

NATIONAL PROXIMITY ATLAS 2:

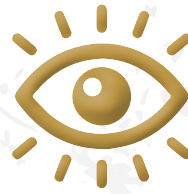
PENSIONER POPULATION TO POSTAL SERVICES



Namibia Statistics
Agency



April 2026



Vision

“To be a high-performance institution in quality statistics delivery”



Mission

“Leveraging on partnerships and innovative technologies, to produce and disseminate relevant, quality, timely statistics and spatial data that are fit-for-purpose in accordance with international standards and best practice”



Core Values

Integrity
Excellent Performance
Professionalism
Accountability
Partnerships
Customer-focused



I. FOREWORD

The Namibia Statistics Agency continues to strengthen the integration of geospatial and statistical information as a foundation for evidence-based planning and inclusive service delivery. The 2023 digital Population and Housing Census has provided the most comprehensive national dwelling unit geospatial dataset ever produced in Namibia. By linking demographic information to the precise location of every dwelling structure, the country is now equipped to undertake detailed proximity and accessibility analyses for a wide range of essential services.

This is the second edition of National Proximity Atlases or series of publications produced using the 2023 Namibia Population and Housing Census dataset. This atlas analyses the proximity of the pensioners population to postal services, a vital component of public service delivery, particularly for pension payments and other related services. Understanding how post offices are distributed, and how far pensioners (persons aged 60 years or older) must travel to access them, is critical for ensuring equitable service provision, especially in rural and remote parts of the country where distance and sparse infrastructure can limit access.

The geospatial information relating to the location of postal offices was derived within the National Spatial Data Infrastructure (NSDI) as supplied by the Namibia Post Ltd. The analysis presented here demonstrates the value of the NSDI and the importance of maintaining accurate, authoritative datasets across all sectors. The collaboration between custodians of population data and postal infrastructure highlights how spatial integration supports practical decision-making. As additional thematic editions of the Proximity Atlas are developed,

the Namibia Statistics Agency remains committed to producing relevant and spatially enabled statistics that support national development priorities.

I trust that the insights provided in this atlas will contribute to improved planning and enhanced service delivery for communities across Namibia.

ALEX SHIMUAFENI
STATISTICIAN-GENERAL & CEO



II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This edition of the National Proximity Atlas presents a spatial analysis of postal services in Namibia, focusing on their distribution and accessibility to the pensioner population (persons aged 60 years or older). The analysis draws on a key dataset from the National Spatial Data Infrastructure (NSDI), the mapped locations of all post offices, and integrates these with pensioner population data sourced from the 2023 National Dwelling Unit Frame (DUF) as updated from the 2023 Namibia Population and Housing Census. The DUF represents every mapped dwelling structure in the country and

contains demographic attributes collected during census enumeration. Each pensioner counted in this analysis is therefore linked to a specific household location, enabling detailed measurement of proximity, coverage, and service ratios across all regions and constituencies

Nationally, a total of 135 post offices were mapped and analysed. The distribution of these facilities is uneven, with Khomas Region hosting the highest percentage at 20.0 percent, followed by //Kharas with 13.3 percent and Erongo with 10.4 percent. In contrast, some regions have very few post offices, with Kavango East and Kavango West each at 1.5 percent and Zambezi at 3.0 percent. These differences directly influence accessibility outcomes and highlight regional disparities in postal service availability.

The ratio of post offices to pensioners further illuminates these disparities. //Kharas Region recorded the most favourable ratio at one (1) post office for every 365 pensioners, indicating comparatively better service availability relative to population size. Other regions such as Hardap and Omaheke also show moderate

ratios. However, several regions face significant service pressure: Kavango East has the highest national ratio at 1:6 739, followed by Kavango West at 1:4 411 and Omusati at 1:3 644, with Ohangwena also recording a high burden of 1:3 013. These figures reveal areas where the number of pensioners far exceeds the service capacity implied by the number of available post offices.

Accessibility analysis, based on a 10-kilometre buffer around each post office shows further variation in how easily pensioners can reach postal services. Regions such as Khomas and Erongo recorded high levels of accessibility, with 89.4 percent and 84.7 percent of pensioners respectively living within 10 kilometres of a post office. Moderate levels of coverage were observed in regions like Otjozondjupa and Oshana, while several others face substantial challenges. Kavango West recorded only 13.7 percent of pensioners within 10 kilometres of a post office, and Kavango East, Kunene, Zambezi, Ohangwena and parts of Omusati also show considerable accessibility gaps.

At constituency level, the analysis reveals stark contrasts. Urban constituencies such as Walvis Bay Urban, Ondangwa Urban and most constituencies in Khomas show near-complete or full coverage within 10 kilometres. In contrast, many rural constituencies—including Mashare, Ndiyona, Ndonga Linena, Mankumpi, Musese, Ncamagoro, Judea Lyabboloma, Kabbe South, and Linyanti—recorded no pensioners within the 10-kilometre buffer of any post office. Other rural constituencies show very low proportions, reflecting the vast distances, sparse settlement patterns and limited infrastructure present in these areas.

This Proximity to Postal Services Edition demonstrates the importance of integrating high-resolution census data with authoritative spatial datasets to quantify service access across the country. By combining the DUF, pensioner distribution and the national network of post offices, the analysis provides clear evidence of geographic inequalities and areas where targeted intervention is necessary to improve access. These insights support more informed planning, identifies infrastructural development gaps, and aids in efficient allocation of resources and inclusive service delivery for pensioners across Namibia.

ALEX MUDABETI

EXECUTIVE: GIS AND NSDI COORDINATION

Table of Contents

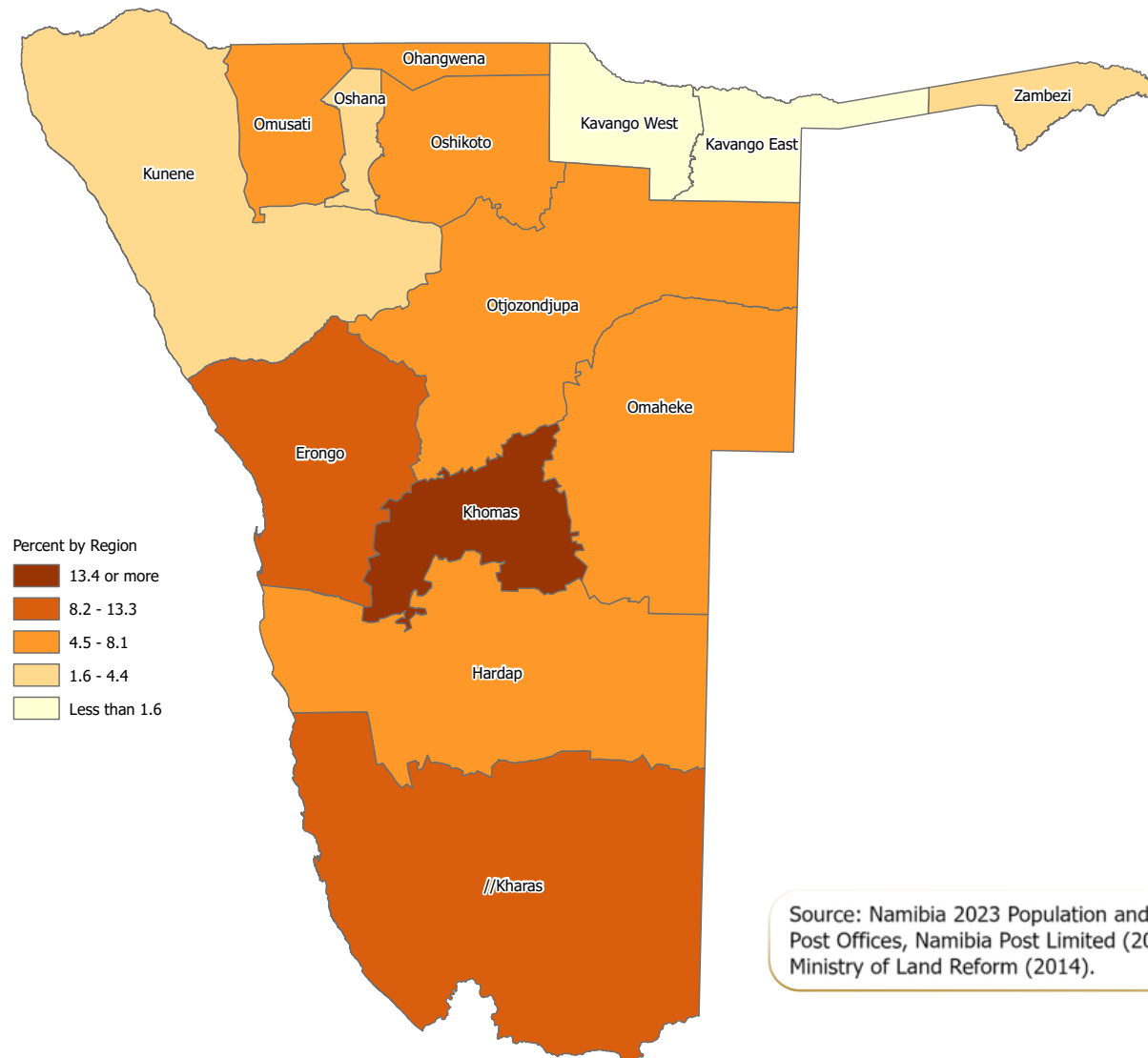
1. National Overview of Post Office Distribution	8
1.1. Percentage Distribution of Mapped Post Offices by Region	8
2. Pensioners Population per Postal Service Ratio	11
2.1. National	12
2.2. //Kharas Region	15
2.3. Erongo Region	18
2.4. Hardap Region	20
2.5. Kavango East Region	23
2.6. Kavango West Region	25
2.7. Khomas Region	27
2.8. Kunene Region	31
2.9. Ohangwena Region	33
2.10. Omaheke Region	36
2.11. Omusati Region	39
2.12. Oshana Region	42
2.13. Oshikoto Region	45
2.14. Otjozondjupa Region	48
2.15. Zambezi Region	50
3. Pensioners' Population access to postal services	53
3.1. National	54
3.2. //Kharas Region	58
3.3. Erongo Region	61
3.4. Hardap Region	64
3.5. Kavango East Region	67
3.6. Kavango West Region	70

3.7. Khomas Region	73
3.8. Kunene Region	77
3.9. Ohangwena Region	80
3.10. Omaheke Region	83
3.11. Omusati Region	86
3.12. Oshana Region	89
3.13. Oshikoto Region	92
3.14. Otjozondjupa Region	95
3.15. Zambezi Region	98

1. National Overview of Post Office Distribution

1.1. Percentage Distribution of Mapped Post Offices by Region

Figure 1.1 1 National Distribution of Postal Services

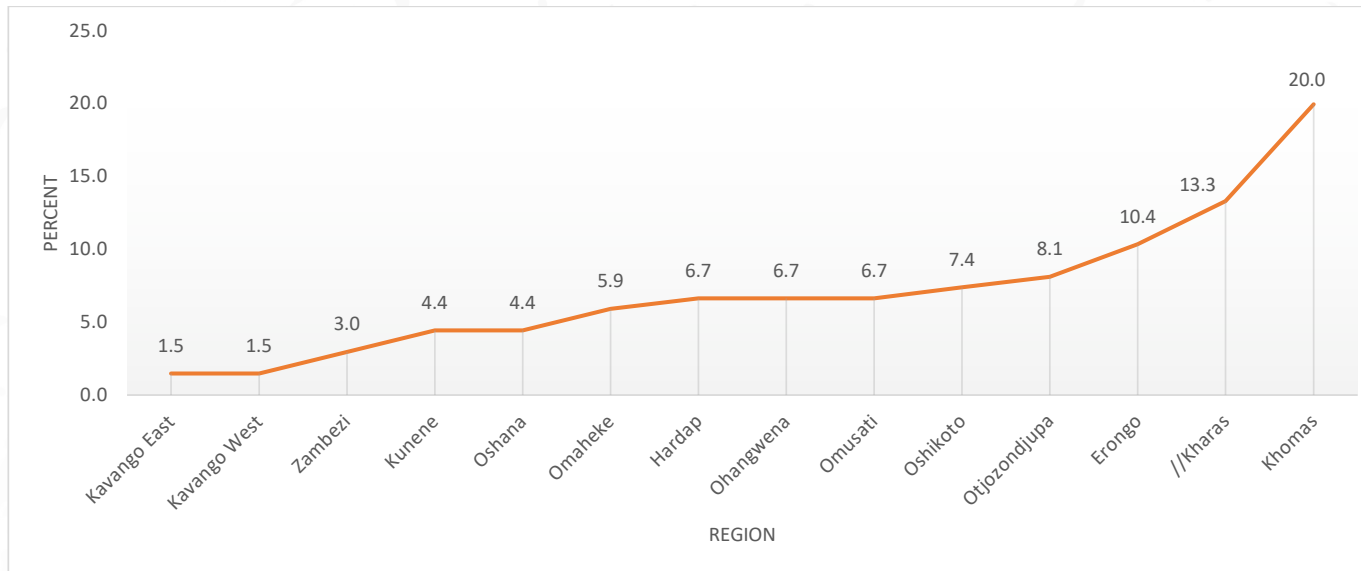


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries, Ministry of Land Reform (2014).

Table 1.1 1 National Distribution of Postal Services

Region	Number of Post Offices	Percentage
Namibia	135	100.0
//Kharas	18	13.3
Erongo	14	10.4
Hardap	9	6.7
Kavango East	2	1.5
Kavango West	2	1.5
Khomas	27	20.0
Kunene	6	4.4
Ohangwena	9	6.7
Omaheke	8	5.9
Omusati	9	6.7
Oshana	6	4.4
Oshikoto	10	7.4
Otjozondjupa	11	8.1
Zambezi	4	3.0

Figure 1.1 2 National Distribution of Postal Services



Namibia has 135 mapped post offices distributed across its 14 regions. Khomas, //Kharas, and Erongo regions recorded the highest shares, accounting for 20, 13.3, and 10.4 percent of the total mapped post offices respectively. In contrast, the Kavango East, Kavango West, and Zambezi regions had the lowest proportions, with Kavango East and Kavango West each at 1.5 percent and Zambezi at 3.0 percent respectively.

2. Pensioners Population per Postal Service Ratio

Understanding the relationship between the number of pensioners and the availability of postal service points is essential for assessing service adequacy and identifying areas where additional facilities may be required. Pensioners rely heavily on postal services for the collection of social grants, access to financial services, communication needs, and other government-related transactions. A high ratio of pensioners to postal facilities may indicate potential service strain, long queues, or increased travel burdens for older citizens.

This chapter presents the Pensioners' Population per Postal Service Ratio, a key indicator that measures how many pensioners are served by a single postal facility within a given geographic area. This ratio helps highlight disparities in access, supports equitable service planning, and informs decisions on where to allocate or upgrade postal infrastructure.

The ratio is calculated using the following formula:

Pensioners' Population per Postal Service Ratio

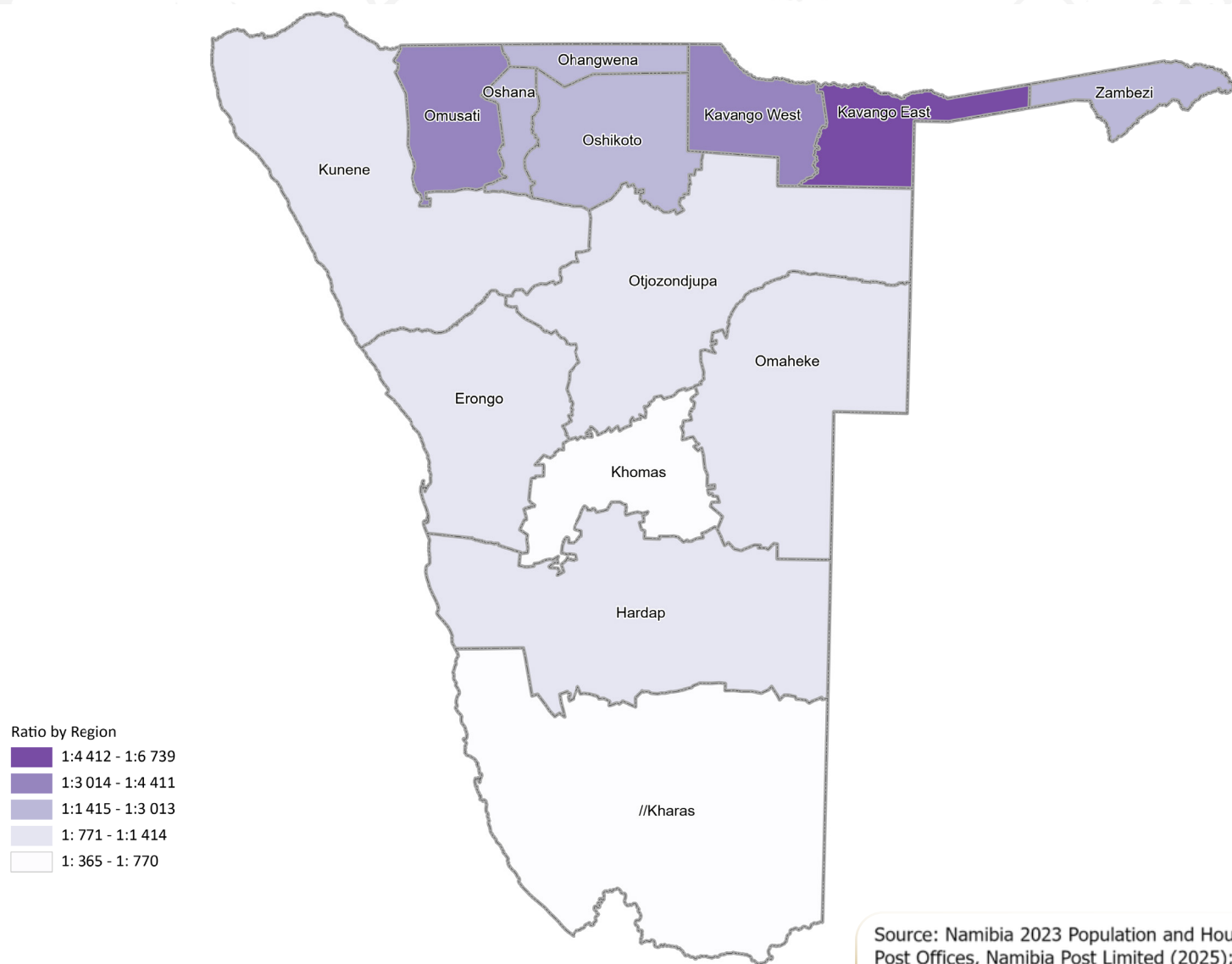
= Total pensioner population in the area / Number of postal service facilities in the area

A lower ratio suggests better postal office coverage and potentially easier access for pensioners, while a higher ratio may signal the need for additional facilities or improved service capacity. The analysis in this chapter provides a spatial overview of these ratios across regions, offering valuable insight for postal service planning and decision-making.



2.1. National

Figure 2.1 1 National Postal Services to Pensioners Population Ratio

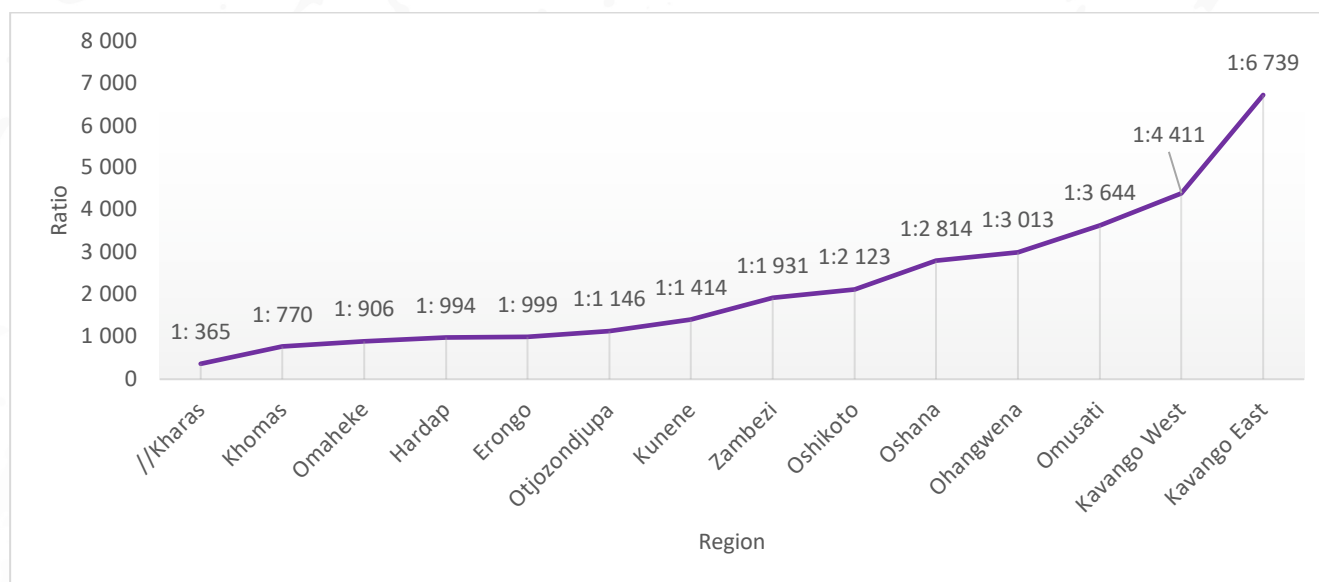


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries, Ministry of Land Reform (2014).

Table 2.1 1 National Postal Services to Pensioners Population Ratio

Area	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Namibia	135	206 675	1:1 531
//Kharas	18	6 577	1: 365
Erongo	14	13 991	1: 999
Hardap	9	8 946	1: 994
Kavango East	2	13 478	1:6 739
Kavango West	2	8 822	1:4 411
Khomas	27	20 782	1: 770
Kunene	6	8 483	1:1 414
Ohangwena	9	27 116	1:3 013
Omaheke	8	7 246	1: 906
Omusati	9	32 794	1:3 644
Oshana	6	16 884	1:2 814
Oshikoto	10	21 232	1:2 123
Otjozondjupa	11	12 601	1:1 146
Zambezi	4	7 723	1:1 931

Figure 2.1 2 National Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Kavango East Region had the highest post office to pensioners' population ratio (1:6 739), followed by Kavango West (1:4 411) and Omusati (1:3 644) regions. In contrast, // Kharas Region had the lowest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 365.

2.2. //Kharas Region

Figure 2.2.1 //Kharas Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries, Ministry of Land Reform (2014).

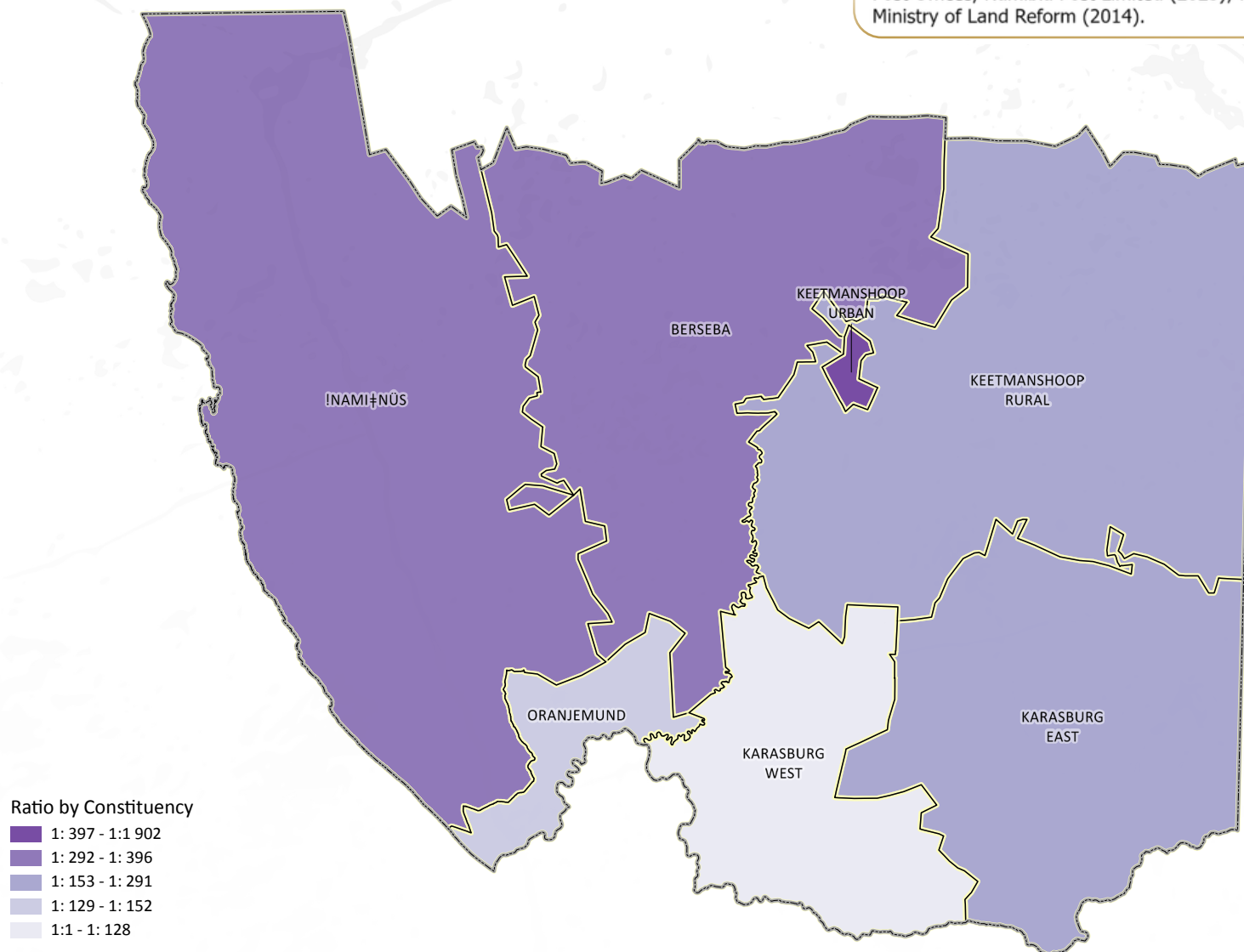
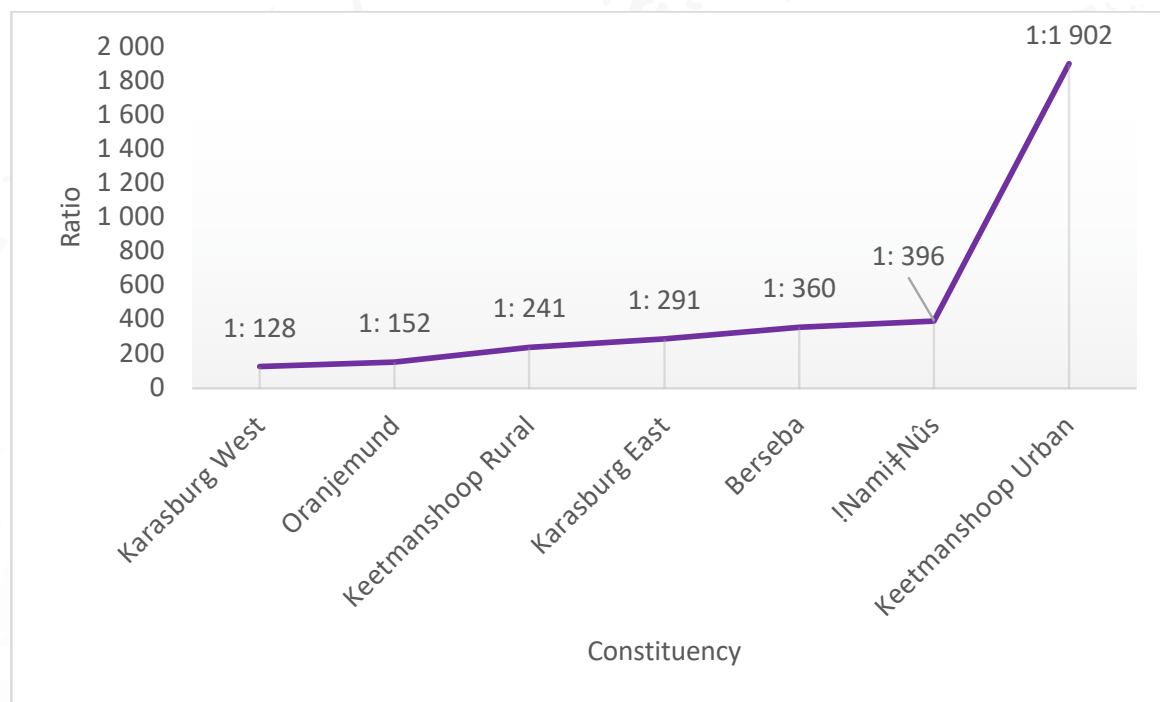


Table 2.2 1 //Kharas Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
!NamiǀNûs	2	791	1: 396
Berseba	4	1 440	1: 360
Karasburg East	4	1 162	1: 291
Karasburg West	2	256	1: 128
Keetmanshoop Rural	3	723	1: 241
Keetmanshoop Urban	1	1 902	1:1 902
Oranjemund	2	303	1: 152

Figure 2.2 2 //Kharas Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Keetmanshoop Urban Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1:1 902 followed by !NamiǀNûs (1: 396) and Berseba (1: 360) constituencies. In contrast, Karasburg West and Oranjemund constituencies had the lowest post office to population ratio of 1: 128 and 1: 152, respectively.

