheet	7 814	28 362
Asbestos Sheet	148	673
Brick Tiles	23	84
Concrete	12	41
Thatch Grass	8	24
Slate	7	14
Wood Covered with melthoid	8	30
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	5	20
Tin	218	876
Other	43	168

Table 7.26 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Gibeon

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 621	10 641
Asbestos Sheet	112	525
Brick Tiles	3	14
Concrete	2	6
Thatch Grass	4	15
Slate	2	3
Wood Covered with melthoid	14	73
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	0	0
Tin	32	135
Other	15	49

Table 7.27 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Mariental Rural

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Corrugated Iron Sheet	3 645	13 989
Asbestos Sheet	63	290
Brick Tiles	5	15
Concrete	3	5
Thatch Grass	5	11
Slate	19	101
Wood Covered with melthoid	6	27
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	1	8
Tin	111	508
Other	25	85

Table 7.28 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Mariental Urban

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Corrugated Iron Sheet	3 492	14 360
Asbestos Sheet	31	113
Brick Tiles	18	64
Concrete	11	56
Thatch Grass	1	3
Slate	1	3
Wood Covered with melthoid	3	11
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	3	7
Tin	15	66
Other	10	67

Table 7.29 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Rehoboth Rural

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 042	6 765
Asbestos Sheet	12	32
Brick Tiles	0	0
Concrete	1	3
Thatch Grass	0	0
Slate	1	1
Wood Covered with melthoid	1	2
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	1	5
Tin	105	366
Other	11	21

Table 7.30 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Rehoboth East Urban

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Corrugated Iron Sheet	4 065	17 338
Asbestos Sheet	66	268
Brick Tiles	0	0
Concrete	2	14
Thatch Grass	0	0
Slate	1	4
Wood Covered with melthoid	2	8
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	1	6
Tin	7	22
Other	3	11

Table 7.31 Households and Population by main material used for roof, Rehoboth West Urban

Main material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 615	10 716
Asbestos Sheet	42	162
Brick Tiles	1	2
Concrete	2	8
Thatch Grass	4	9
Slate	0	0
Wood Covered with melthoid	9	43
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	3	7
Tin	36	182
Other	1	1

Table 7.32 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Hardap

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Sand/Earth	4 464	16 513
Cement	10 515	43 960
Mud/Clay	89	311
Wood	115	417
Concrete	299	1 216
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	3 705	14 426
Other	120	403

Table 7.33 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Urban

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Sand/Earth	2 720	10 451
Cement	5 096	23 502
Mud/Clay	43	159
Wood	31	147
Concrete	169	701
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	2 919	11 847
Other	43	147

Table 7.34 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Rural

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Sand/Earth	1 744	6 062
Cement	5 419	20 458
Mud/Clay	46	152
Wood	84	270
Concrete	130	515
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	786	2 579
Other	77	256

Table 7.35 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Gibeon

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Sand/Earth	548	1 913
Cement	1 946	8 366
Mud/Clay	21	89
Wood	22	88
Concrete	14	45
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	220	847
Other	34	113

Table 7.36 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Mariental Rural

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Sand/Earth	971	3 780
Cement	2 415	9 637
Mud/Clay	16	40
Wood	16	46
Concrete	36	156
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	400	1 273
Other	29	107

Table 7.37 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Mariental Urban

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Sand/Earth	930	3 740
Cement	1 604	7 046
Mud/Clay	10	27
Wood	54	170
Concrete	82	298
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	883	3 395
Other	22	74

Table 7.38 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Rehoboth Rural

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Sand/Earth	574	1 846
Cement	1 339	4 396
Mud/Clay	6	13
Wood	5	21
Concrete	71	311
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	170	586
Other	9	22

Table 7.39 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Rehoboth East Urban

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Sand/Earth	1 262	4 657
Cement	2 046	9 509
Mud/Clay	29	110
Wood	10	56
Concrete	77	338
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	701	2 928
Other	22	73

Table 7.40 Households and Population by main material used for floor, Rehoboth West Urban

Main material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Sand/Earth	179	577
Cement	1 165	5 006
Mud/Clay	7	32
Wood	8	36
Concrete	19	68
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	1 331	5 397
Other	4	14