2.3. Erongo Region

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries, Ministry of Land Reform (2014).

Figure 2.3 1 Erongo Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

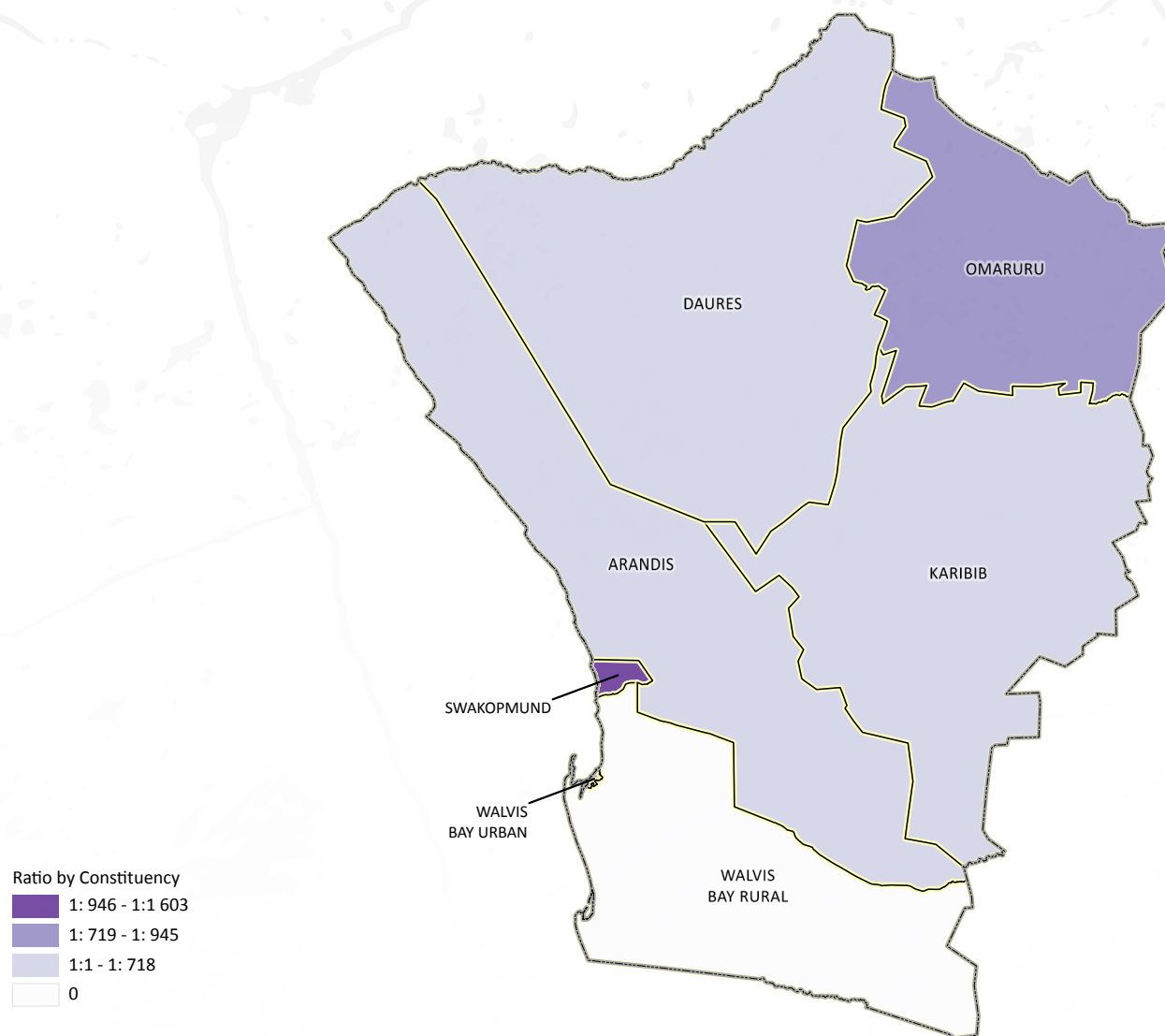
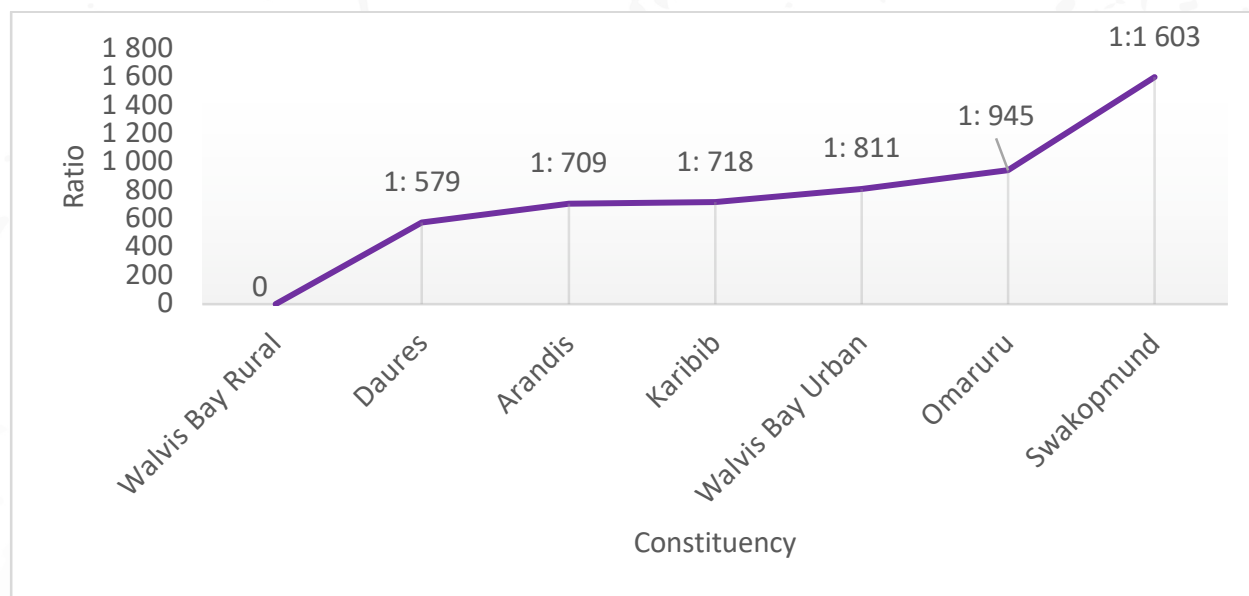


Table 2.3 1 Erongo Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Arandis	2	1 418	1: 709
Daures	3	1 737	1: 579
Karibib	2	1 436	1: 718
Omaruru	1	945	1: 945
Swakopmund	3	4 810	1:1 603
Walvis Bay Rural	0	1 213	0:1 213
Walvis Bay Urban	3	2 432	1: 811

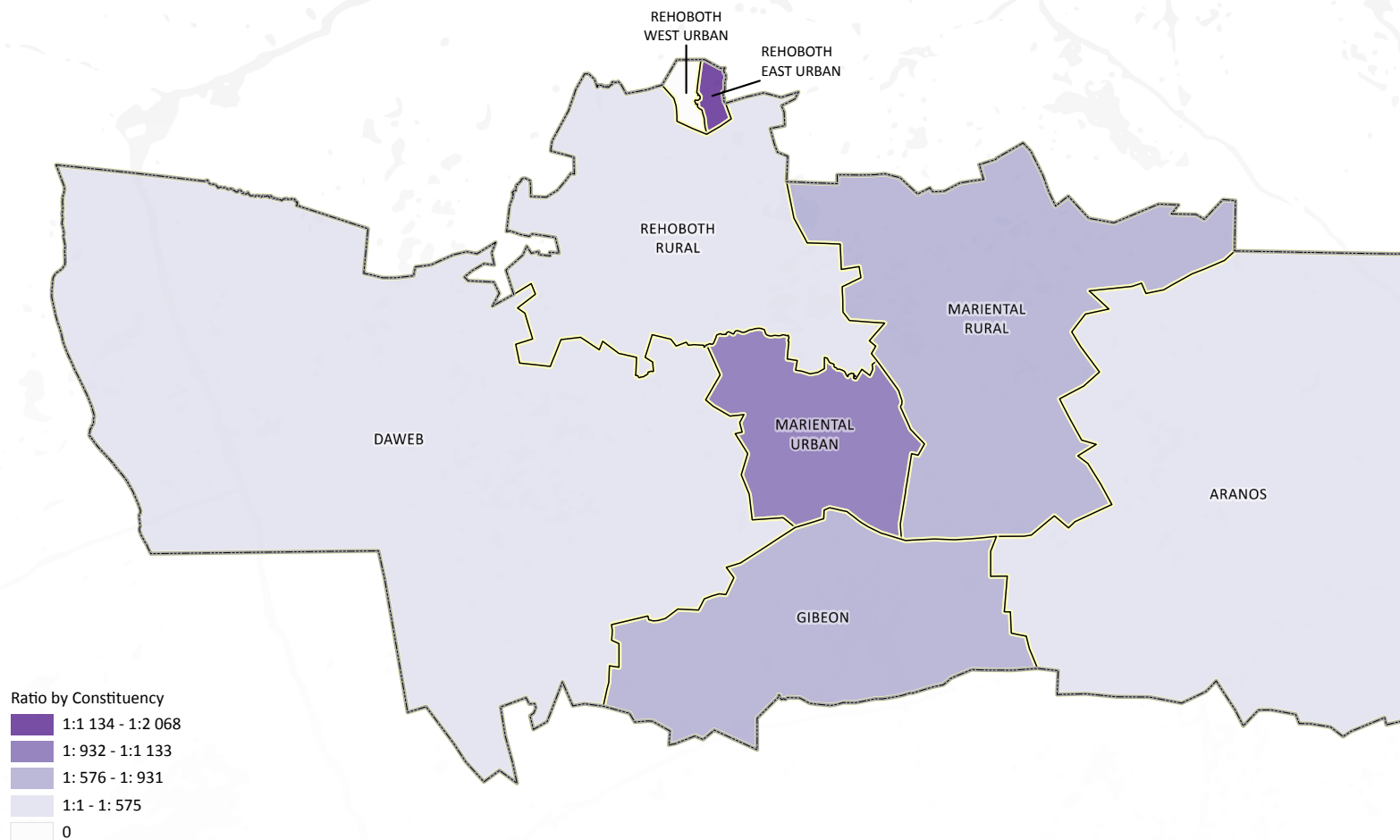
Figure 2.3 2 Erongo Region Postal Services to Pensioners Population Ratio



Swakopmund Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 1 603, followed by Omaruru (1: 945) and Walvis Bay Urban (1: 811) constituencies. In contrast, Walvis Bay Rural Constituency had no mapped post offices to determine the ratio.

2.4. Hardap Region

Figure 2.4 1 Hardap Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

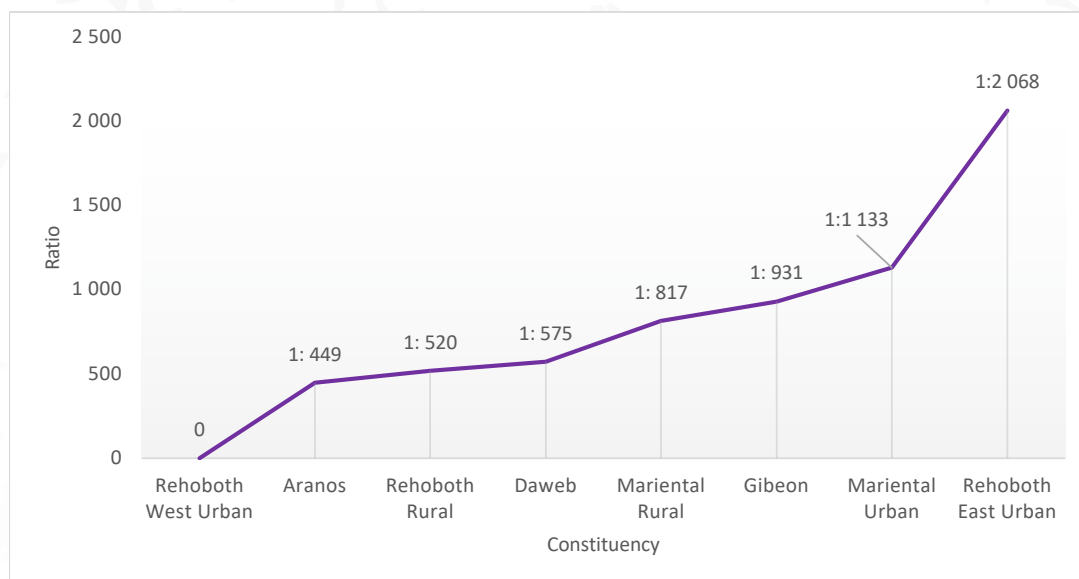


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries, Ministry of Land Reform (2014).

Table 2.4 1 Hardap Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Aranos	2	897	1: 449
Daweb	1	575	1: 575
Gibeon	1	931	1: 931
Mariental Rural	1	817	1: 817
Mariental Urban	1	1 133	1:1 133
Rehoboth East Urban	1	2 068	1:2 068
Rehoboth Rural	2	1 039	1: 520
Rehoboth West Urban	0	1 486	0:1 486

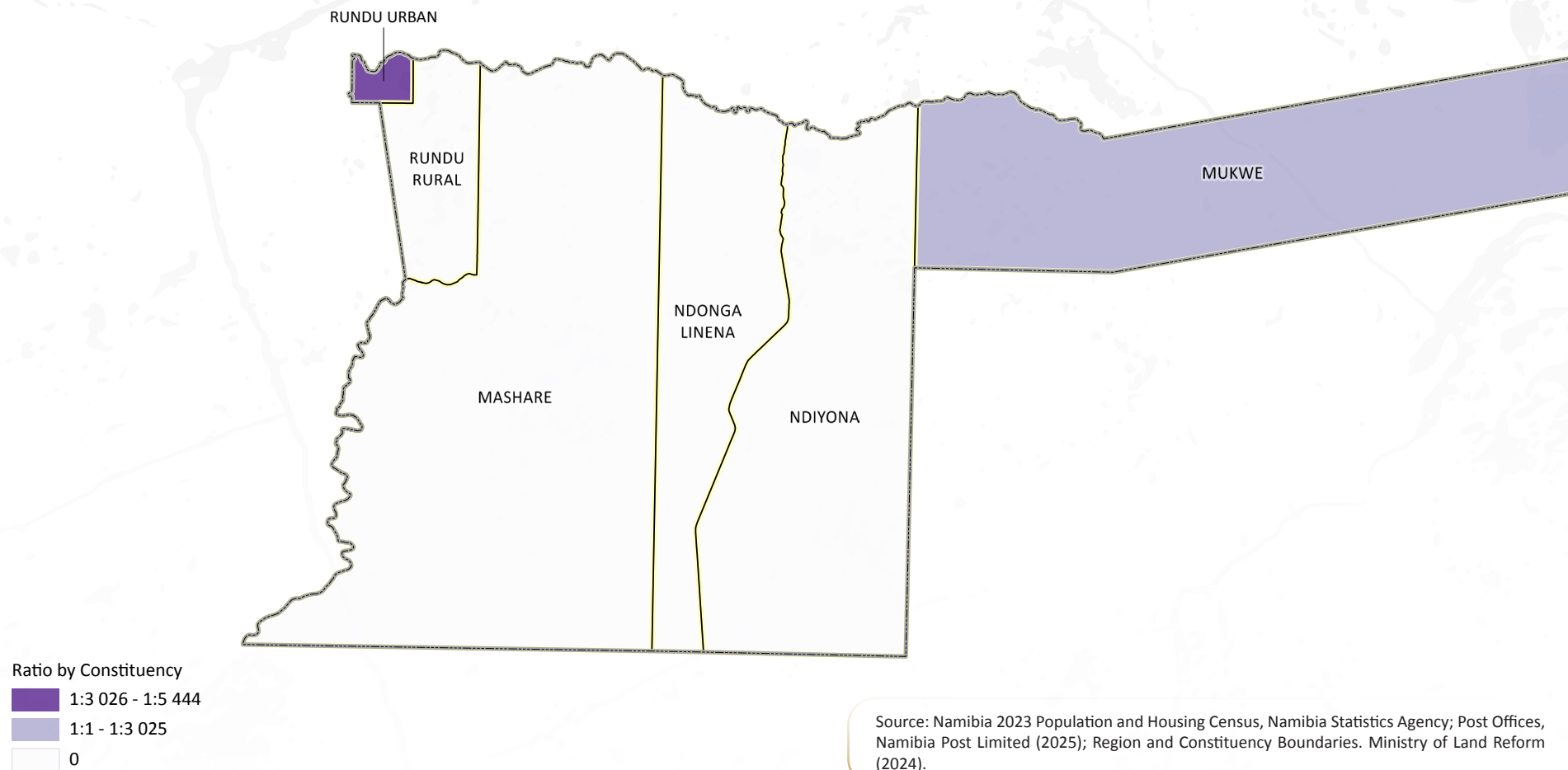
Table 2.4 1 Hardap Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Rehoboth East Urban Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 2 068, followed by Mariental Urban (1: 1 133) and Gibeon (1: 931) constituencies. In contrast, Rehoboth West Urban Constituency had no mapped post offices to determine the ratio.

2.5. Kavango East Region

Figure 2.5 1 Kavango East Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

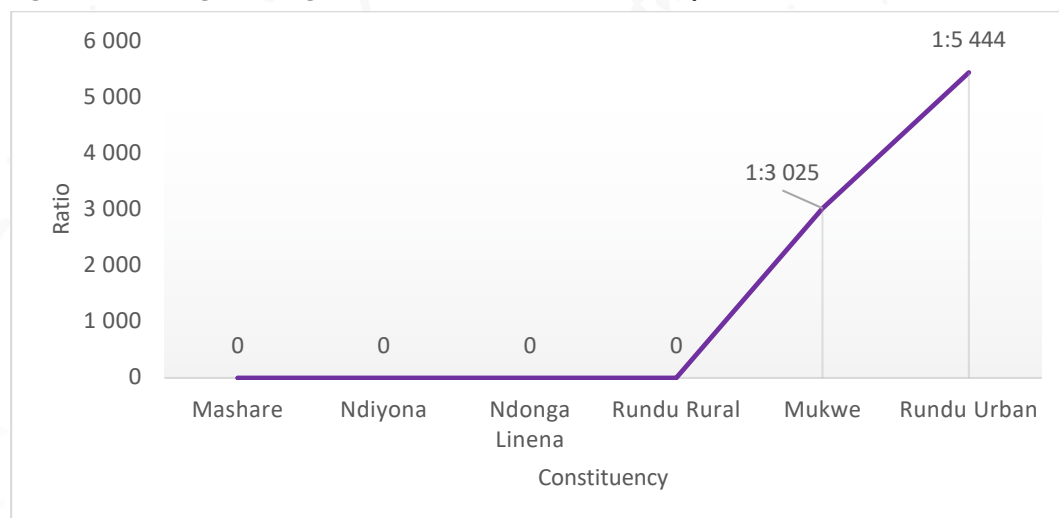


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 2.5 1 Kavango East Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Mashare	0	1 602	0:1 602
Mukwe	1	3 025	1:3 025
Ndiyona	0	942	0: 942
Ndonga Linena	0	1 262	0:1 262
Rundu Rural	0	1 203	0:1 203
Rundu Urban	1	5 444	1:5 444

Figure 2.5 2 Kavango East Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Rundu Urban Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 5 444, followed by Mukwe Constituency (1: 3 025). In contrast, the rest of the constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratio.

2.6. Kavango West Region

Figure 2.6 1 Kavango West Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

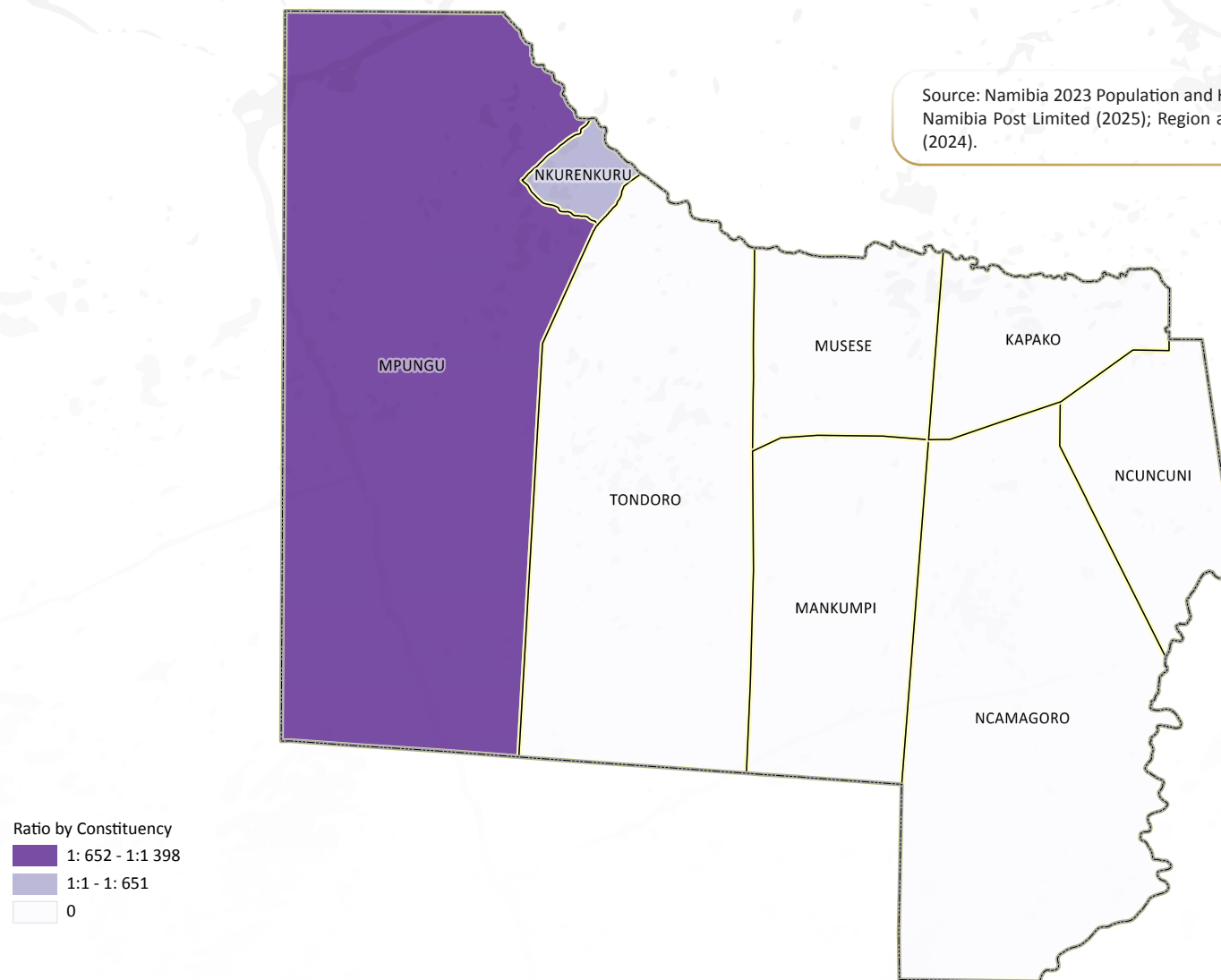
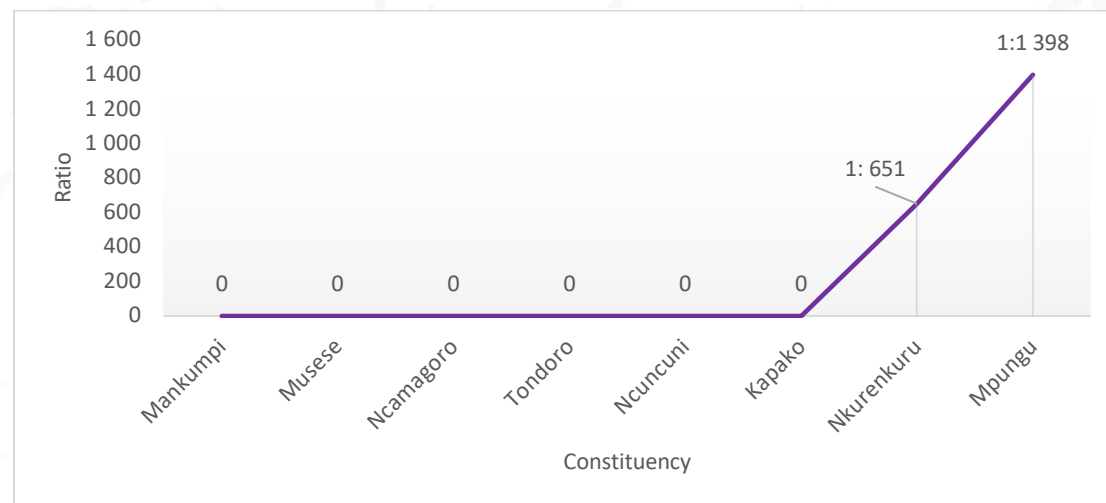


Table 2.6 1 Kavango West Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Kapako	0	2 154	0:2 154
Mankumpi	0	578	0: 578
Mpungu	1	1 398	1:1 398
Musese	0	1 146	0:1 146
Ncamagoro	0	709	0: 709
Ncuncuni	0	916	0: 916
Nkurenkuru	1	651	1: 651
Tondoro	0	1 270	0:1 270

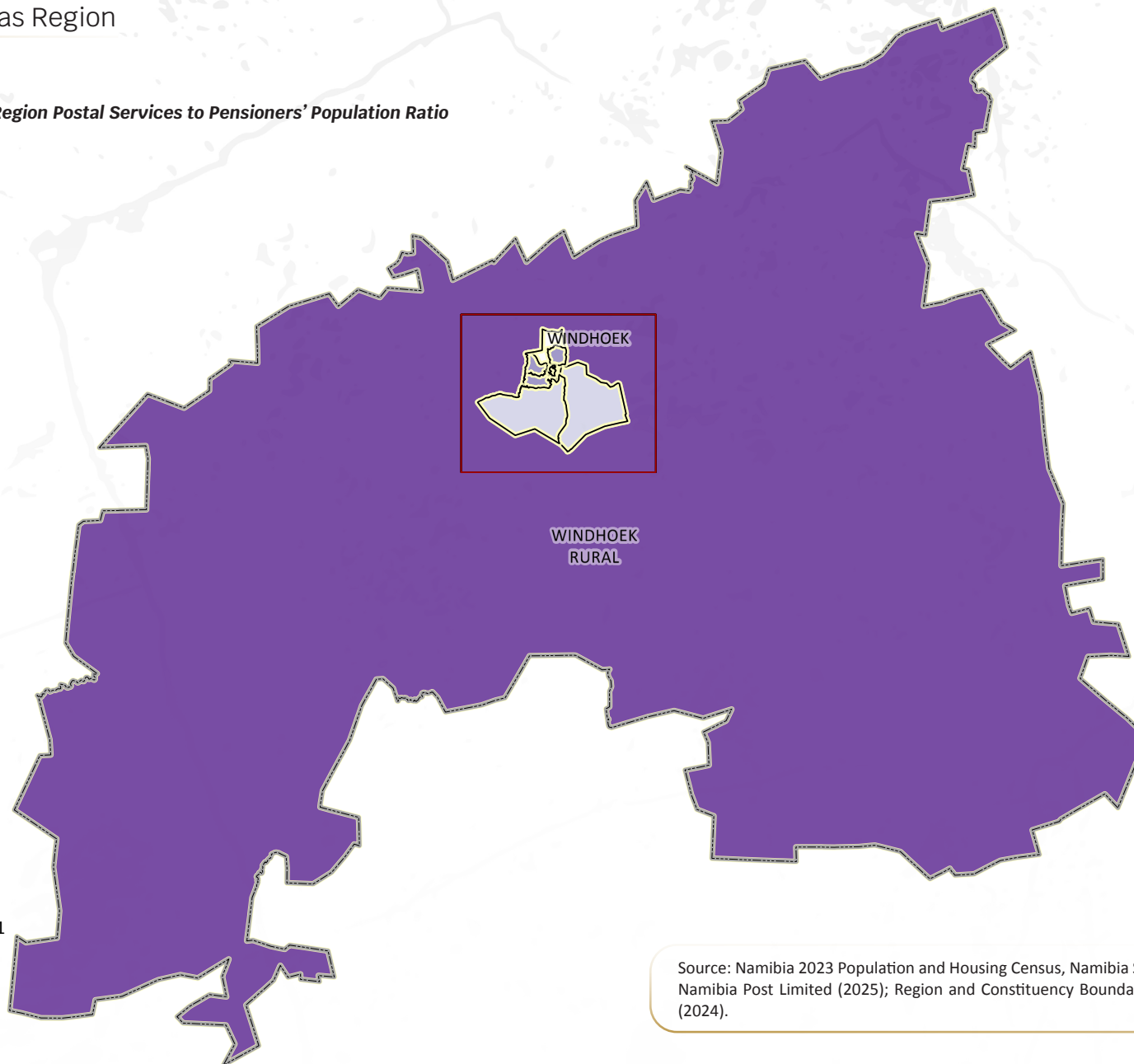
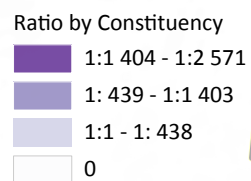
Figure 2.6 2 Kavango West Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Mpungu Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 1 398, followed by Nkurenkuru Constituency (1: 651). In contrast, the rest of the constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratio.