Table 7.41 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Hardap

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Electricity from Mains	9 396	39 193
Electricity from Generator	93	430
Gas	1 064	3 677
Paraffin/Kerosene	26	70
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	8 597	33 344
Charcoal-coal	90	365
Solar Energy	21	68
Other	20	99

Table 7.42 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Urban

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Electricity from Mains	7 307	31 764
Electricity from Generator	76	358
Gas	479	1 746
Paraffin/Kerosene	18	37
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 102	12 900
Charcoal-coal	27	113
Solar Energy	2	10
Other	10	26

Table 7.43 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Rural

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Electricity from Mains	2 089	7 429
Electricity from Generator	17	72
Gas	585	1 931
Paraffin/Kerosene	8	33
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	5 495	20 444
Charcoal-coal	63	252
Solar Energy	19	58
Other	10	73

Table 7.44 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Gibeon

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Electricity from Mains	631	2 827
Electricity from Generator	9	51
Gas	283	993
Paraffin/Kerosene	3	12
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 864	7 527
Charcoal-coal	5	19
Solar Energy	9	28
Other	1	4

Table 7.45 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Mariental Rural

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Electricity from Mains	1 122	3 886
Electricity from Generator	1	2
Gas	240	796
Paraffin/Kerosene	3	9
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 474	10 142
Charcoal-coal	37	179
Solar Energy	5	15
Other	1	10

Table 7.46 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Mariental Urban

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Electricity from Mains	2 179	9 171
Electricity from Generator	5	9
Gas	239	806
Paraffin/Kerosene	13	22
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 137	4 673
Charcoal-coal	4	19
Solar Energy	3	11
Other	5	39

Table 7.47 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Rehoboth Rural

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Electricity from Mains	454	1 733
Electricity from Generator	2	10
Gas	114	374
Paraffin/Kerosene	3	17
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 567	4 955
Charcoal-coal	30	97
Solar Energy	4	9

Table 7.48 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Rehoboth East Urban

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Electricity from Mains	2 579	11 413
Electricity from Generator	75	354
Gas	115	437
Paraffin/Kerosene	3	6
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1356	5387
Charcoal-coal	8	25
Solar Energy	1	7
Other	10	42

Table 7.49 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Rehoboth West Urban

Main source of energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Electricity from Mains	2 431	10 163
Electricity from Generator	1	4
Gas	73	271
Paraffin/Kerosene	1	4
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	199	660
Charcoal-coal	6	26
Other	2	2

Table 7.50 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Hardap

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Electricity from Mains	12 803	54 206
Electricity from Generator	272	1 152
Gas	22	60
Paraffin/Kerosene	673	2 373
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	96	378
Charcoal-coal	1	11
Candles	5 092	17 826
Solar Energy	325	1 147
Other	23	93

Table 7.51 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Urban

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Electricity from Mains	9 022	39 700
Electricity from Generator	92	414
Gas	12	36
Paraffin/Kerosene	120	391
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	26	115
Candles	1 728	6 227
Solar Energy	11	37
Other	10	34

Table 7.52 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Rural

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Electricity from Mains	3 781	14 506
Electricity from Generator	180	738
Gas	10	24
Paraffin/Kerosene	553	1 982
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	70	263
Charcoal-coal	1	11
Candles	3 364	11 599
Solar Energy	314	1 110
Other	13	59

Table 7.53 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Gibeon

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Electricity from Mains	971	4 332
Electricity from Generator	97	461
Gas	2	4
Paraffin/Kerosene	227	865
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	7	24
Candles	1 362	5 269
Solar Energy	136	501
Other	3	5

Table 7.54 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Mariental Rural

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Electricity from Mains	2 289	8 883
Electricity from Generator	38	123
Gas	5	21
Paraffin/Kerosene	74	293
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	38	209
Charcoal-coal	1	11
Candles	1 348	5 149
Solar Energy	86	337
Other	4	13

Table 7.55 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Mariental Urban

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Electricity from Mains	2 882	12 290
Electricity from Generator	19	54
Gas	1	1
Paraffin/Kerosene	30	89
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	12	32
Candles	618	2 173
Solar Energy	19	67
Other	4	44

Table 7.56 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Rehoboth Rural

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Electricity from Mains	726	2 957
Electricity from Generator	31	115
Gas	7	15
Paraffin/Kerosene	254	843
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	22	57
Candles	1 054	2 993
Solar Energy	75	208
Other	5	7