2.7. Khomas Region

Figure 2.7.1 Khomas Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 2.7.1 Khomas Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
John Pandeni	0	1 273	0:1 273
Katutura Central	1	1 403	1:1 403
Katutura East	1	1 285	1:1 285
Khomasdal	2	2 095	1:1 048
Moses //Garoëb	0	963	0: 963
Samora Machel	2	1 893	1: 947
Tobias Hainyeko	1	1 214	1:1 214
Windhoek East	9	3 941	1: 438
Windhoek Rural	1	2 571	1:2 571
Windhoek West	10	4 144	1: 414

Figure 2.7.2 Khomas Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

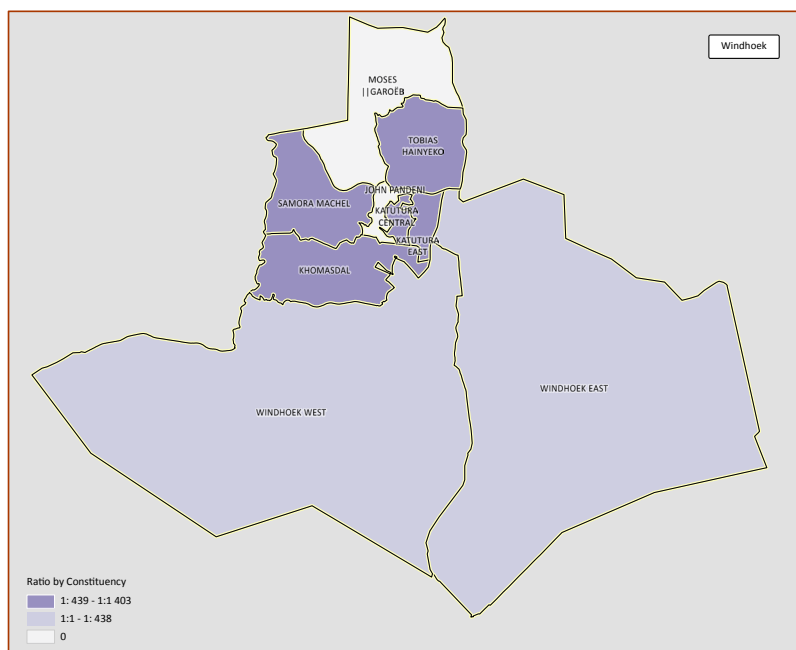
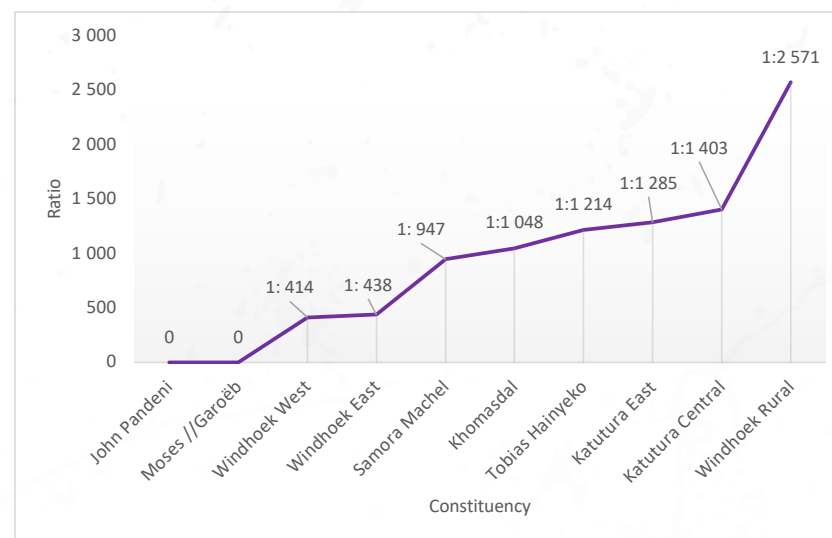


Figure 2.7.3 Khomas Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Windhoek Rural Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 2 571, followed by Katutura Central (1: 1 403) and Katutura East (1: 1 285) condtituencies. In contrast, John Pandeni and Moses //Garoeb constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

2.8. Kunene Region

Figure 2.8 1 Kunene Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

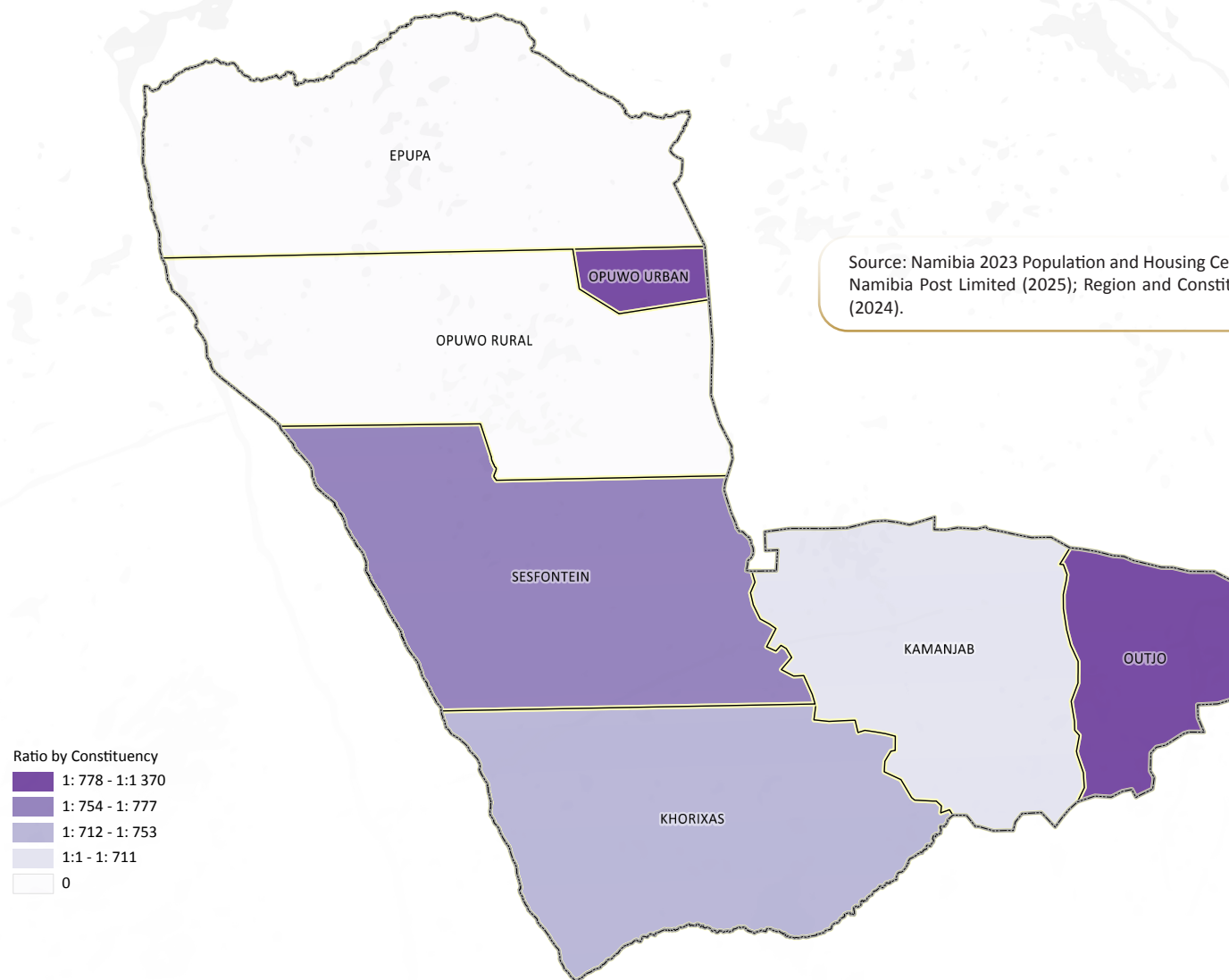
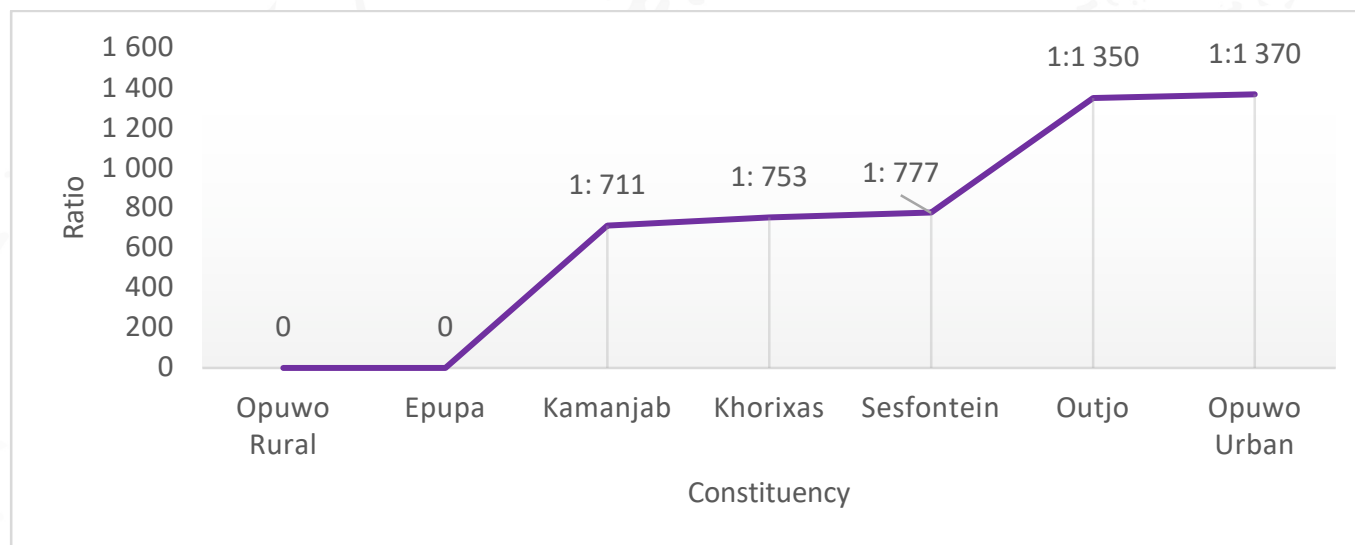


Table 2.8 1 Kunene Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Epupa	0	1 591	0:1 591
Kamanjab	1	711	1: 711
Khorixas	2	1 506	1: 753
Opuwo Rural	0	1 178	0:1 178
Opuwo Urban	1	1 370	1:1 370
Outjo	1	1 350	1:1 350
Sesfontein	1	777	1: 777

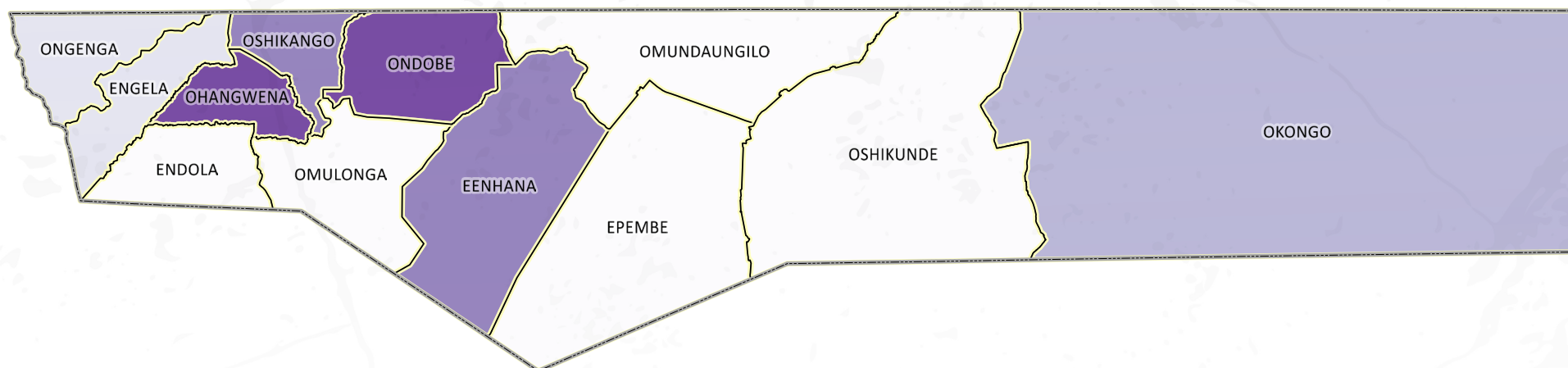
Figure 2.8 2 Kunene Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



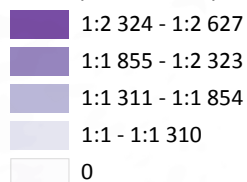
Opuwo Urban Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 1 370, followed by Outjo (1: 1 350) and Seisfontein (1: 777) constituencies. In contrast, Epupa and Opuwo Rural constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

2.9. Ohangwena Region

Figure 2.9 1 Ohangwena Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Ratio by Constituency

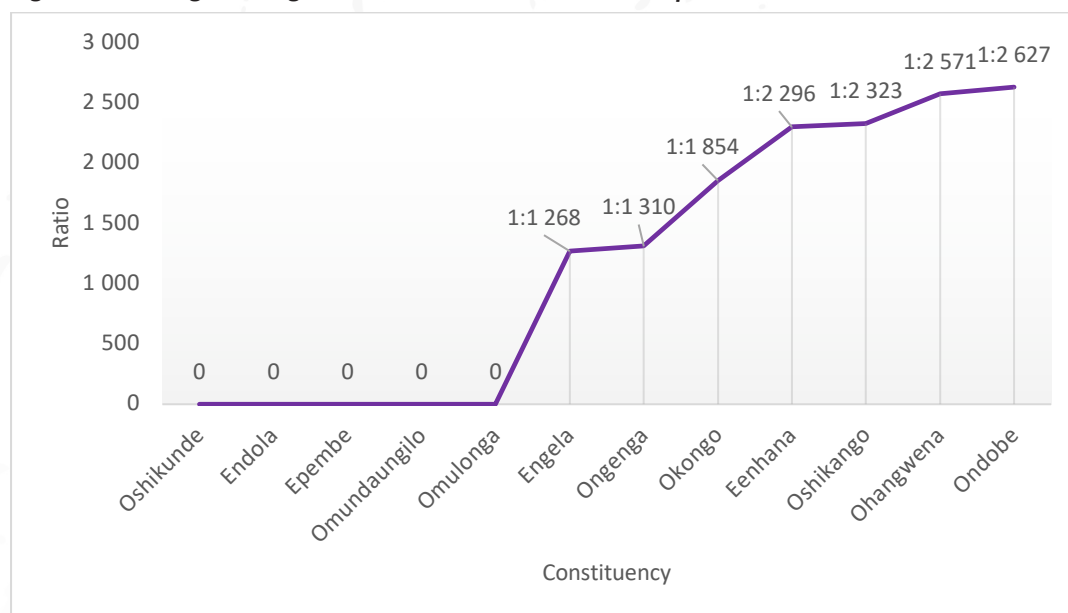


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 2.9 1 Ohangwena Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Epupa	0	1 591	0:1 591
Kamanjab	1	711	1: 711
Khorixas	2	1 506	1: 753
Opuwo Rural	0	1 178	0:1 178
Opuwo Urban	1	1 370	1:1 370
Outjo	1	1 350	1:1 350
Sesfontein	1	777	1: 777

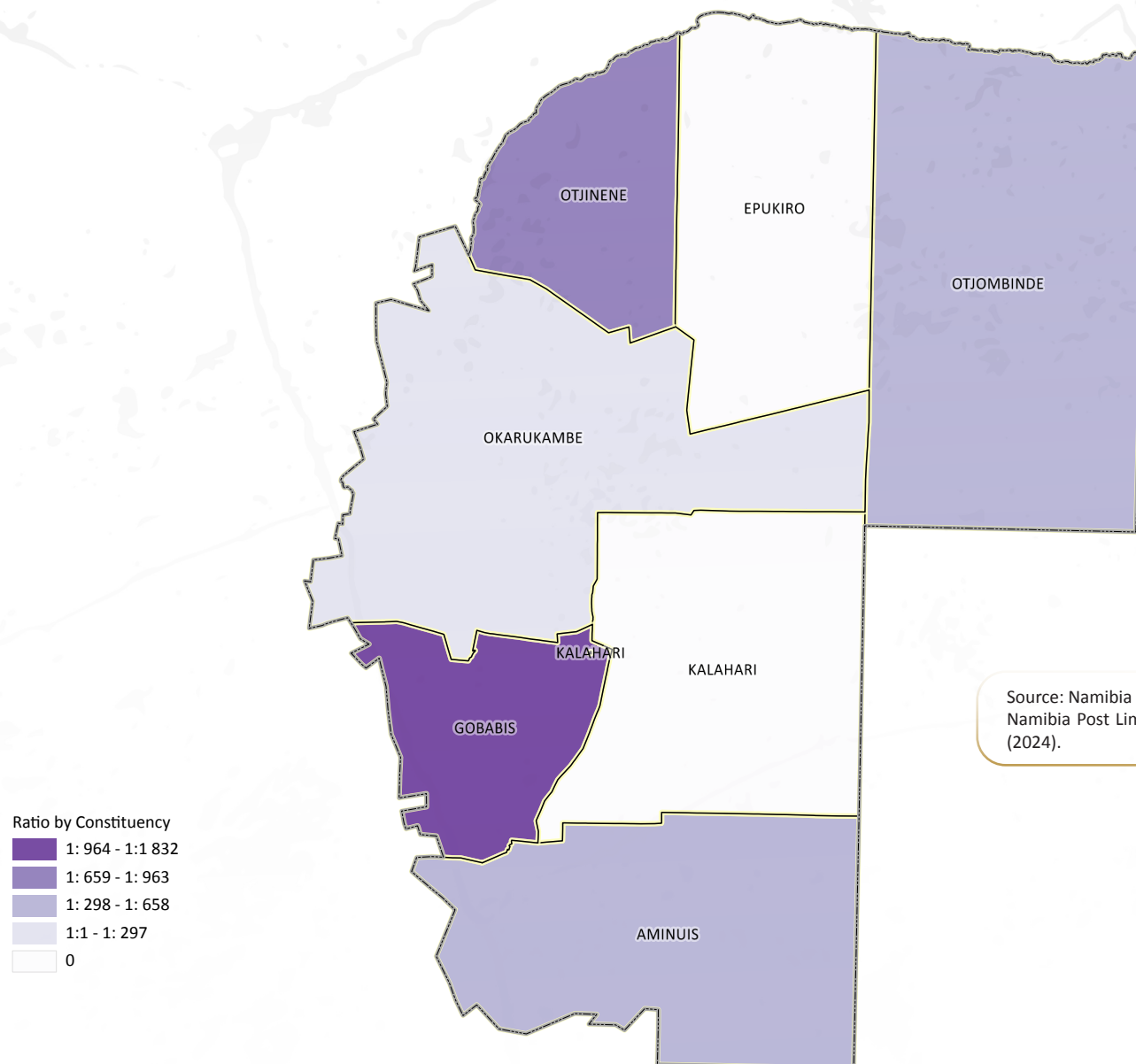
Figure 2.9 2 Ohangwena Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Ondobe Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioner's population ratio of 1: 2 627, followed by Ohangwena (1: 2 571) and Oshikango (1: 1 2323) constituencies. In contrast, Endola, Epembe, Omulunga, Omundaungilo and Oshikunde constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

2.10. Omaheke Region

Figure 2.10 1 Omaheke Region Postal Services to Pensioners Population Ratio

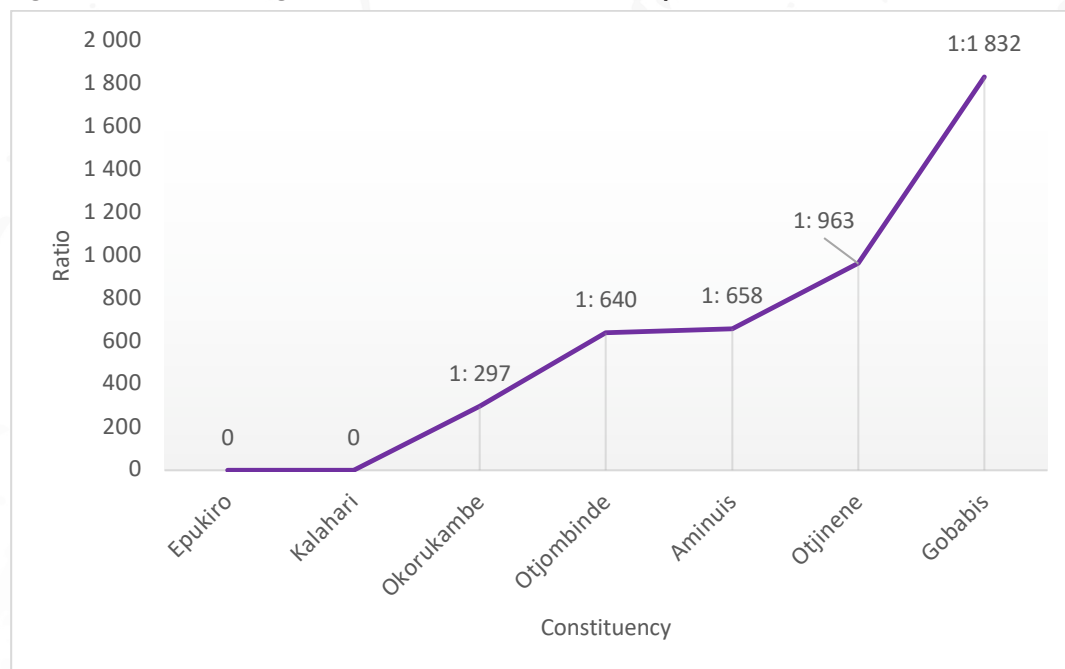


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 2.10 1 Omaheke Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Aminuis	2	1 316	1: 658
Epukiro	0	753	0: 753
Gobabis	1	1 832	1:1 832
Kalahari	0	850	0: 850
Okorukambe	3	892	1: 297
Otjinene	1	963	1: 963
Otjombinde	1	640	1: 640

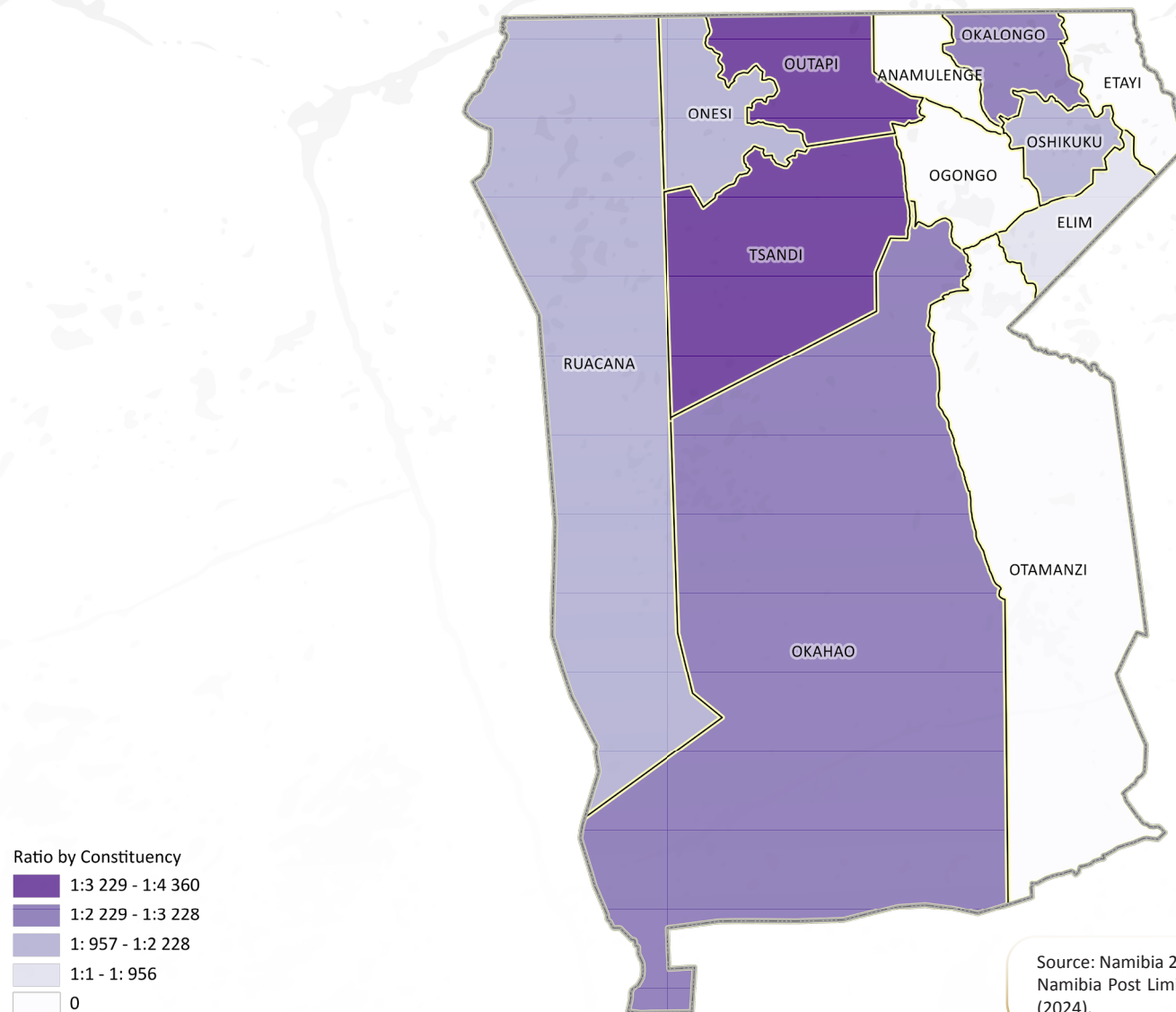
Figure 2.10 2 Omaheke Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Gobabis Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 1 832, followed by Otjinene (1: 963) and Aminiuis (1: 658) constituencies. In contrast, Epukiro and Kalahari constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

2.11. Omusati Region

Figure 2.11 1 Omusati Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

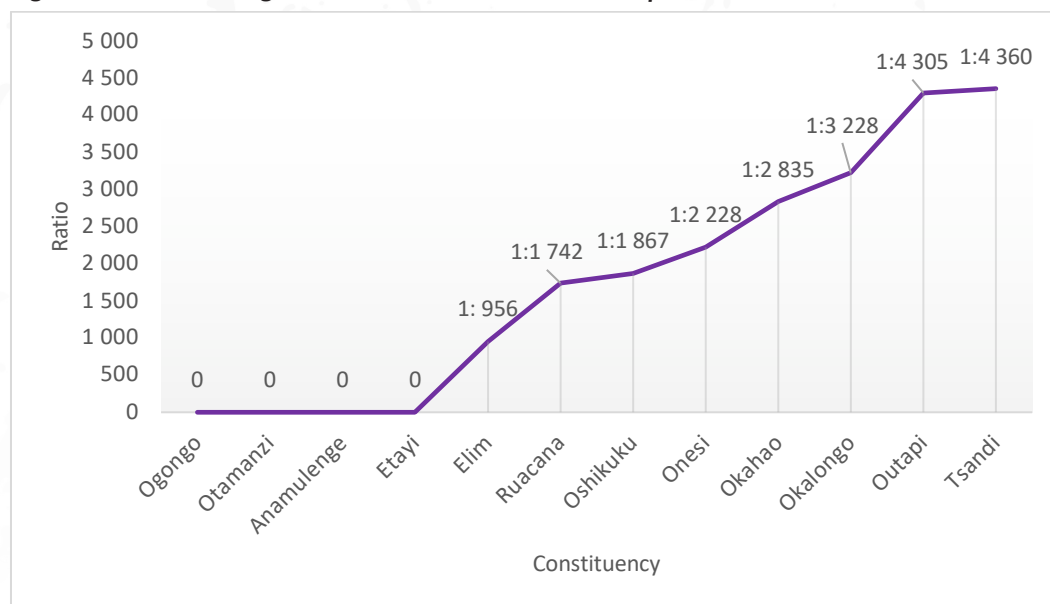


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 2.11 1 Omusati Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Anamulenge	0	1 991	0:1 991
Elim	2	1 911	1: 956
Etayi	0	3 756	0:3 756
Ogongo	0	2 476	0:2 476
Okahao	1	2 835	1:2 835
Okalongo	1	3 228	1:3 228
Onesi	1	2 228	1:2 228
Oshikuku	1	1 867	1:1 867
Otamanzi	0	2 095	0:2 095
Outapi	1	4 305	1:4 305
Ruacana	1	1 742	1:1 742
Tsandi	1	4 360	1:4 360

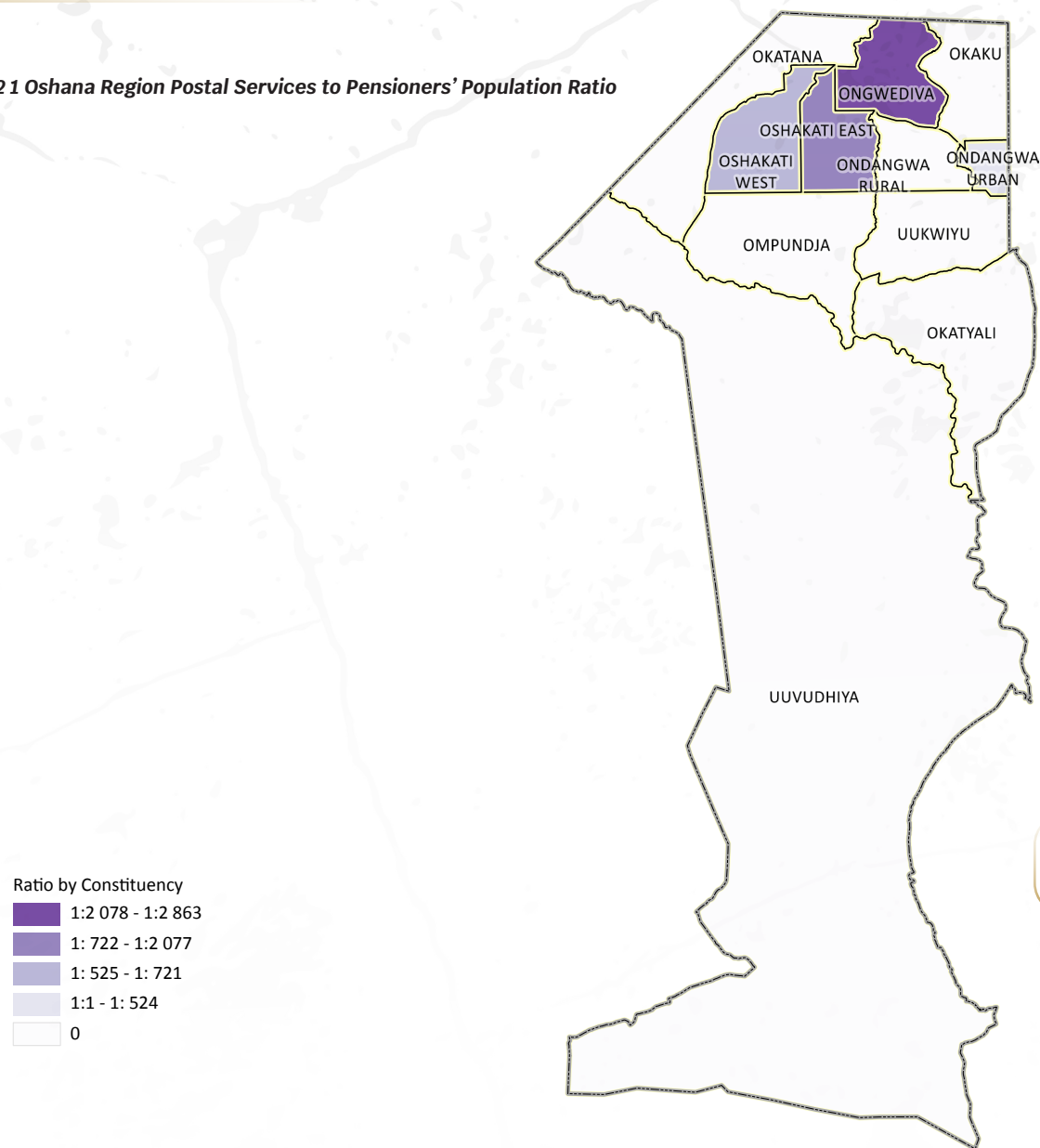
Figure 2.11 2 Omusati Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Tsandi Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 4 360, followed by Outapi (1: 4 305) and Okalongo (1: 3 228) constituencies. In contrast, Anamulenge, Etayi Ogongo and Otamanzi constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

2.12. Oshana Region

Figure 2.12 1 Oshana Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

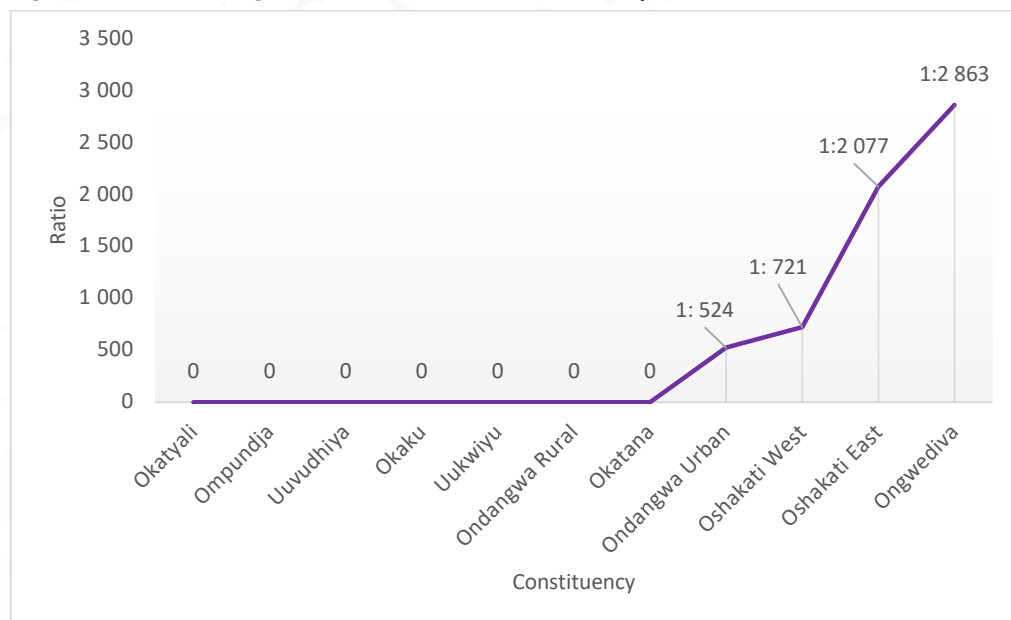


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 2.12 1 Oshana Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Okaku	0	2 505	0:2 505
Okatana	0	2 037	0:2 037
Okatyali	0	387	0: 387
Ompundja	0	741	0: 741
Ondangwa Rural	0	1 625	0:1 625
Ondangwa Urban	2	1 048	1: 524
Ongwediva	1	2 863	1:2 863
Oshakati East	1	2 077	1:2 077
Oshakati West	2	1 442	1: 721
Uukwiyu	0	1 585	0:1 585
Uuvudhiya	0	574	0: 574

Figure 2.12 2 Oshana Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Ongwediva Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 2 863, followed by Oshakati East (1: 2 077) and Oshakati West (1: 721) constituencies. In contrast, Okaku, Okatana, Okatyali, Ompundja, Ondangwa Rural, Uukwiyu and Uuvudhiya constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

2.13. Oshikoto Region

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Figure 2.13 1 Oshikoto Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

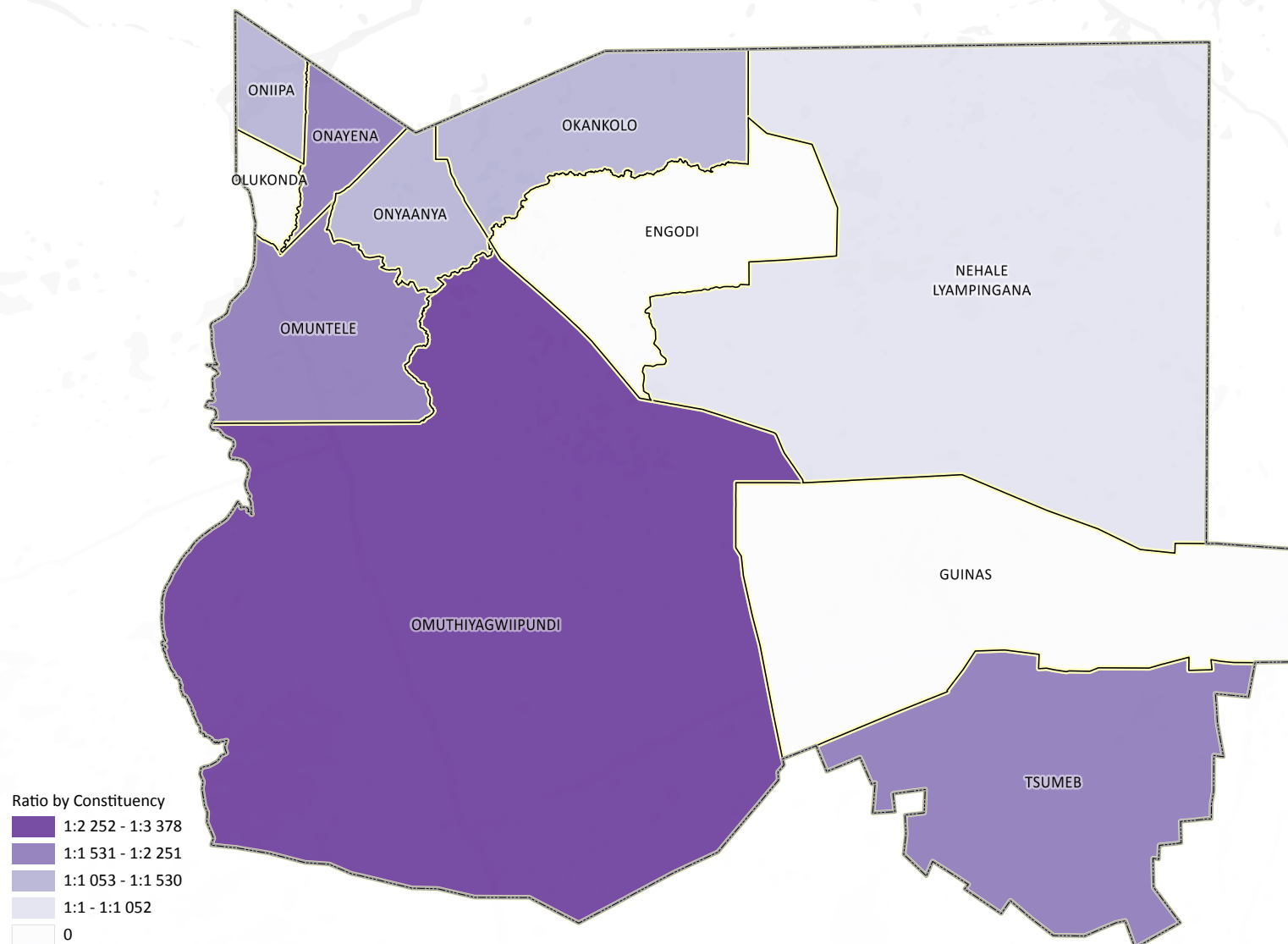
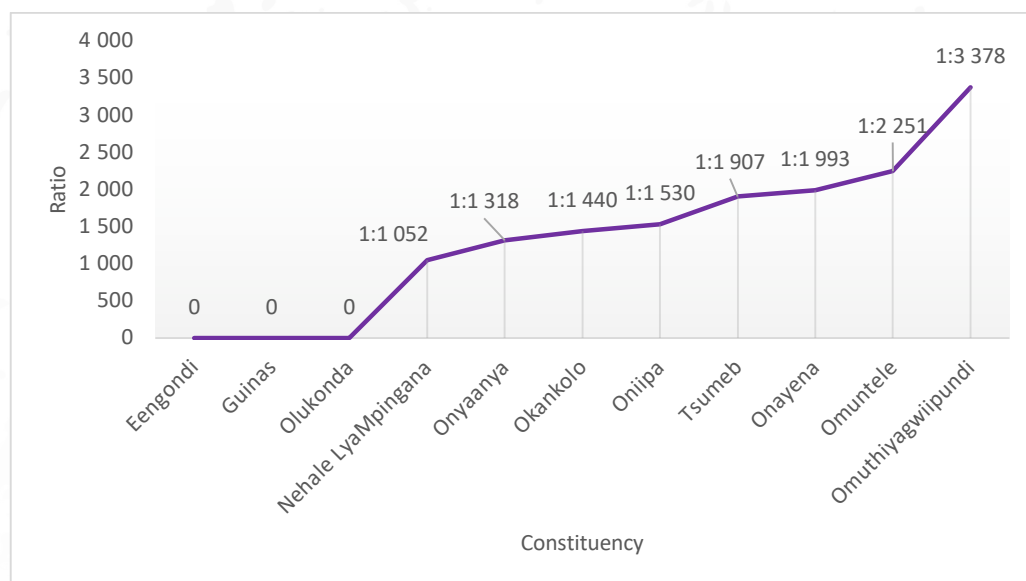


Table 2.13 1 Oshikoto Region Postal Services to Pensioners Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Eengondi	0	1 774	0:1 774
Guinas	0	558	0: 558
Nehale LyaMpingana	1	1 052	1:1 052
Okankolo	1	1 440	1:1 440
Olukonda	0	1 183	0:1 183
Omuntele	1	2 251	1:2 251
Omuthiyagwiipundi	1	3 378	1:3 378
Onayena	1	1 993	1:1 993
Oniipa	2	3 060	1:1 530
Onyaanya	2	2 636	1:1 318
Tsumeb	1	1 907	1:1 907

Figure 2.13 2 Oshikoto Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Omuthiyagwiipundi Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 3 378, followed by Omuntele (1: 2 251) and Onayena (1: 1 993) constituencies. In contrast, Eengodi, Guinas and Olukonda constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

2.14. Otjozondjupa Region

Figure 2.14 1 Otjozondjupa Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

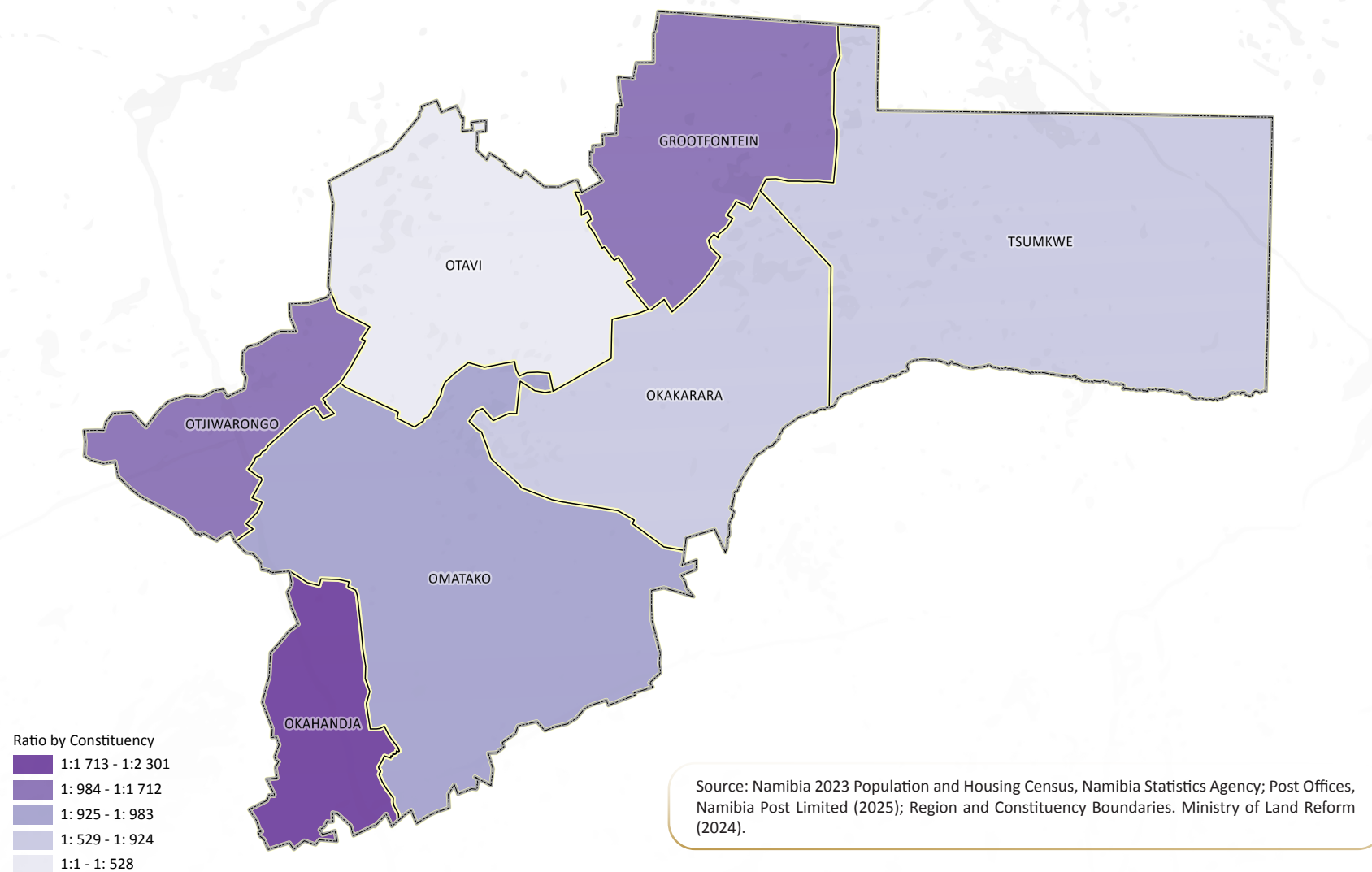
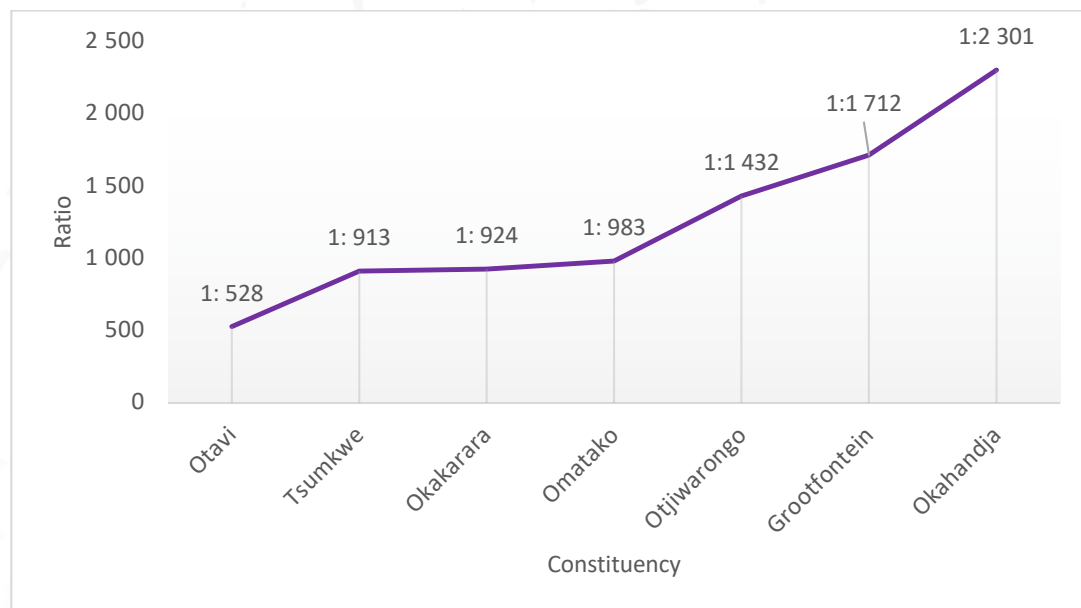


Table 2.14 1 Otjozondjupa Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Grootfontein	1	1 712	1:1 712
Okahandja	1	2 301	1:2 301
Okakarara	3	2 773	1: 924
Omatako	1	983	1: 983
Otavi	2	1 056	1: 528
Otjiwarongo	2	2 863	1:1 432
Tsumkwe	1	913	1: 913

Figure 2.14 2 Otjozondjupa Region Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Okahandja Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 2 301, followed by Grootfontein (1: 1 712) and Otjiwarongo (1: 1 432) constituencies. In contrast, Otavi and Tsumkwe constituencies had the lowest post office to population ratio of 1: 528 and 1: 913, respectively.

2.15. Zambezi Region

Figure 2.15 1 Zambezi Regional Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

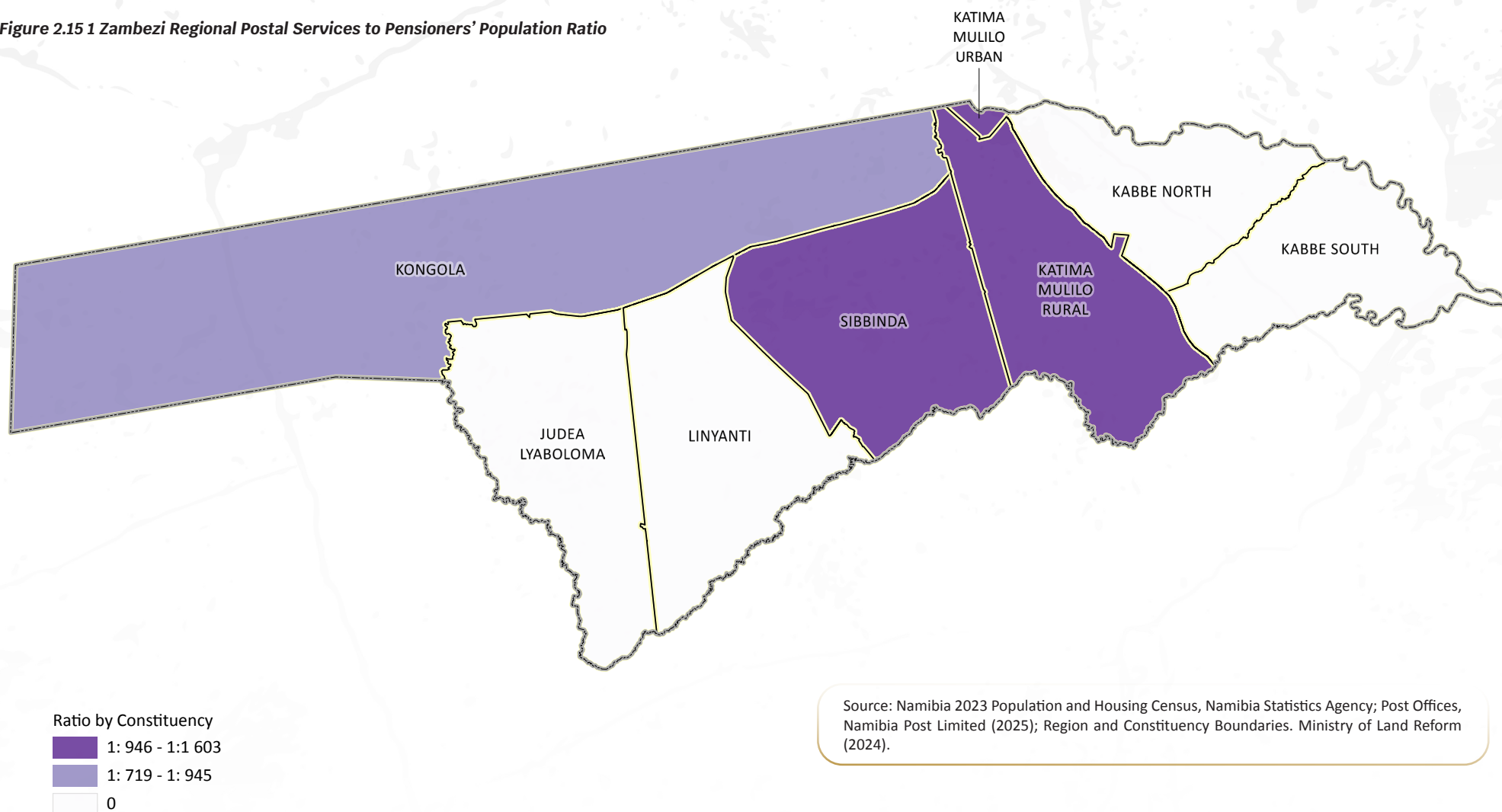
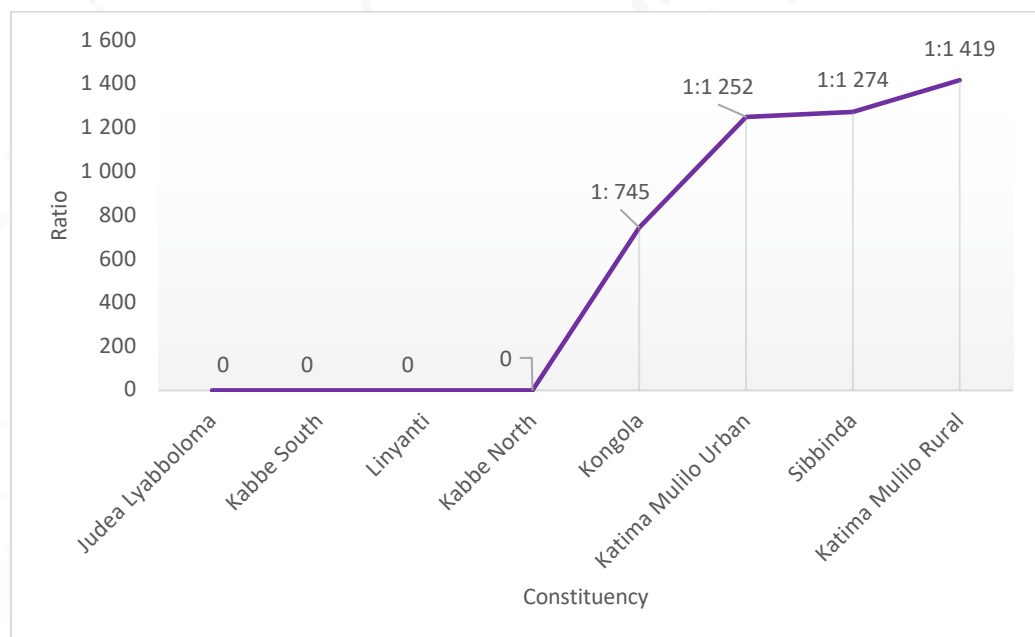


Table 2.15 1 Zambezi Regional Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio

Constituency	Number of Post Offices	Total Population of Pensioners	Ratio
Judea Lyabboloma	0	653	0: 653
Kabbe North	0	858	0: 858
Kabbe South	0	719	0: 719
Katima Mulilo Rural	1	1 419	1:1 419
Katima Mulilo Urban	1	1 252	1:1 252
Kongola	1	745	1: 745
Linyanti	0	803	0: 803
Sibbinda	1	1 274	1:1 274

Figure 2.15 2 Zambezi Regional Postal Services to Pensioners' Population Ratio



Katima Mulilo Rural Constituency had the highest post offices to pensioners' population ratio of 1: 1 419, followed by Sibbinda (1: 1 274) and Katima Mulilo Urban (1: 1 252) constituencies. In contrast, Judea Lyabboloma, Kabbe North, Kabbe South and Linyanti constituencies had no mapped post offices to determine the ratios.