Table 7.58 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Rehoboth West Urban

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Electricity from Mains	2 515	10 502
Electricity from Generator	3	12
Gas	4	11
Paraffin/Kerosene	35	135
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2	11
Candles	149	438
Solar Energy	5	21

Table 7.59 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Rehoboth East Urban

Main source of energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Electricity from Mains	3 420	15 242
Electricity from Generator	84	387
Gas	3	8
Paraffin/Kerosene	53	148
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	15	45
Candles	561	1 804
Solar Energy	4	13
Other	7	24

Table 7.59 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Hardap

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Piped Water Inside	7 534	32 526
Piped Water Outside	3 611	14 995
Public Pipe	3 266	12 680
Borehole with Tank Covered	3 556	12 397
Borehole with Open Tank	378	1 228
River/Dam/Stream	394	1 448
Canal	64	211
Well Protected	66	265
Well Unprotected	17	61
Other	421	1 435

Table 7.60 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Urban

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Piped Water Inside	6 074	26 878
Piped Water Outside	2 043	9 123
Public Pipe	2 211	8 617
Borehole with Tank Covered	153	467
Borehole with Open Tank	70	230
River/Dam/Stream	50	199
Canal	1	3
Well Protected	54	221
Well Unprotected	8	35
Other	357	1 181

Table 7.61 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Rural

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Piped Water Inside	1 460	5 648
Piped Water Outside	1 568	5 872
Public Pipe	1 055	4 063
Borehole with Tank Covered	3 403	11 930
Borehole with Open Tank	308	998
River/Dam/Stream	344	1 249
Canal	63	208
Well Protected	12	44
Well Unprotected	9	26
Other	64	254

Table 7.62 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Gibeon

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Piped Water Inside	705	3 109
Piped Water Outside	720	3 062
Public Pipe	287	1 085
Borehole with Tank Covered	883	3 360
Borehole with Open Tank	39	162
River/Dam/Stream	135	542
Canal	0	0
Well Protected	2	12
Well Unprotected	3	6
Other	31	123

Table 7.63 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Mariental Rural

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Piped Water Inside	589	2 379
Piped Water Outside	592	2 537
Public Pipe	1 092	4 258
Borehole with Tank Covered	1 459	5 279
Borehole with Open Tank	93	354
River/Dam/Stream	31	128
Canal	1	2
Well Protected	0	0
Well Unprotected	0	0
Other	26	102

Table 7.64 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Mariental Urban

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Piped Water Inside	1 456	6 152
Piped Water Outside	766	3 085
Public Pipe	1 098	4 502
Borehole with Tank Covered	136	517
Borehole with Open Tank	27	97
River/Dam/Stream	16	93
Canal	62	206
Well Protected	9	29
Well Unprotected	1	1
Other	14	68

Table 7.65 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Rehoboth Rural

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Piped Water Inside	352	1 352
Piped Water Outside	387	1 324
Public Pipe	203	853
Borehole with Tank Covered	874	2 608
Borehole with Open Tank	165	457
River/Dam/Stream	167	513
Canal	0	0
Well Protected	8	29
Well Unprotected	5	19
Other	13	40

Table 7.66 Households and Population by main source of water of water for cooking/drinking, Rehoboth East Urban

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Piped Water Inside	2 077	9 675
Piped Water Outside	985	4 357
Public Pipe	570	1 898
Borehole with Tank Covered	131	417
Borehole with Open Tank	9	22
River/Dam/Stream	12	40
Well Protected	38	174
Well Unprotected	6	28
Other	319	1 060

Table 7.67 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Rehoboth West Urban

Main source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Piped Water Inside	2 355	9 859
Piped Water Outside	161	630
Public Pipe	16	84
Borehole with Tank Covered	73	216
Borehole with Open Tank	45	136
River/Dam/Stream	33	132
Canal	1	3
Well Protected	9	21
Well Unprotected	2	7
Other	18	42

Table 7.68 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Hardap

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	7 759	33 428
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	1 222	4 641
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	1 167	4 798
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	388	1 566
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	224	951
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	367	1 606
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	164	610
Bucket Toilet	1 196	5 115
No Toilet Facility	6 737	24 217
Other	83	314