3. Pensioners' Population access to postal services

Access to postal services is particularly important for pensioners who depend on these services for the receipt of social grants, communication, and other essential support. Ensuring that postal facilities are within reasonable reach of this population group is therefore critical for enhancing service delivery, reducing travel burdens, and improving overall well-being.

This chapter analyses the spatial accessibility of postal services for pensioners by measuring how many reside within a 10-kilometre radius of a postal facility. Using geospatial techniques, the assessment identifies areas that are well served as well as those where pensioners may face challenges in accessing postal services.

The percentage of pensioners considered to have adequate access is calculated using the following formula:

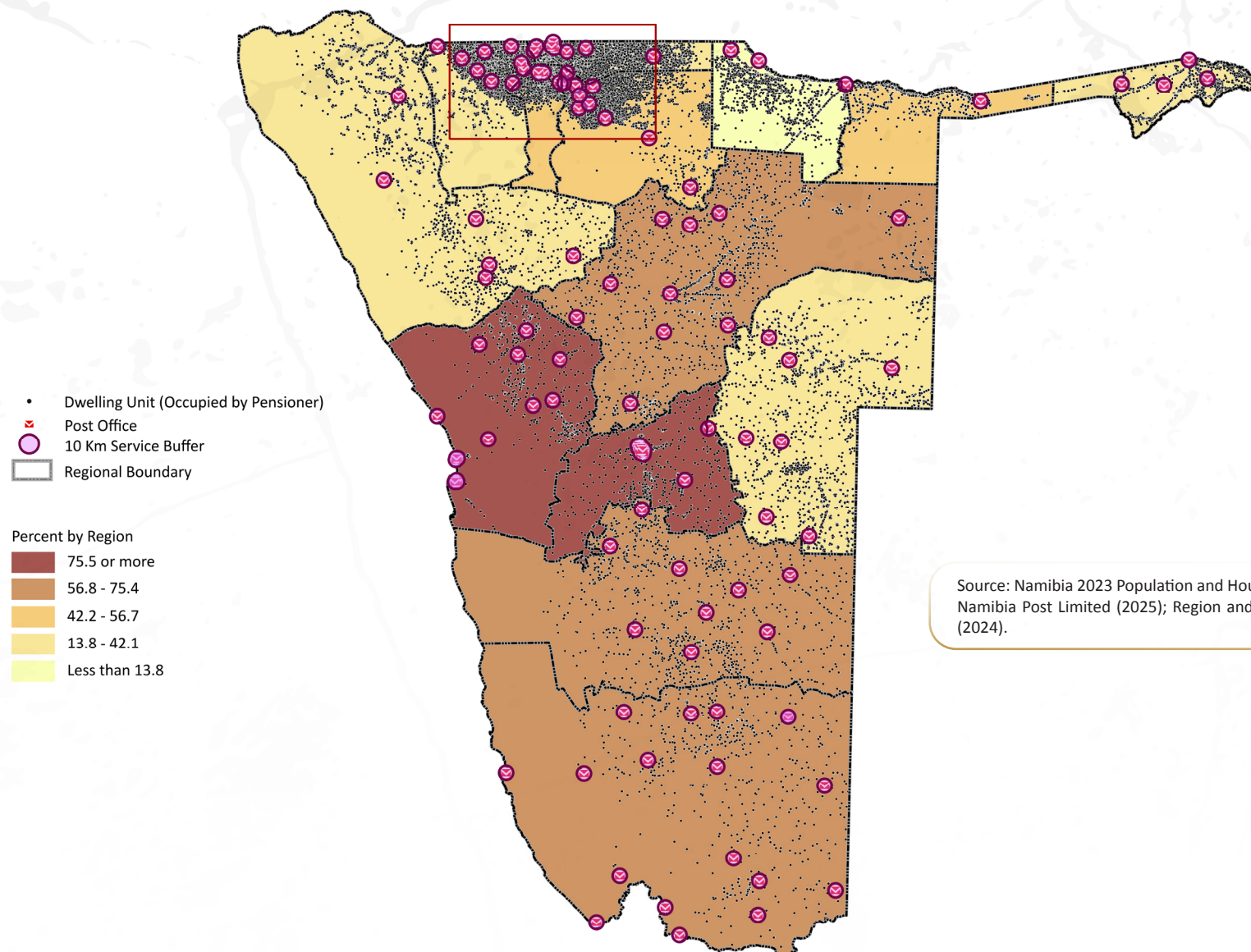
$$\text{Percentage of covered pensioner population} \\ = (\text{Pensioner population within 10 kilometres of a postal facility} / \text{Total pensioner population}) \times 100$$

This indicator provides a clear and standardised measure of accessibility, enabling comparison across regions and helping policymakers target interventions where they are most needed.

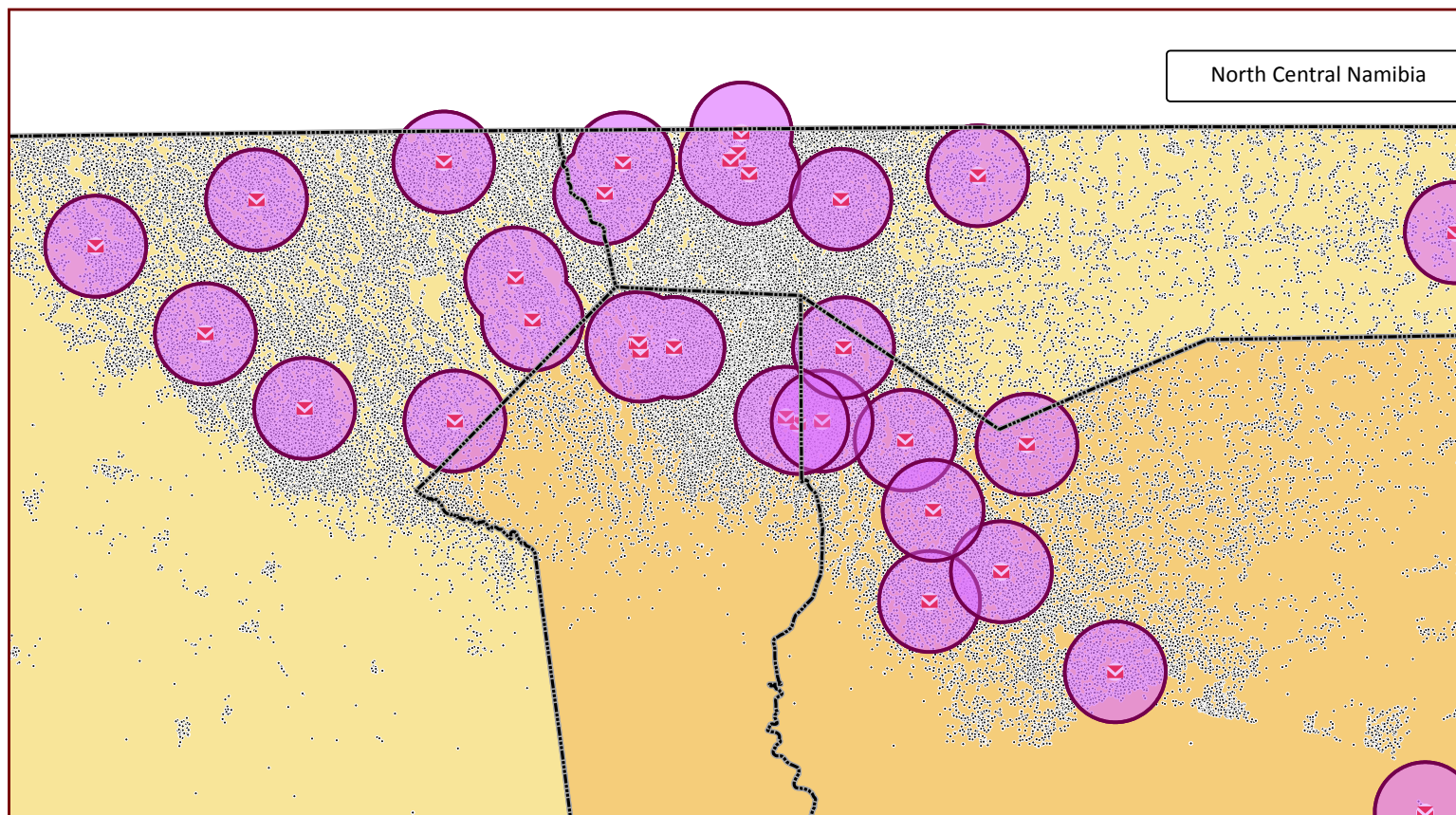


3.1. National

Figure 3.1.1 Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services (percent)



Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

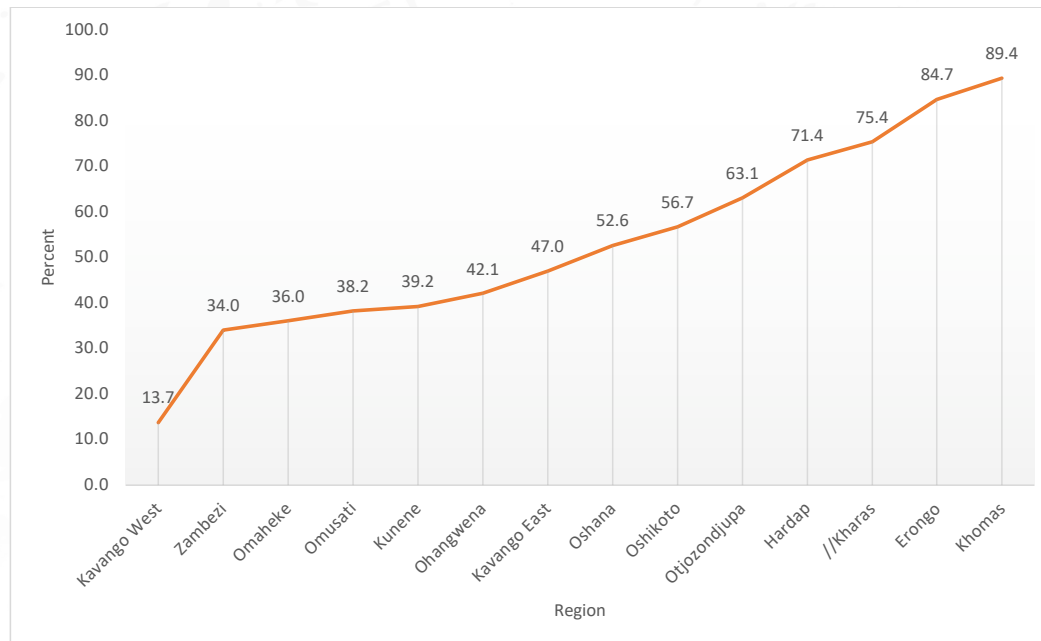


- Dwelling Unit (Occupied by Pensioner)
 - ✉ Post Office
 - 10 Km Service Buffer
 - ▭ Regional Boundary
- Percent by Region**
- | | |
|--|-------------|
| | 42.2 - 56.7 |
| | 13.8 - 42.1 |

Table 3.1.1 Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Area	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Namibia	206 675	110 709	95 966	53.6
//Kharas	6 577	4 958	1 619	75.4
Erongo	13 991	11 850	2 141	84.7
Hardap	8 946	6 384	2 562	71.4
Kavango East	13 478	6 332	7 146	47.0
Kavango West	8 822	1 211	7 611	13.7
Khomas	20 782	18 572	2 210	89.4
Kunene	8 483	3 326	5 157	39.2
Ohangwena	27 116	11 415	15 701	42.1
Omaheke	7 246	2 612	4 634	36.0
Omusati	32 794	12 542	20 252	38.2
Oshana	16 884	8 881	8 003	52.6
Oshikoto	21 232	12 044	9 188	56.7
Otjozondjupa	12 601	7 955	4 646	63.1
Zambezi	7 723	2 627	5 096	34.0

Figure 3.1.2 Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



3.2. //Kharas Region

Table 3.21 //Kharas Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

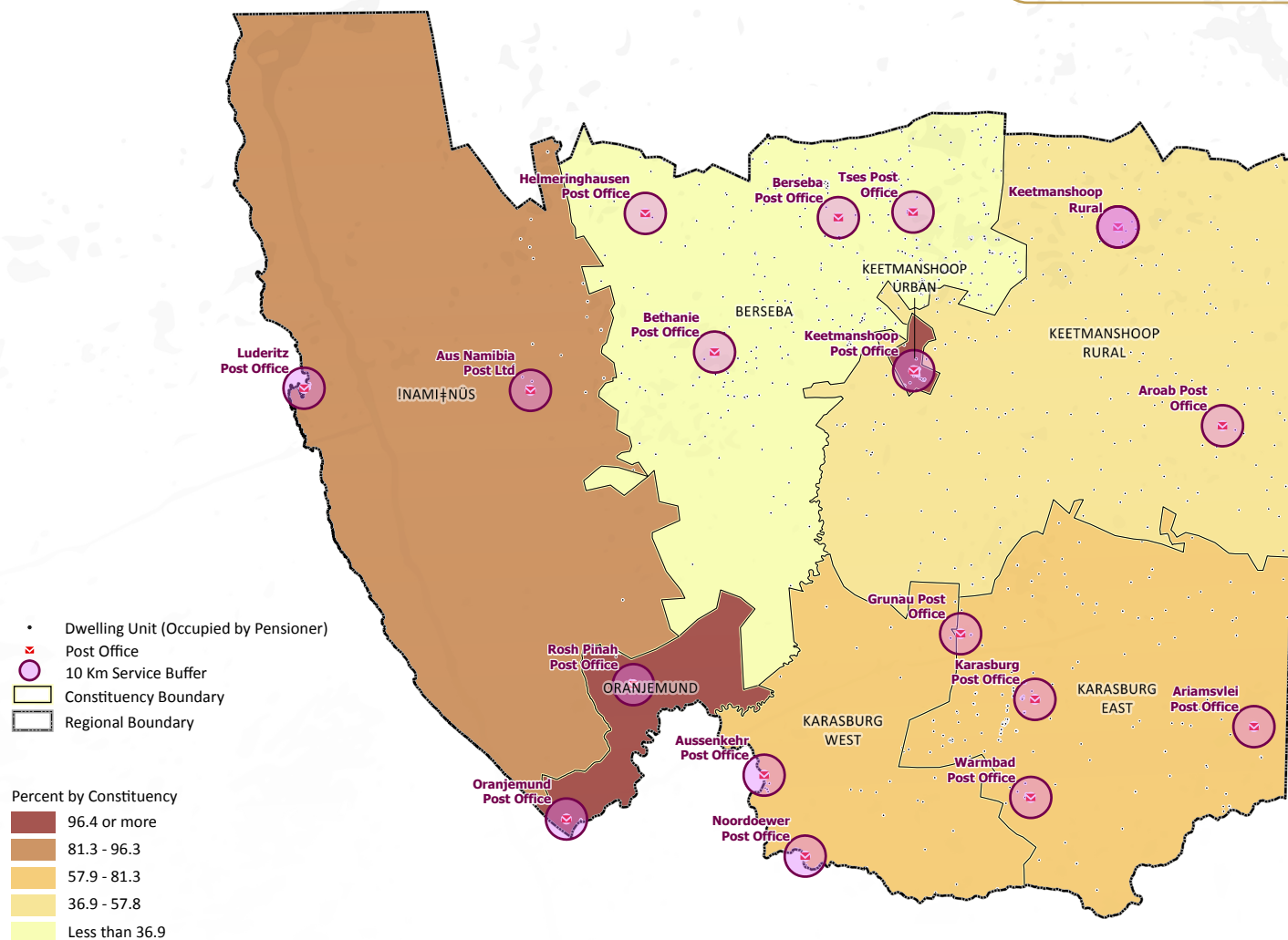
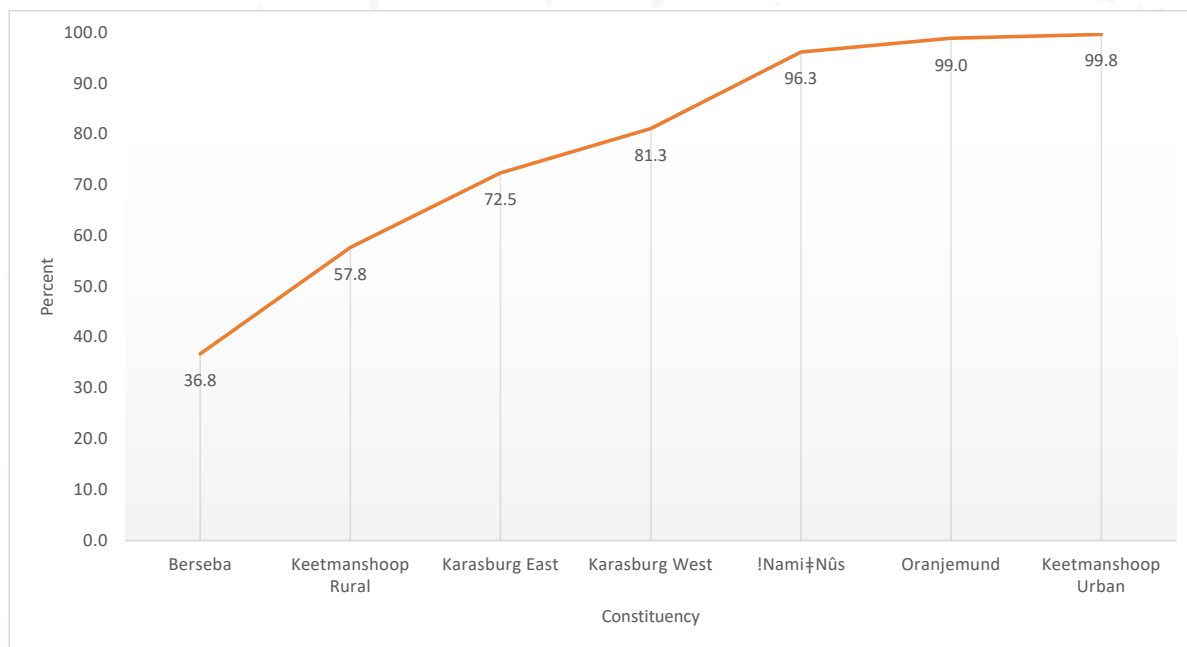


Table 3.21 //Kharas Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
!NamiǀNûs	791	762	29	96.3
Berseba	1 440	530	910	36.8
Karasburg East	1 162	842	320	72.5
Karasburg West	256	208	48	81.3
Keetmanshoop Rural	723	418	305	57.8
Keetmanshoop Urban	1 902	1 898	4	99.8
Oranjemund	303	300	3	99.0

Figure 3.2.2 //Kharas Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Keetmanshoop Urban Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 99.8 percent while Berseba and Keetmanshoop Rural constituencies had the lowest at 36.8 and 57.8 percent, respectively.

3.3. Erongo Region

Figure 3.3 1 Erongo Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

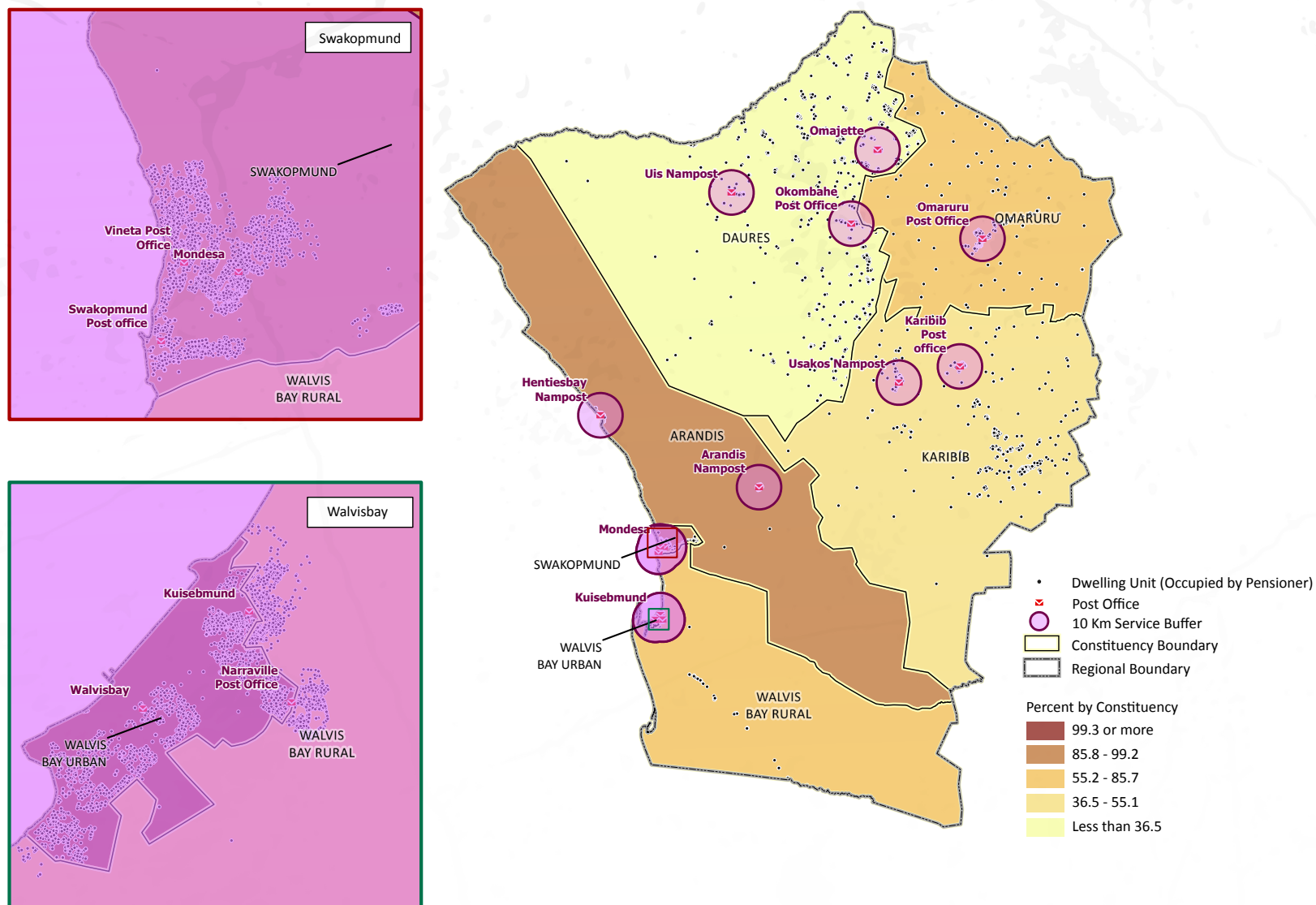
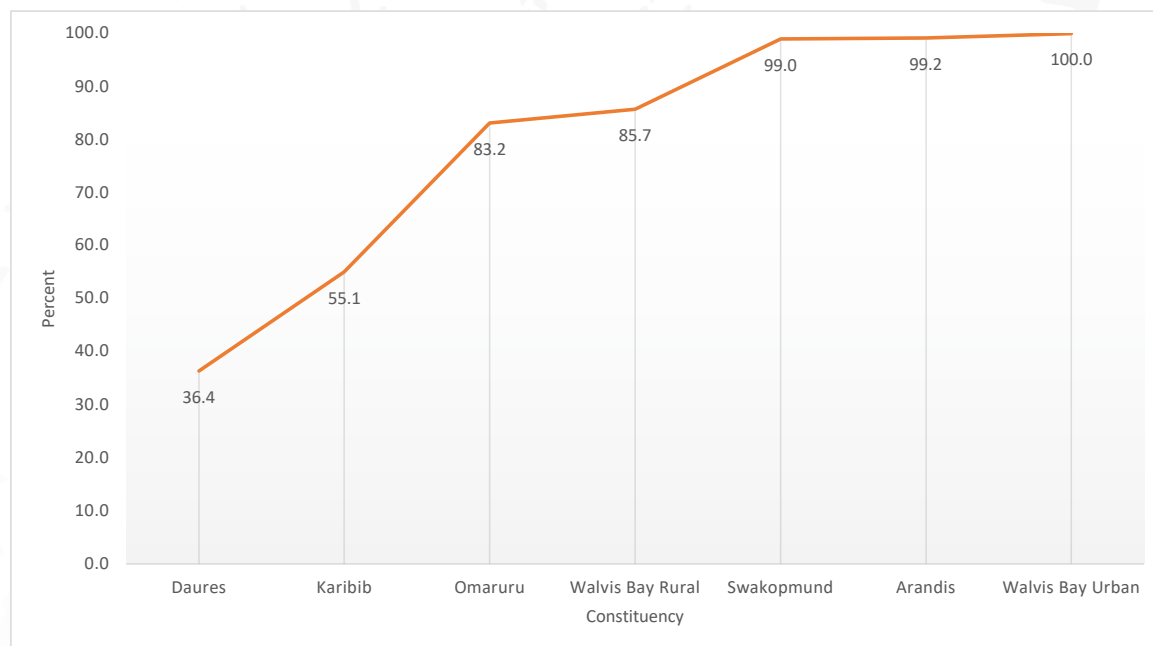


Table 3.3 1 Erongo Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Arandis	1 418	1 407	11	99.2
Daures	1 737	632	1 105	36.4
Karibib	1 436	791	645	55.1
Omaruru	945	786	159	83.2
Swakopmund	4 810	4 762	48	99.0
Walvis Bay Rural	1 213	1 040	173	85.7
Walvis Bay Urban	2 432	2 432	0	100.0

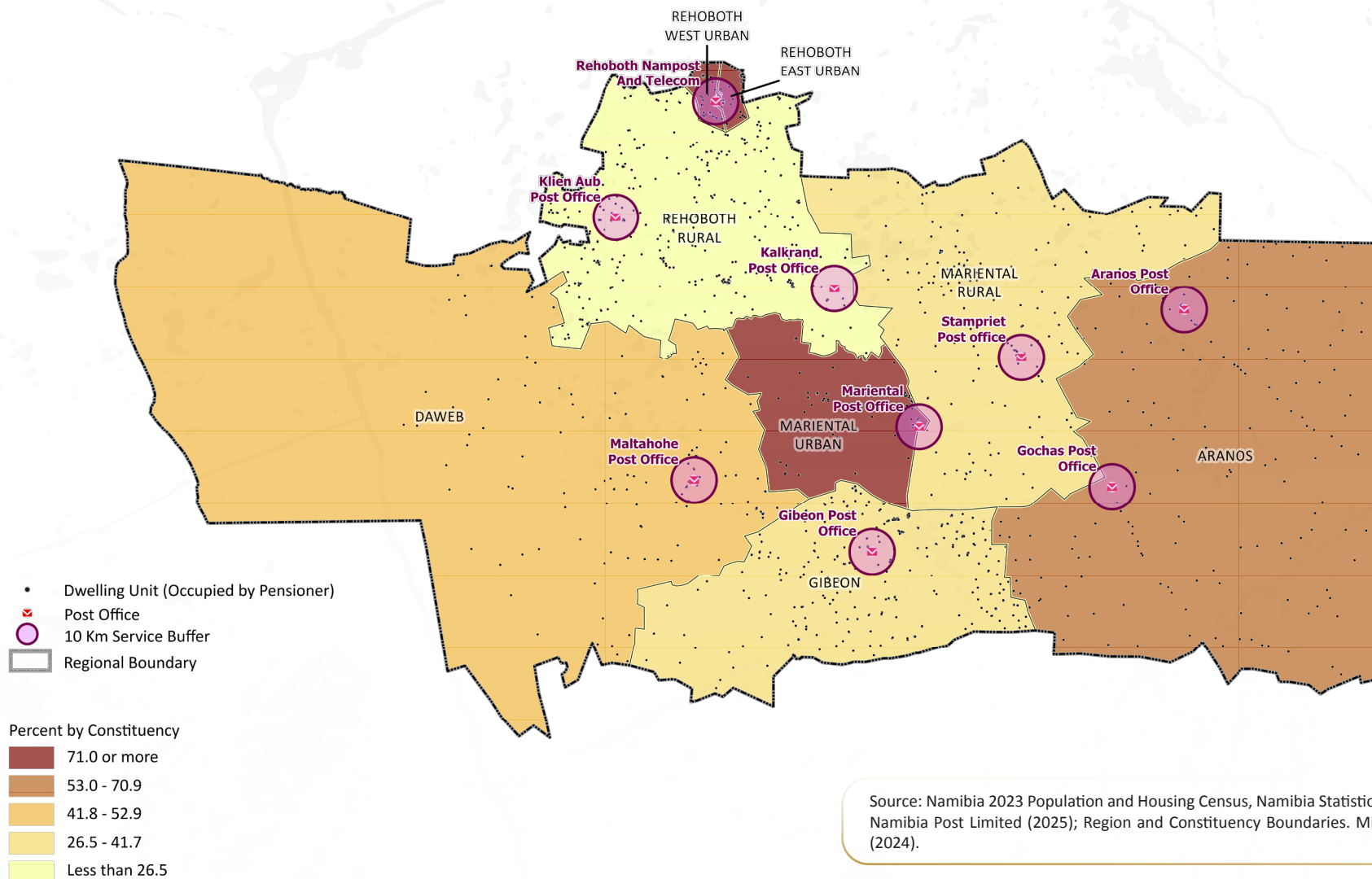
Figure 1.3.3 2 Erongo Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Walvis Bay Urban Constituency had the entire pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre radius of the post offices while Daures and Karibib constituencies had the lowest at 36.4 and 55.1 percent respectively.