Table 7.69 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Urban

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	6 041	26 866
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	728	2 974
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	323	1 633
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	91	518
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	69	358
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	160	690
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	104	424
Bucket Toilet	734	3 269
No Toilet Facility	2 710	9 994
Other	61	228

Table 7.70 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Rural

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	1 718	6 562
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	494	1 667
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	844	3 165
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	297	1 048
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	155	593
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	207	916
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	60	186
Bucket Toilet	462	1 846
No Toilet Facility	4 027	14 223
Other	22	86

Table 7.71 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Gibeon

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	754	3 328
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	180	754
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	217	882
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	46	186
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	55	234
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	72	344
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	16	53
Bucket Toilet	139	647
No Toilet Facility	1 319	5 012
Other	7	21

Table 7.72 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Mariental Rural

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	828	3 236
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	312	1 081
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	474	1 833
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	177	636
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	41	154
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	86	334
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	33	117
Bucket Toilet	161	719
No Toilet Facility	1 762	6 892
Other	9	37

Table 7.73 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Mariental Urban

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	1 529	6 544
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	256	885
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	138	718
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	86	469
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	20	63
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	19	112
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	4	9
Bucket Toilet	25	114
No Toilet Facility	1 502	5 817
Other	6	19

Table 7.74 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Rehoboth Rural

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	403	1 565
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	68	208
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	218	788
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	64	206
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	33	123
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	43	181
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	15	42
Bucket Toilet	244	878
No Toilet Facility	1 085	3 194
Other	1	10

Table 7.75 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Rehoboth East Urban

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	1 982	9 273
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	217	912
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	113	551
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	11	49
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	63	320
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	127	553
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	87	353
Bucket Toilet	589	2 631
No Toilet Facility	902	2 813
Other	56	216

Table 7.76 Households and Population by source of toilet facility, Rehoboth West Urban

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	2 263	9 482
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	189	801
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	7	26
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	4	20
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	12	57
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	20	82
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	9	36
Bucket Toilet	38	126
No Toilet Facility	167	489
Other	4	11

Table 7.77 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Hardap

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	19 307	77 246
Regularly Collected	9 551	41 797
Irregularly Collected	666	2 501
Burning	4 621	16 246
Roadside Dumping	1 937	7 269
Rubbish Pit	2 502	9 300
Other	30	133

Table 7.78 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Urban

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	11 021	46 954
Regularly Collected	8 365	36 952
Irregularly Collected	303	1 079
Burning	500	1 753
Roadside Dumping	1 115	4 258
Rubbish Pit	732	2 887
Other	6	25

Table 7.79 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Rural

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	8 286	30 292
Regularly Collected	1 186	4 845
Irregularly Collected	363	1 422
Burning	4 121	14 493
Roadside Dumping	822	3 011
Rubbish Pit	1 770	6 413
Other	24	108

Table 7.80 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Gibeon

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	2 805	11 461
Regularly Collected	812	3 710
Irregularly Collected	183	692
Burning	1 408	5 582
Roadside Dumping	139	528
Rubbish Pit	261	942
Other	2	7

Table 7.81 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Mariental Rural

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	3 883	15 039
Regularly Collected	999	4 137
Irregularly Collected	67	313
Burning	1 413	5 059
Roadside Dumping	602	2 333
Rubbish Pit	794	3 167
Other	8	30

Table 7.82 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Mariental Urban

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	3 585	14 750
Regularly Collected	1 987	8 901
Irregularly Collected	173	567
Burning	300	996
Roadside Dumping	669	2 526
Rubbish Pit	446	1 706
Other	10	54

Table 7.83 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Rehoboth Rural

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	2 174	7 195
Regularly Collected	175	716
Irregularly Collected	102	414
Burning	1 175	3 573
Roadside Dumping	207	755
Rubbish Pit	511	1 726
Other	4	11

Table 7.84 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Rehoboth East Urban

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	4 147	17 671
Regularly Collected	3 056	13 774
Irregularly Collected	126	475
Burning	200	656
Roadside Dumping	303	1 071
Rubbish Pit	457	1 665
Other	5	30

Table 7.85 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Rehoboth West Urban

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	2 713	11 130
Regularly Collected	2 522	10 559
Irregularly Collected	15	40
Burning	125	380
Roadside Dumping	17	56
Rubbish Pit	33	94
Other	1	1

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