3.4. Hardap Region

Figure 3.4 1 Hardap Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

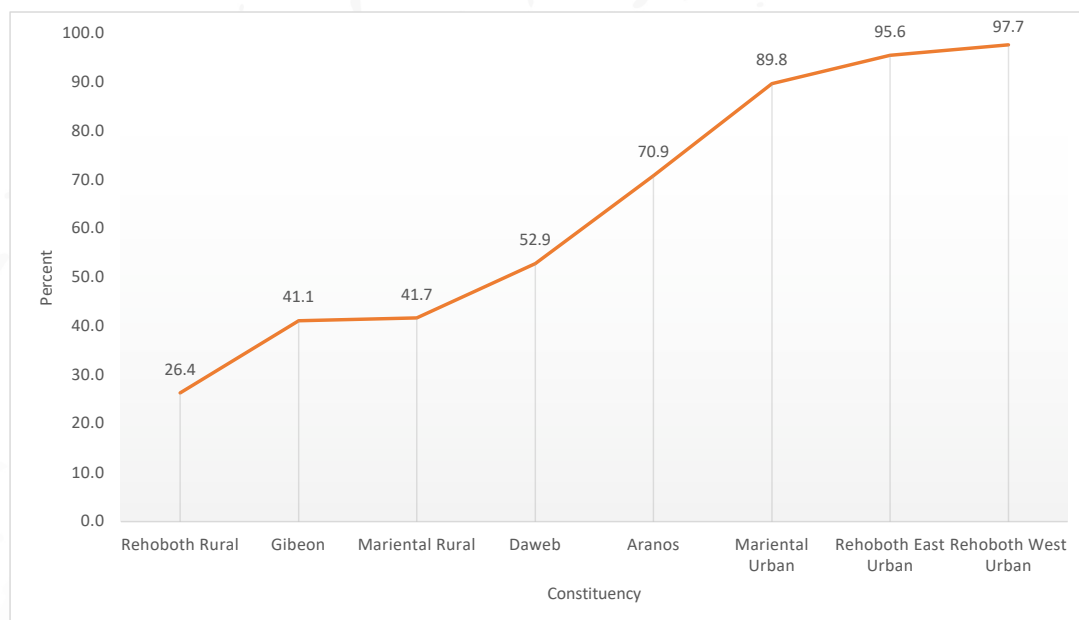


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 3.4 1 Hardap Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Aranos	897	636	261	70.9
Daweb	575	304	271	52.9
Gibeon	931	383	548	41.1
Mariental Rural	817	341	476	41.7
Mariental Urban	1 133	1 017	116	89.8
Rehoboth East Urban	2 068	1 977	91	95.6
Rehoboth Rural	1 039	274	765	26.4
Rehoboth West Urban	1 486	1 452	34	97.7

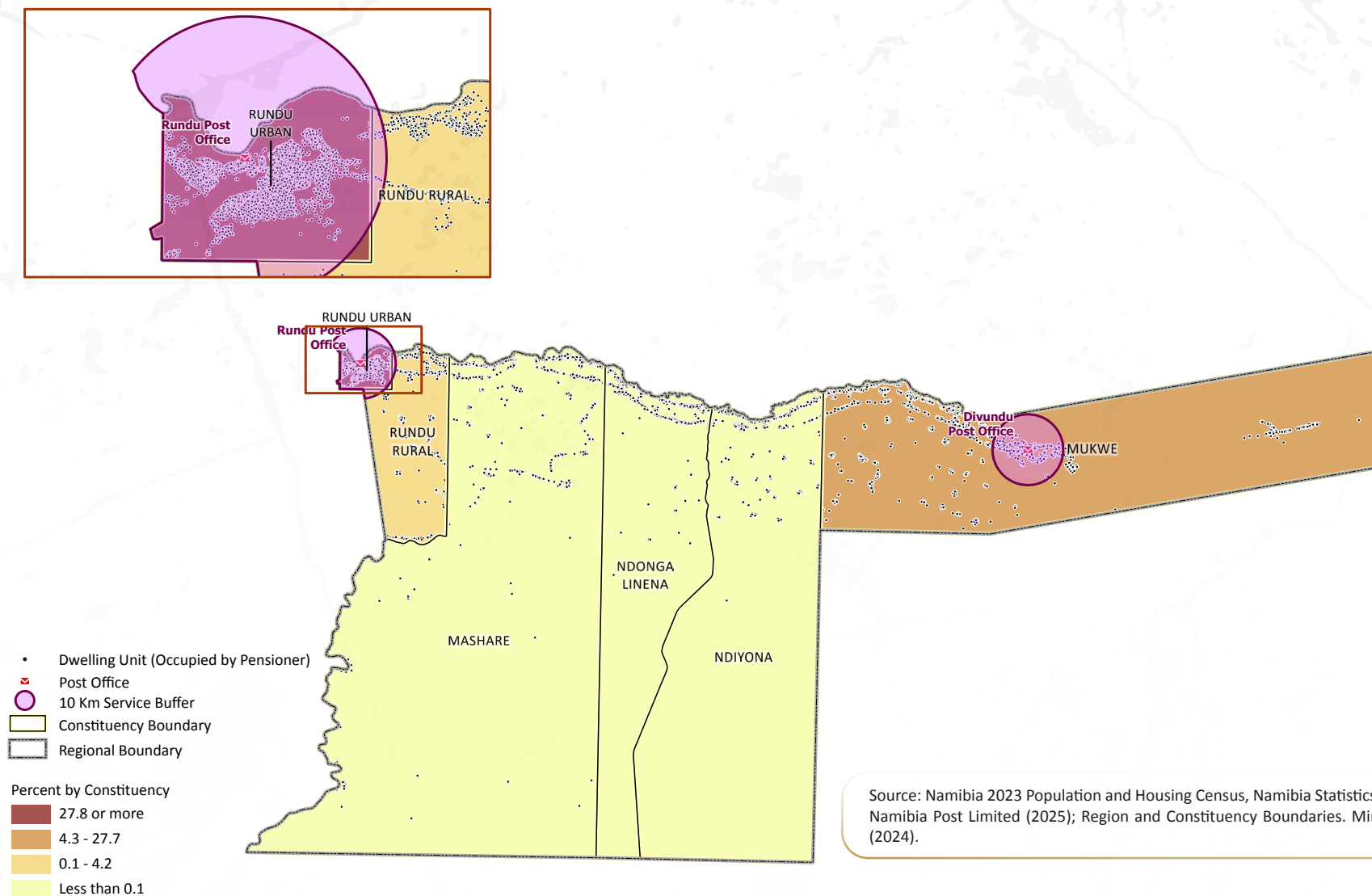
Figure 3.4 1 Hardap Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Rehoboth West Urban Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 97.7 percent while Rehoboth Rural and Gibeon constituencies had the lowest at 26.4 and 41.1 percent respectively.

3.5. Kavango East Region

Figure 3.5 1 Kavango East Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

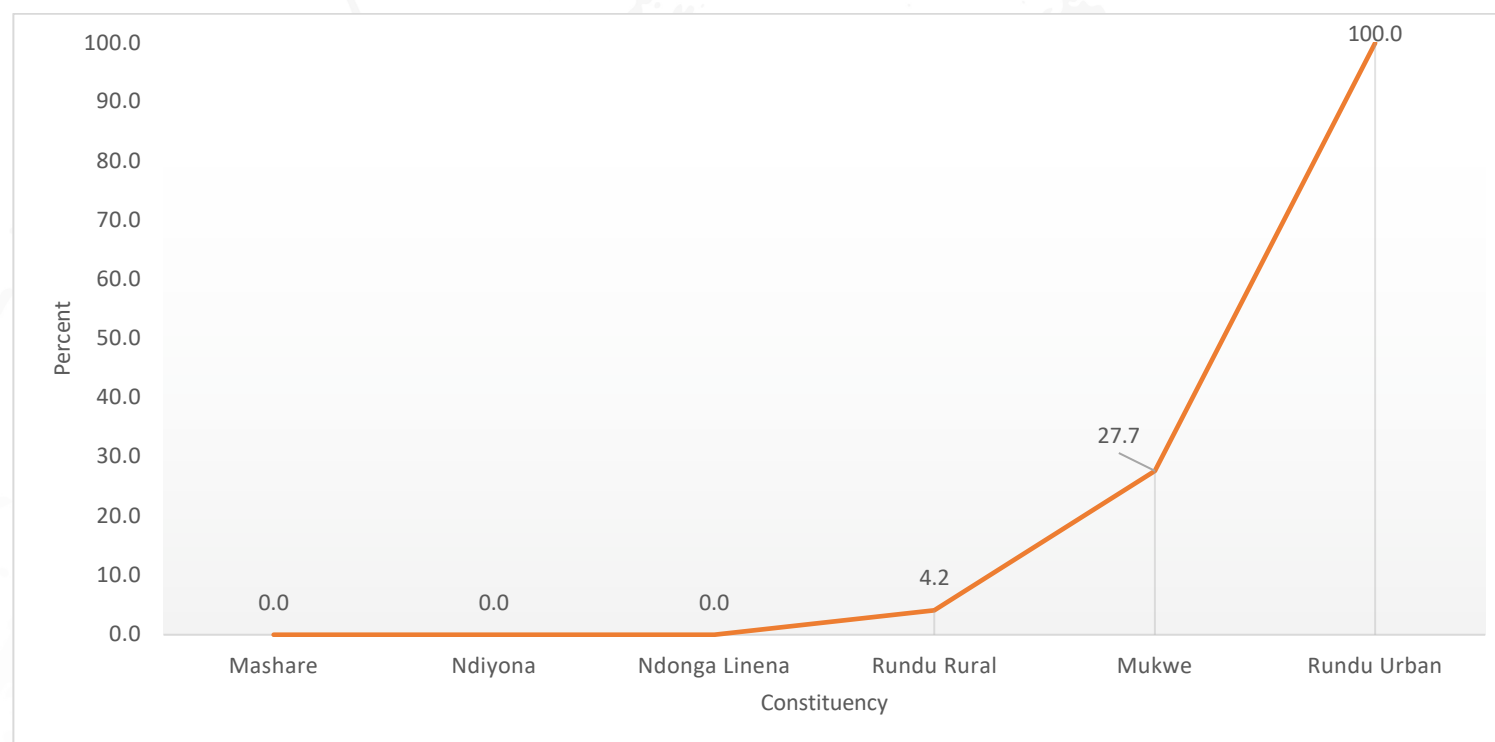


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 3.5 1 Kavango East Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Mashare	1 602	0	1 602	0.0
Mukwe	3 025	838	2 187	27.7
Ndiyona	942	0	942	0.0
Ndonga Linena	1 262	0	1 262	0.0
Rundu Rural	1 203	50	1 153	4.2
Rundu Urban	5 444	5 444	0	100.0

Figure 3.5 2 Kavango East Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km



Rundu Urban Constituency had the entire pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre radius buffer of the post offices while Mashare, Ndiyona and Ndonga Linena constituencies had no pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre buffer of any post office.

3.6. Kavango West Region

Figure 3.6 1 Kavango West Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

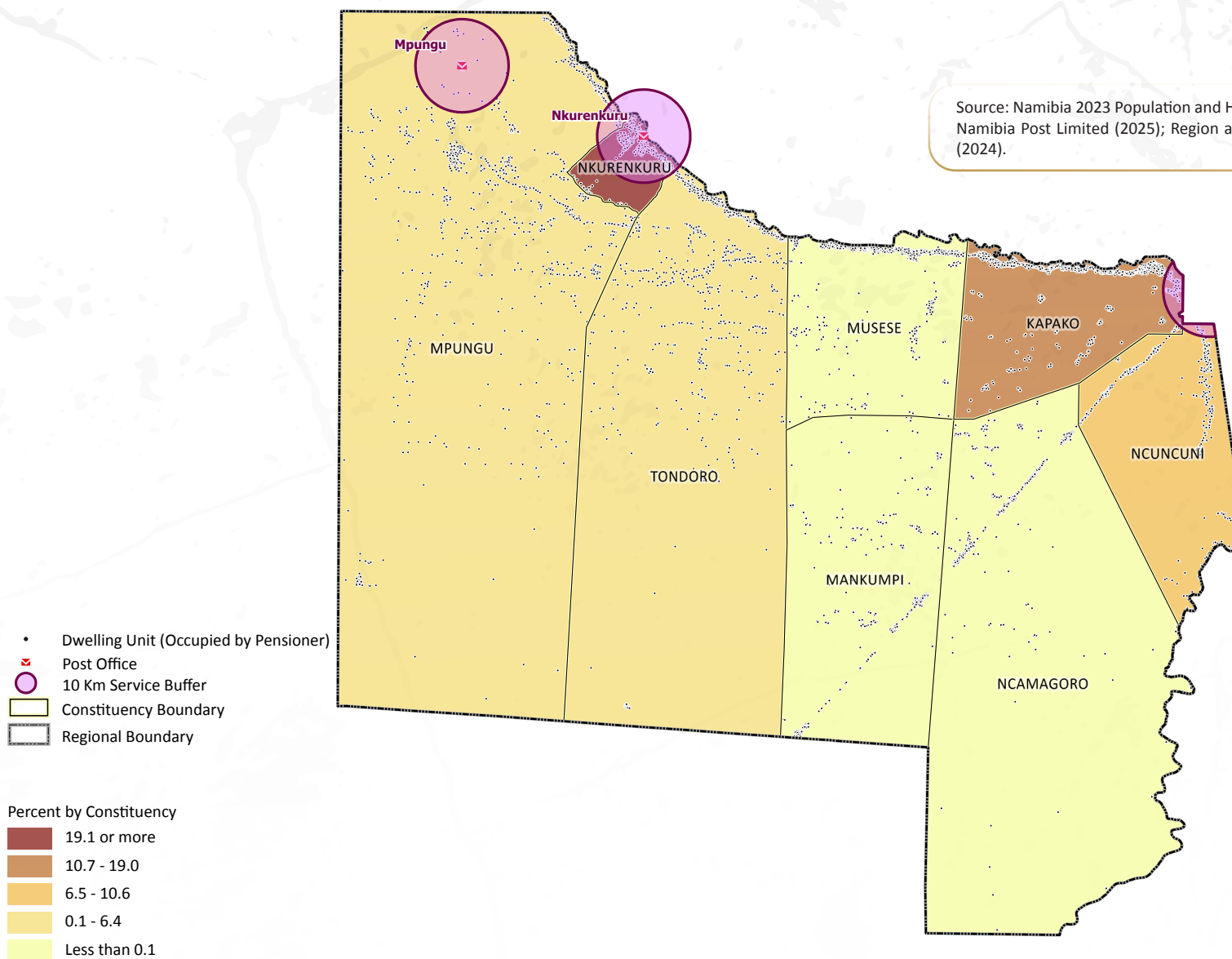
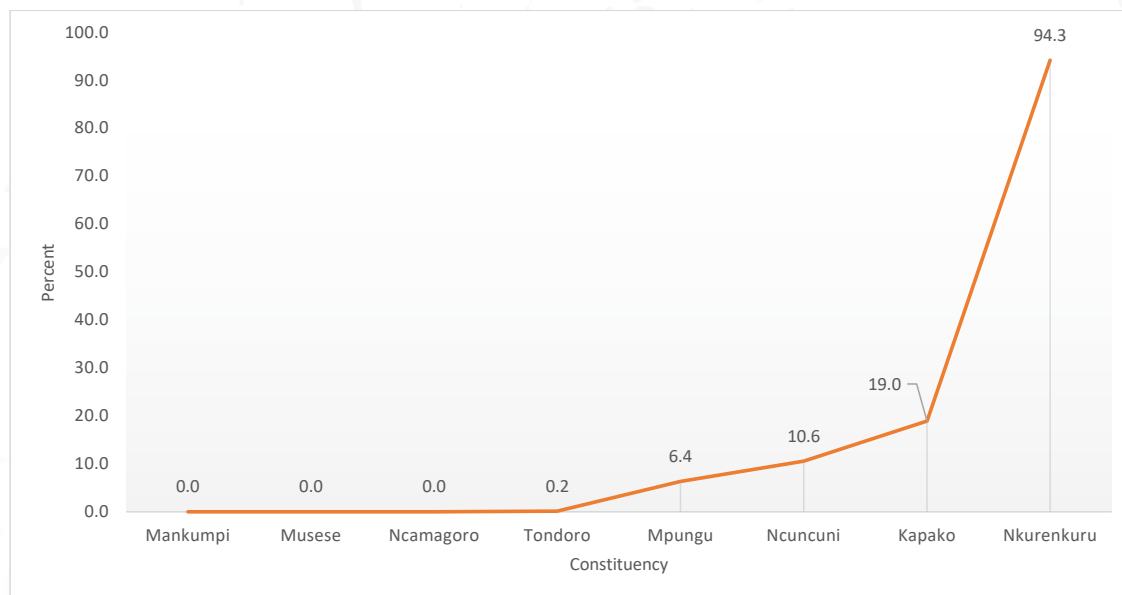


Table 3.6 1 Kavango West Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

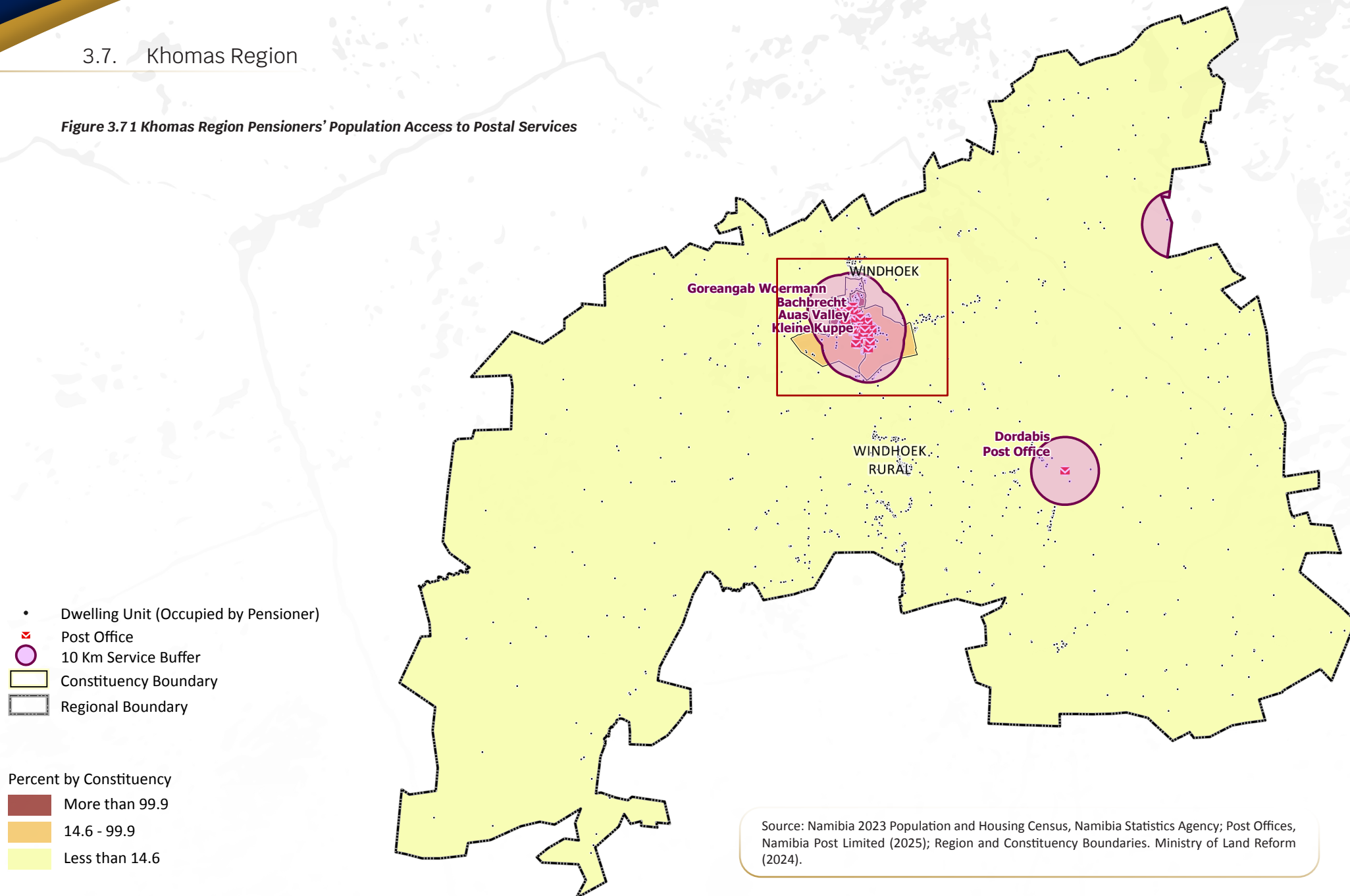
Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Kapako	2 154	409	1 745	19.0
Mankumpi	578	0	578	0.0
Mpungu	1 398	89	1 309	6.4
Musese	1 146	0	1 146	0.0
Ncamagoro	709	0	709	0.0
Ncuncuni	916	97	819	10.6
Nkurenkuru	651	614	37	94.3
Tondoro	1 270	2	1 268	0.2

Figure 3.6 2 Kavango West Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



3.7. Khomas Region

Figure 3.7.1 Khomas Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services



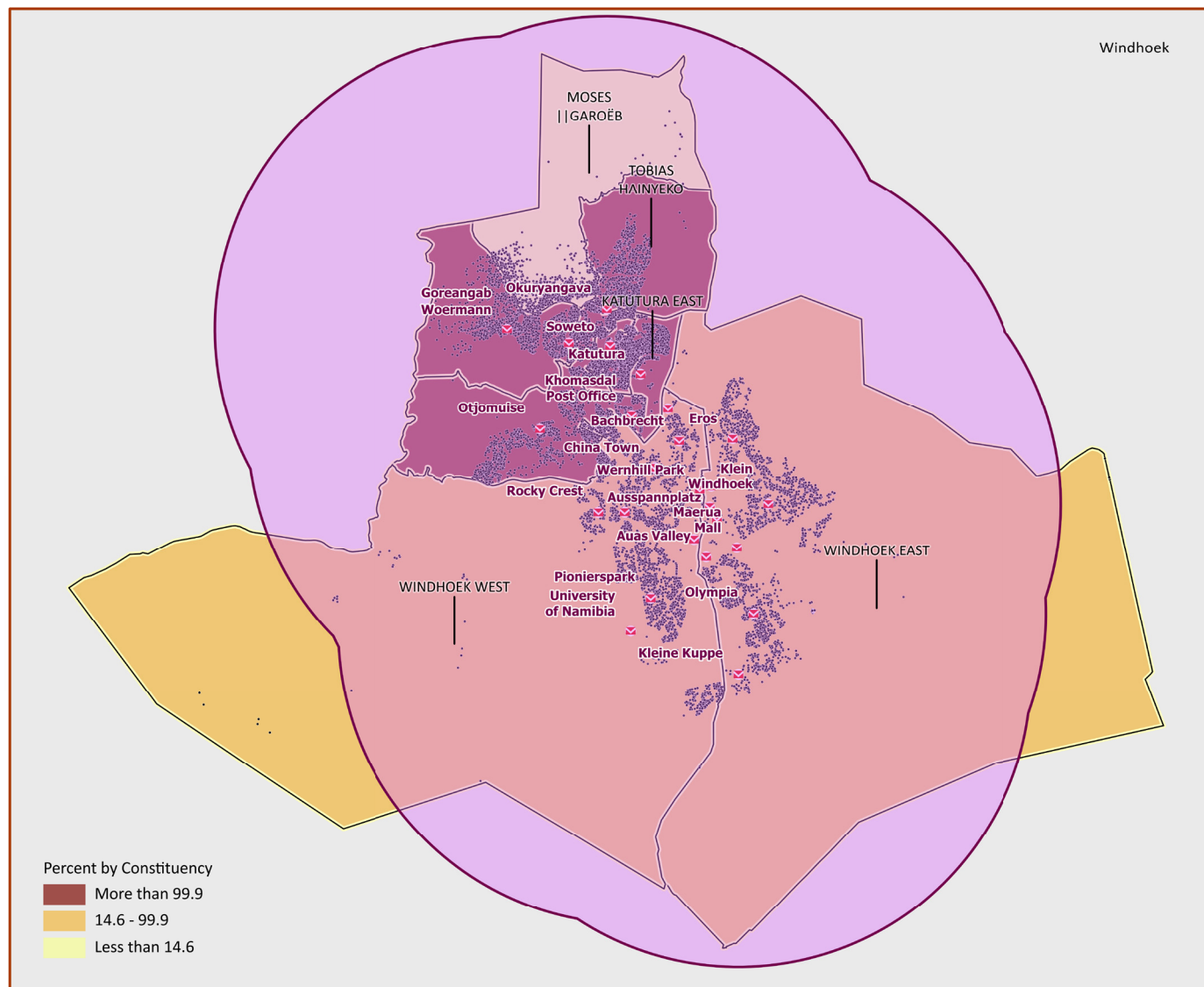
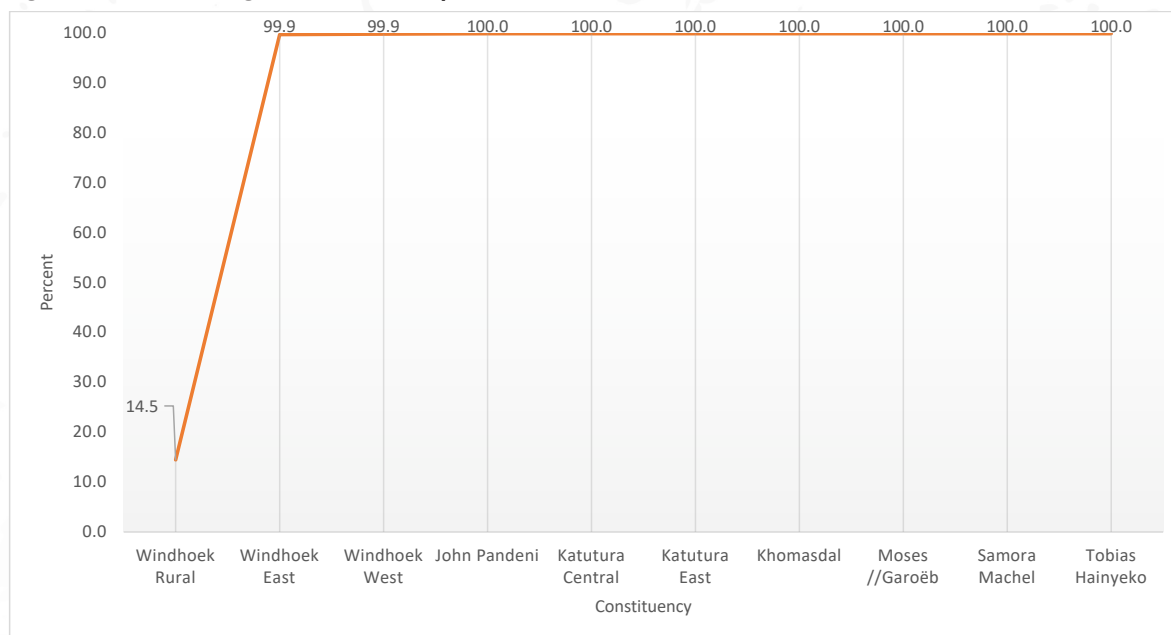


Table 3.7.1 Khomas Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
John Pandeni	1 273	1 273	0	100.0
Katutura Central	1 403	1 403	0	100.0
Katutura East	1 285	1 285	0	100.0
Khomasdal	2 095	2 095	0	100.0
Moses //Garoëb	963	963	0	100.0
Samora Machel	1 893	1 893	0	100.0
Tobias Hainyeko	1 214	1 214	0	100.0
Windhoek East	3 941	3 935	6	99.9
Windhoek Rural	2 571	372	2 199	14.5
Windhoek West	4 144	4 139	5	99.9

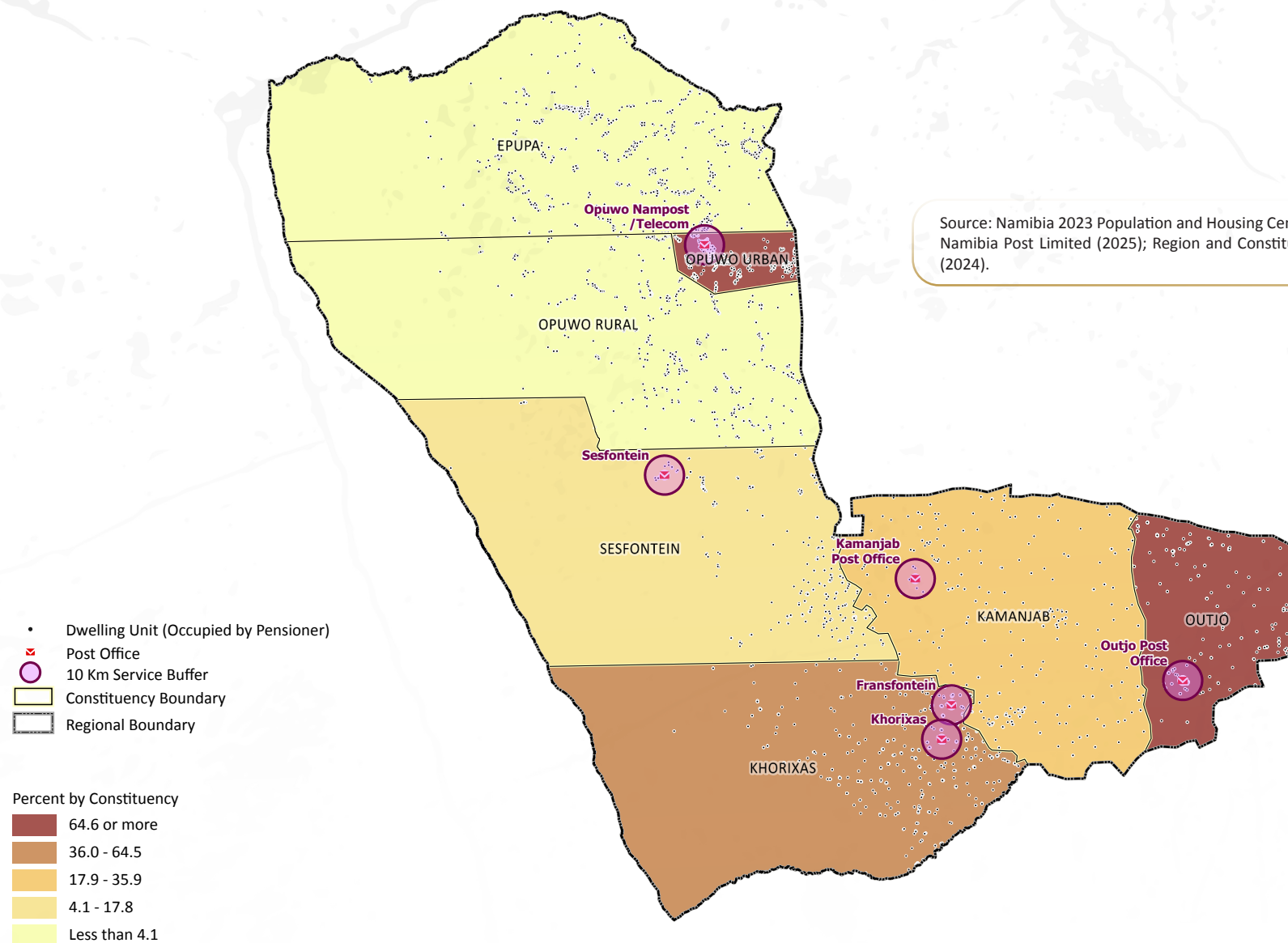
Figure 3.7.2 Khomas Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Windhoek Rural Constituency had the lowest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within the 10-kilometre radius buffer of the post offices, while the rest of the constituencies had either 99.9 or 100 percent.

3.8. Kunene Region

Figure 3.8 1 Kunene Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

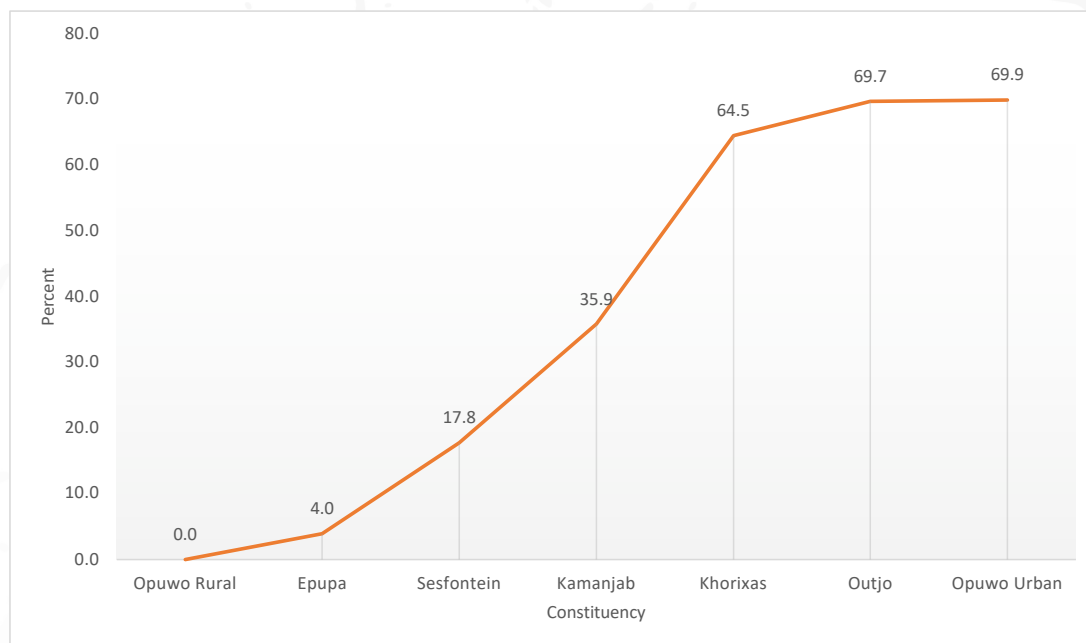


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 3.8 1 Kunene Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Epupa	1 591	63	1 528	4.0
Kamanjab	711	255	456	35.9
Khorixas	1 506	971	535	64.5
Opuwo Rural	1 178	0	1 178	0.0
Opuwo Urban	1 370	958	412	69.9
Outjo	1 350	941	409	69.7
Sesfontein	777	138	639	17.8

Figure 3.8 2 Kunene Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Opuwo Urban Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 69.9 percent, while Opuwo Rural Constituency had no pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre buffer of any post office.

3.9. Ohangwena Region

Figure 3.9 1 Ohangwena Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

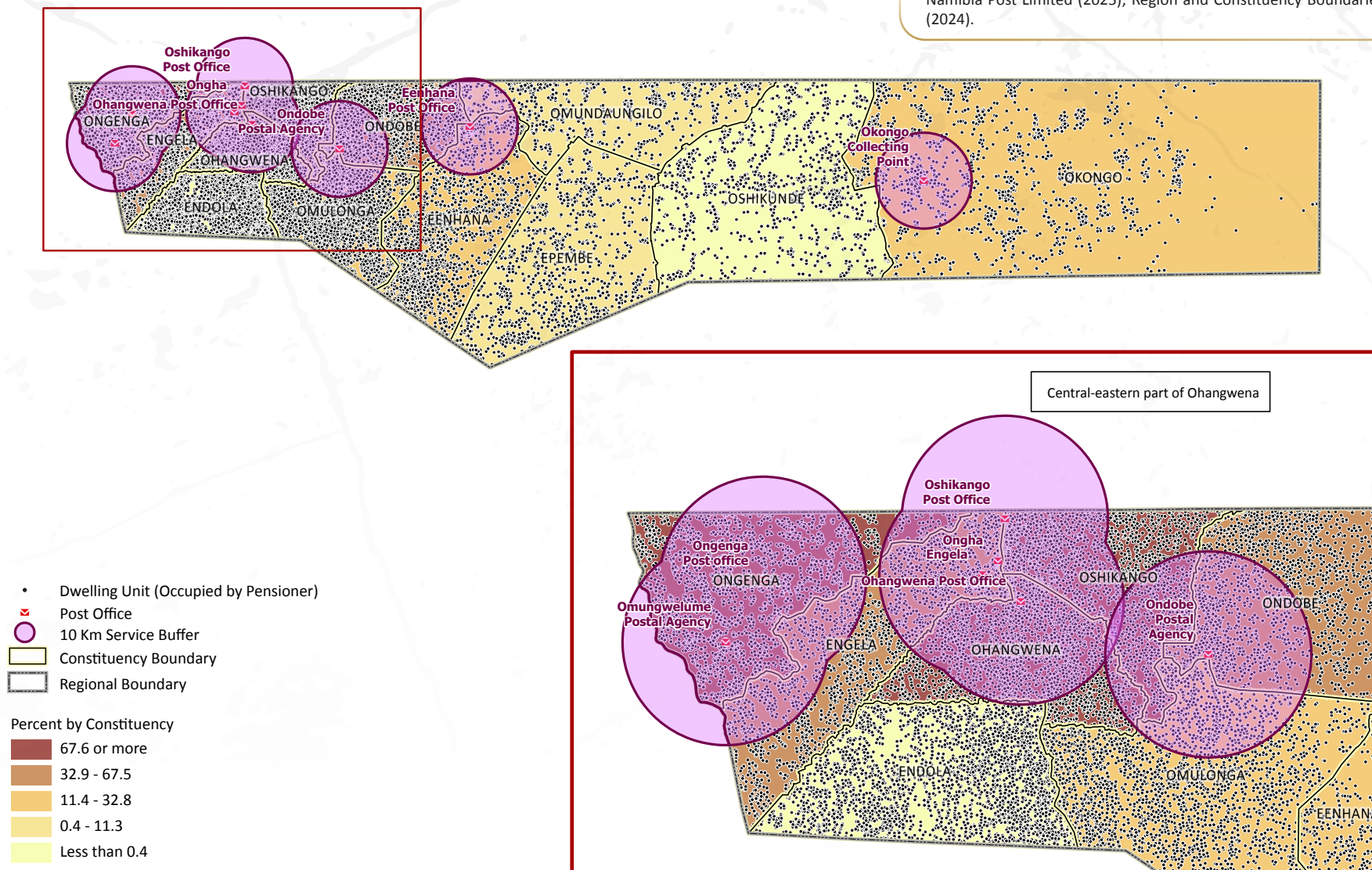
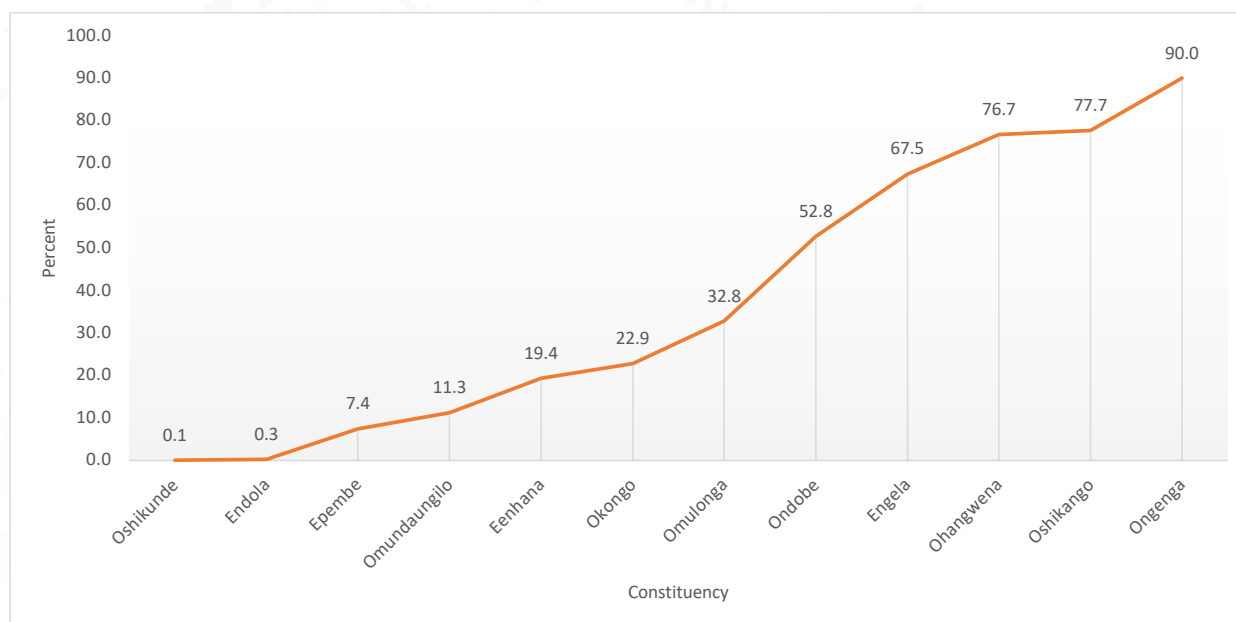


Table 3.9 1 Ohangwena Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Eenhana	2 296	445	1 851	19.4
Endola	3 098	10	3 088	0.3
Engela	2 536	1 711	825	67.5
Epembe	1 357	101	1 256	7.4
Ohangwena	2 571	1 973	598	76.7
Okongo	1 854	424	1 430	22.9
Omulonga	3 281	1 076	2 205	32.8
Omundaungilo	1 108	125	983	11.3
Ondobe	2 627	1 386	1 241	52.8
Ongenga	2 620	2 359	261	90.0
Oshikango	2 323	1 804	519	77.7
Oshikunde	1 445	1	1 444	0.1

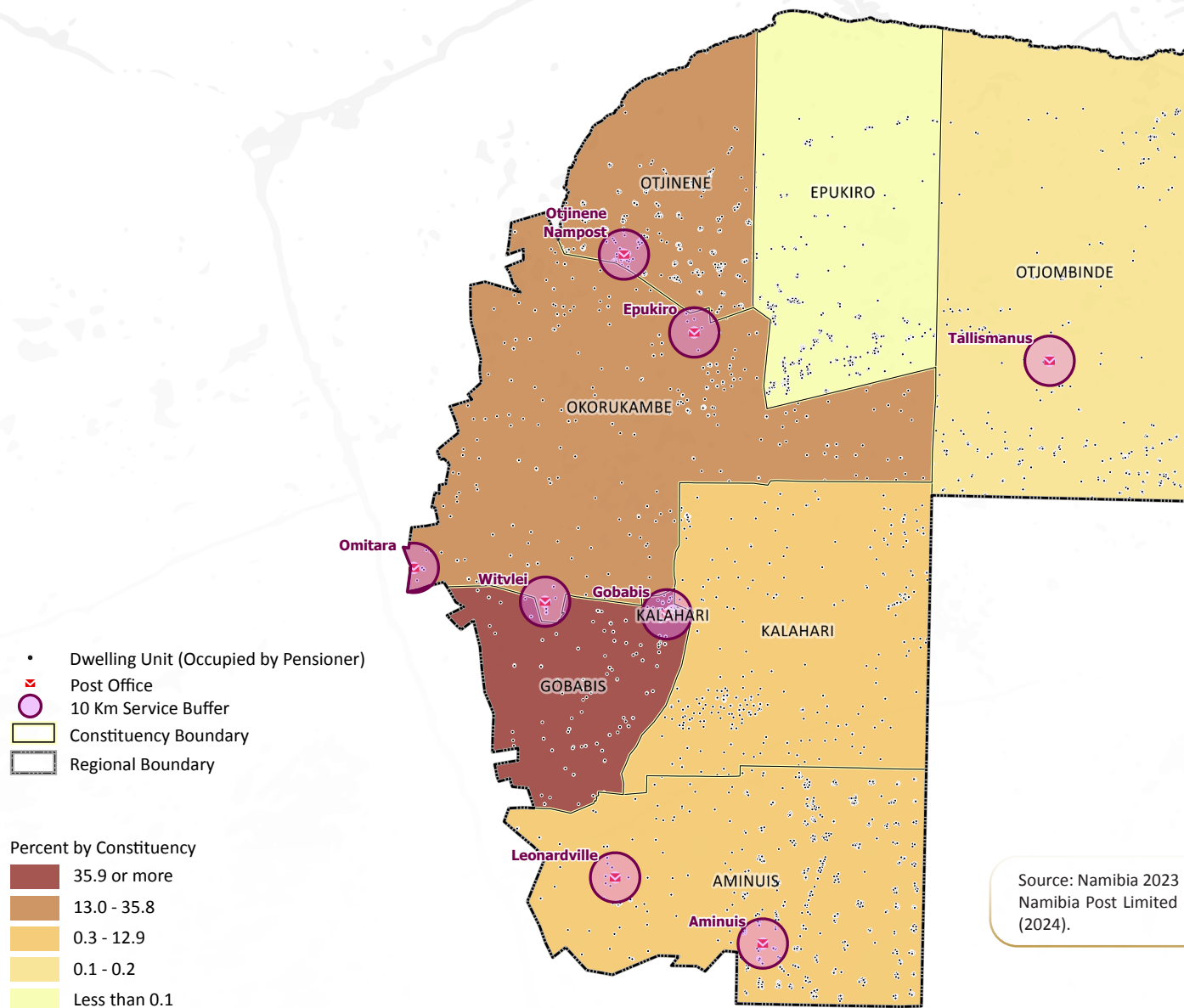
Figure 3.9 2 Ohangwena Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Ongenga Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 90.0 percent, while Oshikunde and Endola constituencies had the lowest at 0.1 and 0.3 percent respectively.

3.10. Omaheke Region

Figure 3.10 1 Omaheke Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

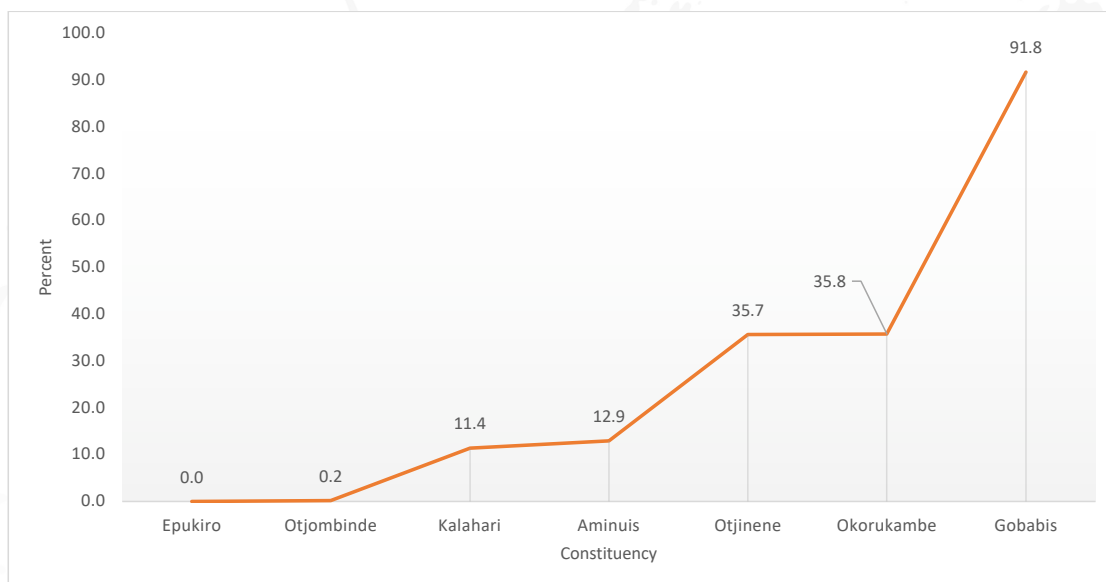


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 3.10 1 Omaheke Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Aminuis	1 316	170	1 146	12.9
Epukiro	753	0	753	0.0
Gobabis	1 832	1 681	151	91.8
Kalahari	850	97	753	11.4
Okarukambe	892	319	573	35.8
Otjinene	963	344	619	35.7
Otjombinde	640	1	639	0.2

Figure 3.10 2 Omaheke Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services



Gobabis Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 91.8 percent, while Epukiro Constituency had no pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre buffer of any post office.

3.11. Omusati Region

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Figure 3.11 1 Omusati Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

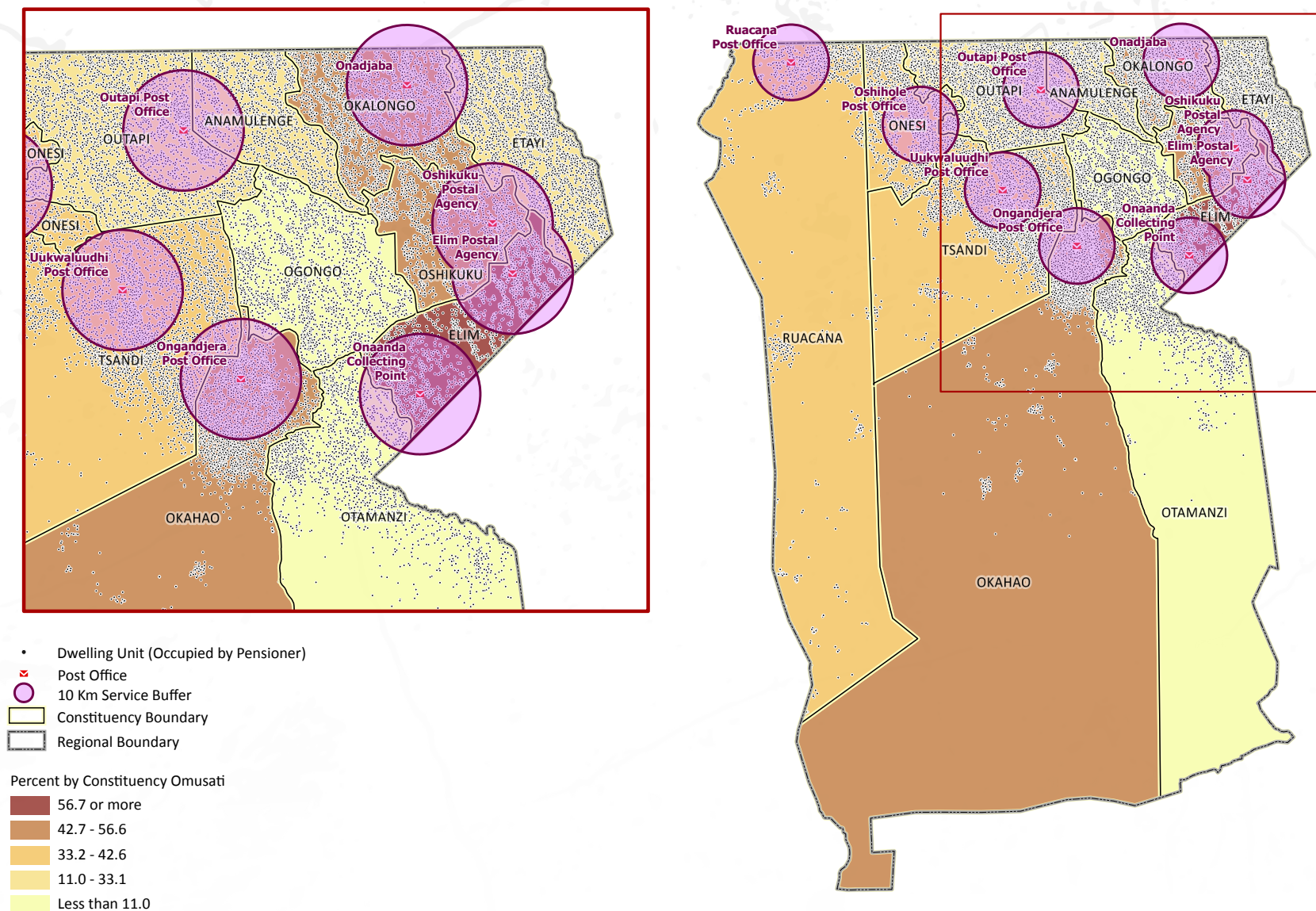
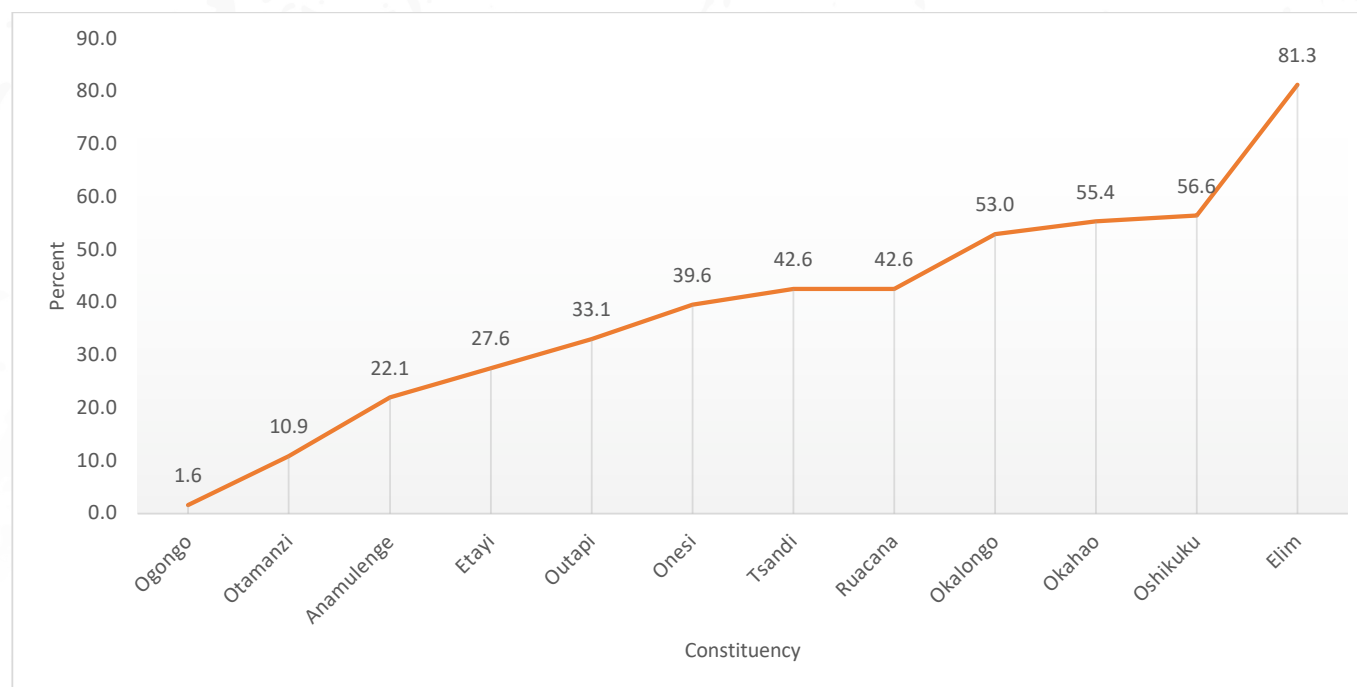


Table 3.11 1 Omusati Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Anamulenge	1 991	440	1 551	22.1
Elim	1 911	1 554	357	81.3
Etayi	3 756	1 035	2 721	27.6
Ogongo	2 476	40	2 436	1.6
Okahao	2 835	1 571	1 264	55.4
Okalongo	3 228	1 712	1 516	53.0
Onesi	2 228	883	1 345	39.6
Oshikuku	1 867	1 056	811	56.6
Otamanzi	2 095	229	1 866	10.9
Outapi	4 305	1 424	2 881	33.1
Ruacana	1 742	742	1 000	42.6
Tsandi	4 360	1 856	2 504	42.6

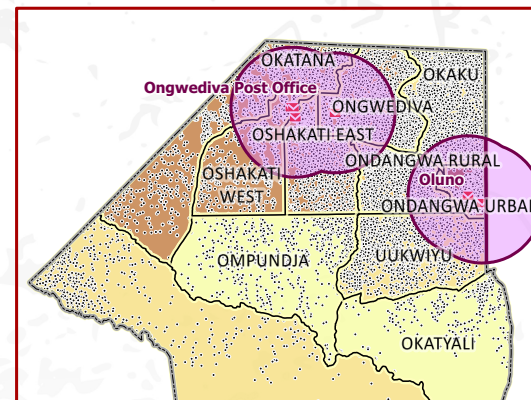
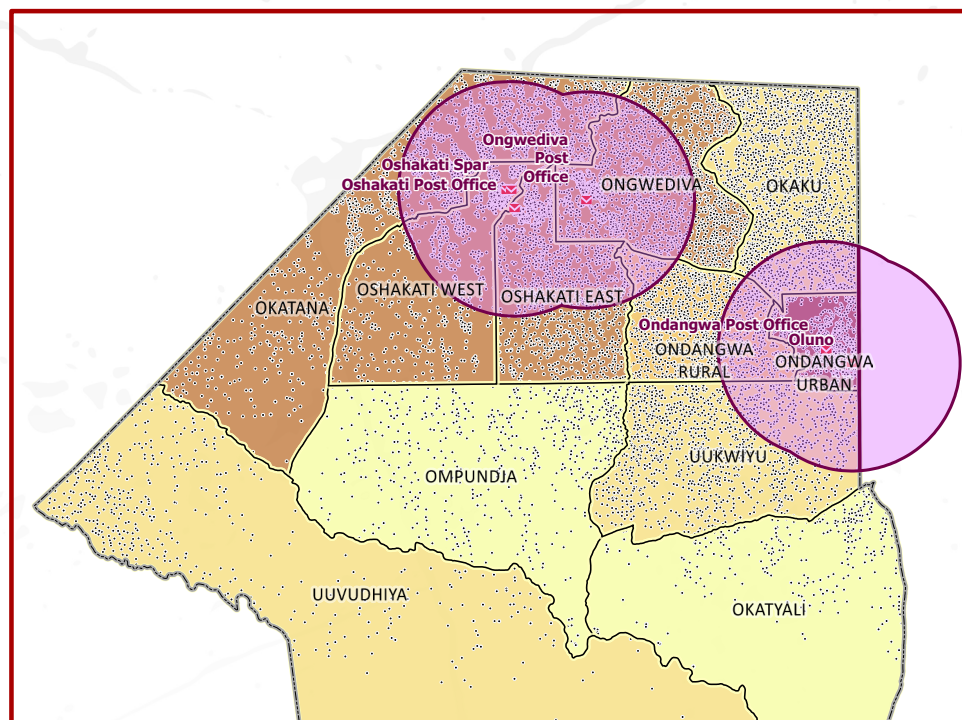
Table 3.11 1 Omusati Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services



Elim Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 81.3 percent, while Ogongo and Otamanzi constituencies had the lowest at 1.6 and 10.9 percent respectively.

3.12. Oshana Region

Figure 3.12 1 Oshana Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services



- Dwelling Unit (Occupied by Pensioner)
- ✉ Post Office
- 10 Km Service Buffer
- ▬ Constituency Boundary
- ▬ Regional Boundary

Percent by Constituency

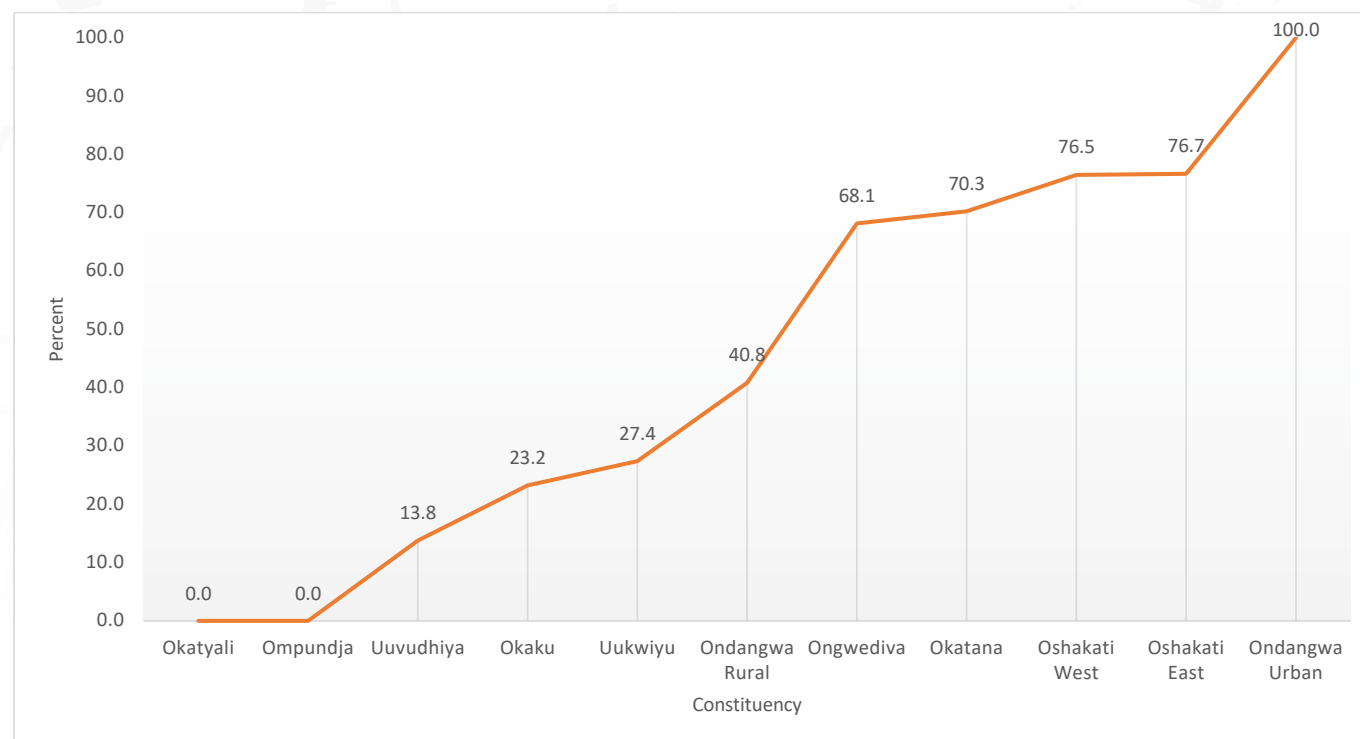
- 76.8 or more
- 40.9 - 76.7
- 27.5 - 40.8
- 0.1 - 27.4
- Less than 0.1

Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Figure 3.12 2 Oshana Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Okaku	2 505	581	1 924	23.2
Okatana	2 037	1 431	606	70.3
Okatyali	387	0	387	0.0
Ompundja	741	0	741	0.0
Ondangwa Rural	1 625	663	962	40.8
Ondangwa Urban	1 048	1 048	0	100.0
Ongwediva	2 863	1 950	913	68.1
Oshakati East	2 077	1 592	485	76.7
Oshakati West	1 442	1 103	339	76.5
Uukwiyu	1 585	434	1 151	27.4
Uuvudhiya	574	79	495	13.8

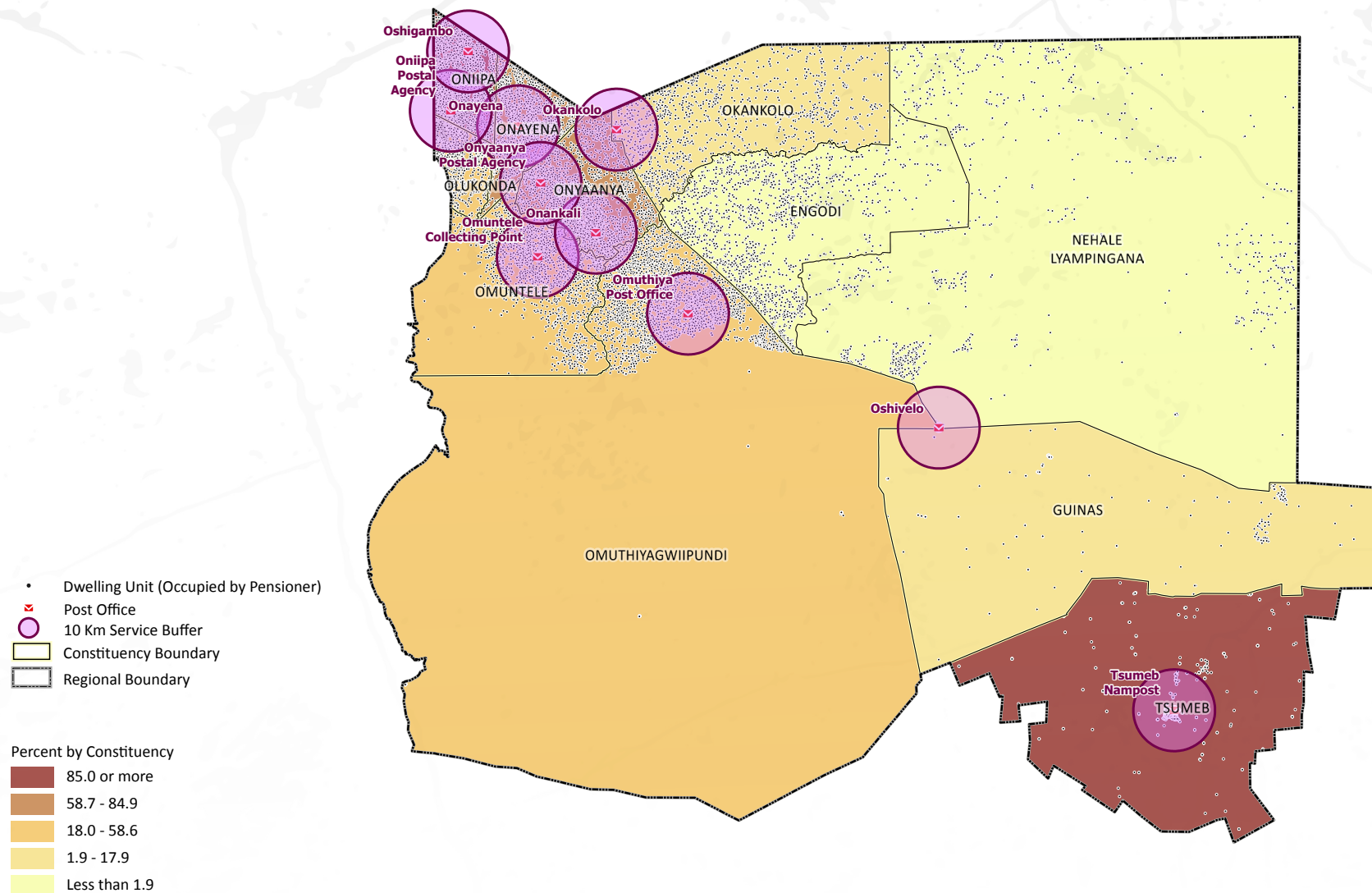
Figure 3.12 2 Oshana Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Ondangwa Urban Constituency had the entire pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre radius of the post offices, while Okatyali and Ompundja constituencies had no pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre buffer of any post office.

3.13. Oshikoto Region

Figure 3.13 1 Oshikoto Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

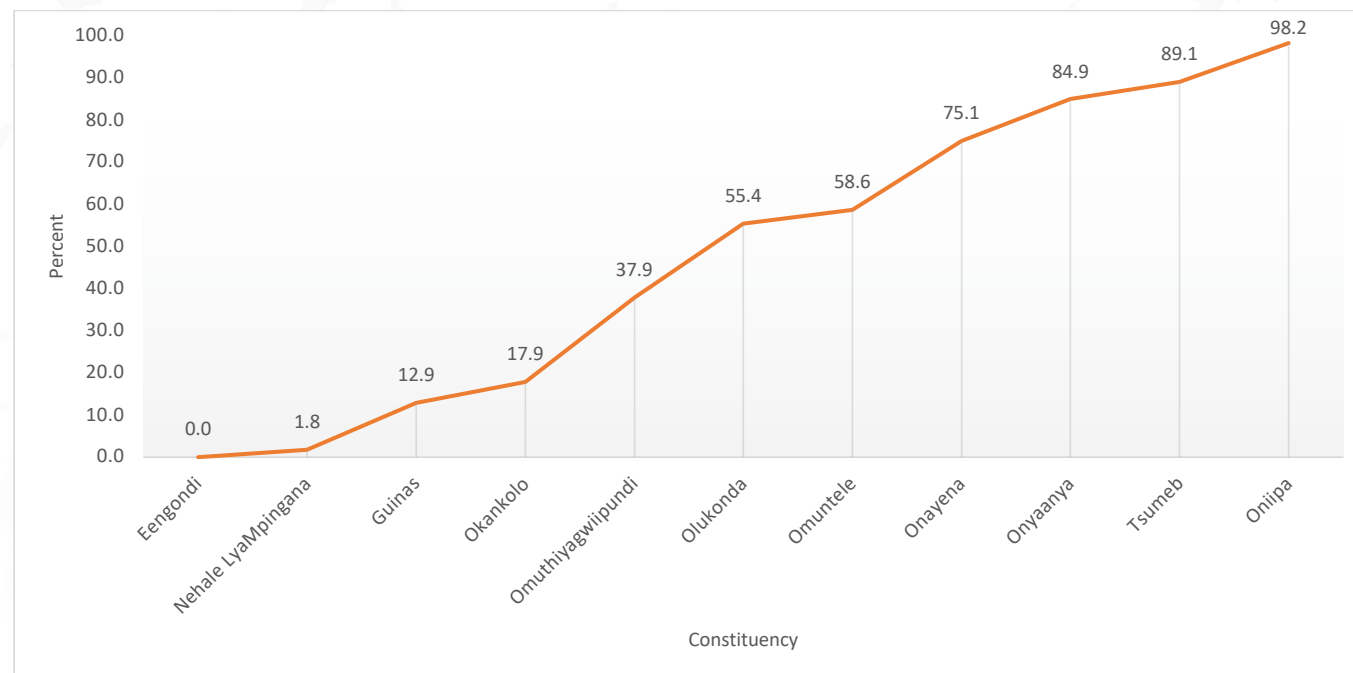


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 3.13 1 Oshikoto Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Eengondi	1 774	0	1 774	0.0
Guinas	558	72	486	12.9
Nehale LyaMpingana	1 052	19	1 033	1.8
Okankolo	1 440	257	1 183	17.9
Olukonda	1 183	655	528	55.4
Omuntele	2 251	1 320	931	58.6
Omuthiyagwiipundi	3 378	1 281	2 097	37.9
Onayena	1 993	1 496	497	75.1
Oniipa	3 060	3 006	54	98.2
Onyaanya	2 636	2 239	397	84.9
Tsumeb	1 907	1 699	208	89.1

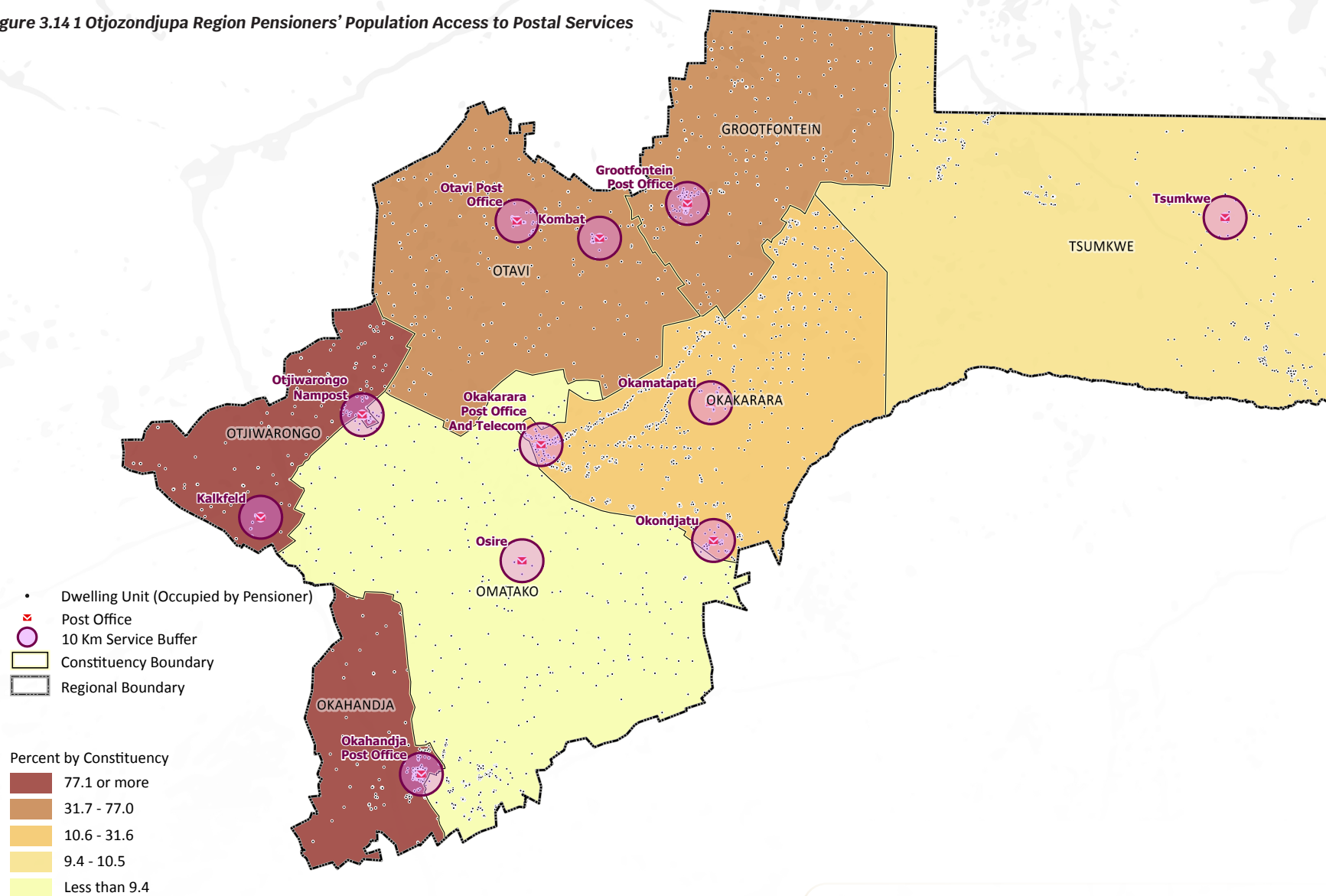
Figure 1.3.13 2 Oshikoto Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Oniipa Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 98.2 percent, while Eengondi Constituency had no pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre buffer of any post office.

3.14. Otjozondjupa Region

Figure 3.14 1 Otjozondjupa Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

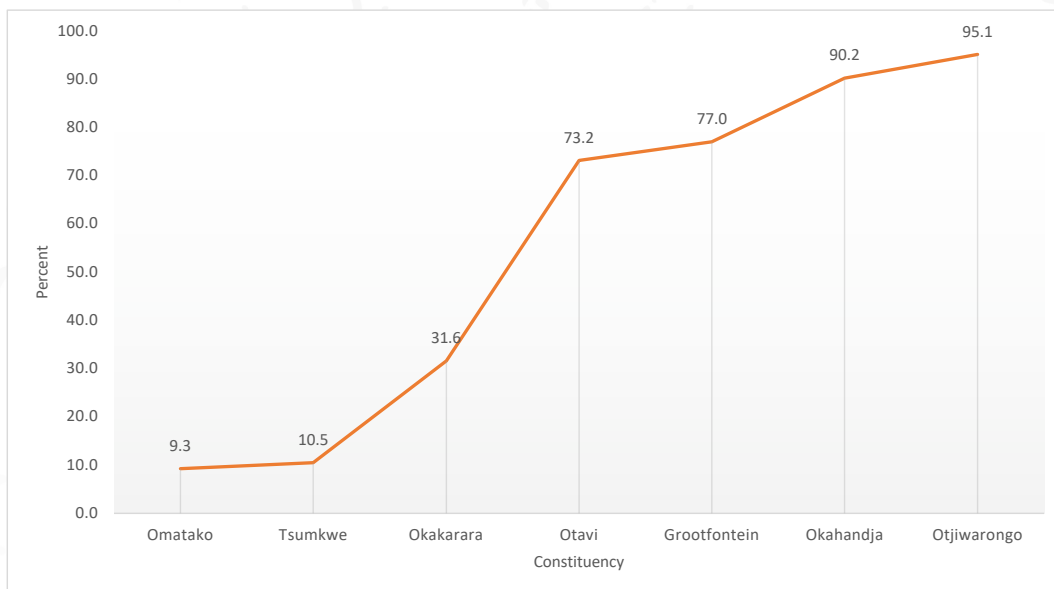


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 3.14 1 Otjozondjupa Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Grootfontein	1 712	1 319	393	77.0
Okahandja	2 301	2 076	225	90.2
Okakarara	2 773	876	1 897	31.6
Omatako	983	91	892	9.3
Otavi	1 056	773	283	73.2
Otjiwarongo	2 863	2 724	139	95.1
Tsumkwe	913	96	817	10.5

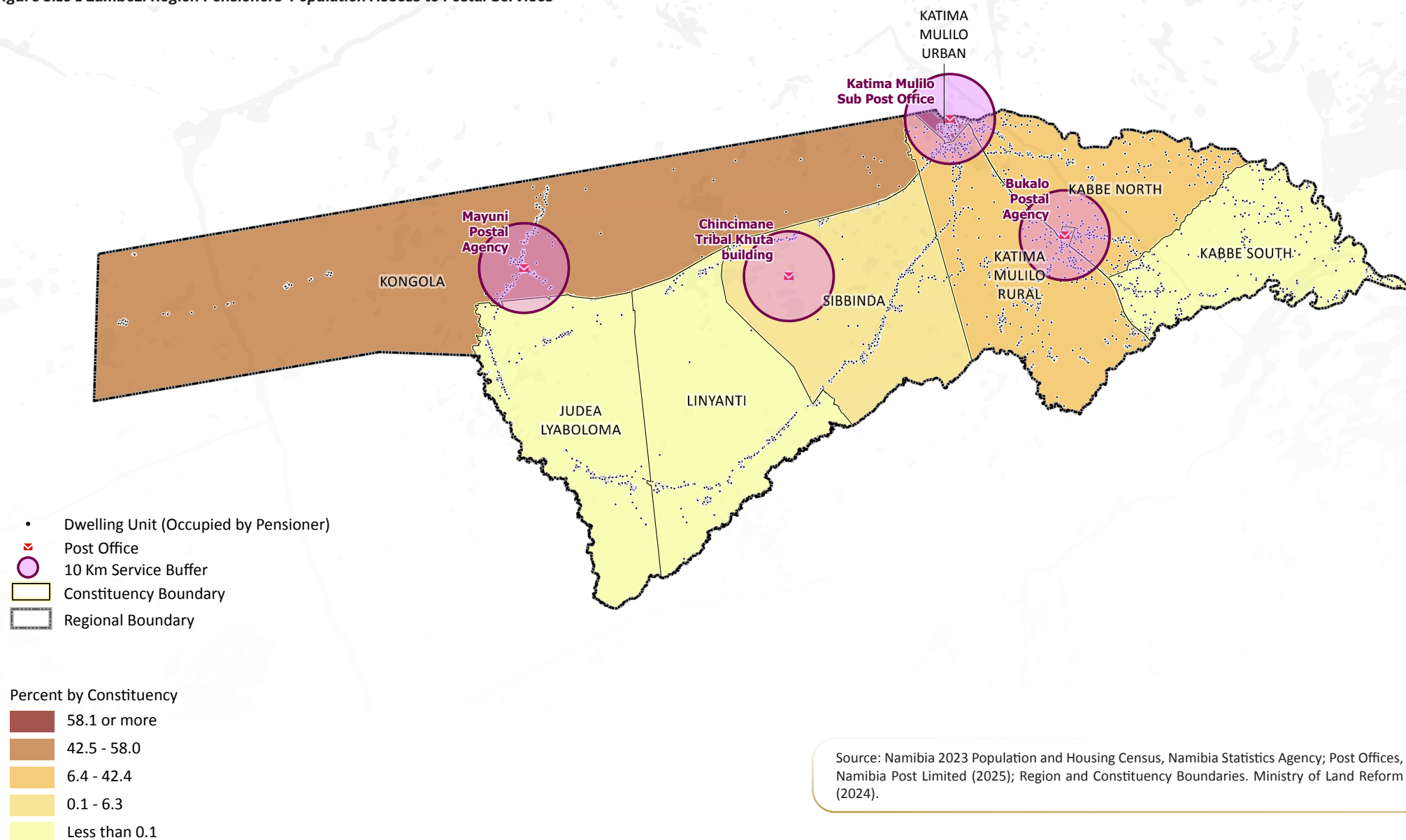
Figure 3.14 2 Otjozondjupa Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Otjiwarongo Constituency had the highest percentage of the pensioners' population covered within a 10-kilometre radius of a post office at 95.1 percent, while Omatako and Tsumkwe constituencies had the lowest at 9.3 and 10.5 percent respectively.

3.15. Zambezi Region

Figure 3.15 1 Zambezi Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

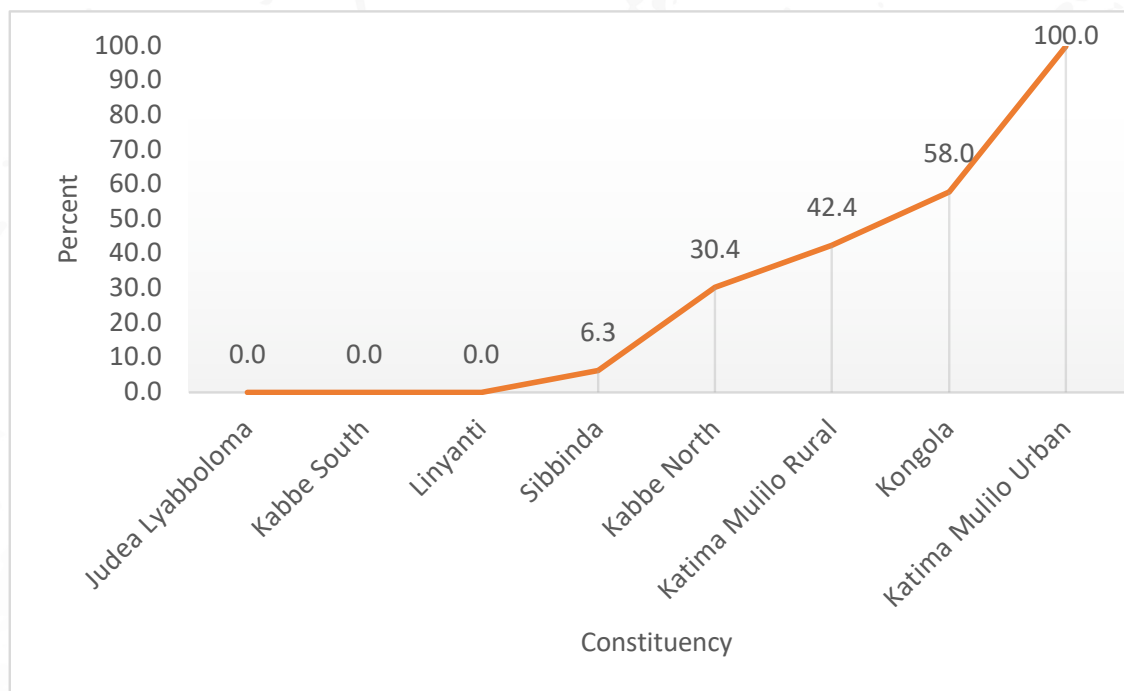


Source: Namibia 2023 Population and Housing Census, Namibia Statistics Agency; Post Offices, Namibia Post Limited (2025); Region and Constituency Boundaries. Ministry of Land Reform (2024).

Table 3.15 1 Zambezi Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services

Constituency	Total Population of Pensioners	Number of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Number of Pensioners outside the 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office	Percentage of Pensioners within 10-kilometres buffer of a Post Office
Judea Lyabboloma	653	0	653	0.0
Kabbe North	858	261	597	30.4
Kabbe South	719	0	719	0.0
Katima Mulilo Rural	1 419	602	817	42.4
Katima Mulilo Urban	1 252	1 252	0	100.0
Kongola	745	432	313	58.0
Linyanti	803	0	803	0.0
Sibbinda	1 274	80	1 194	6.3

Figure 3.15 2 Zambezi Region Pensioners' Population Access to Postal Services Within a 10 km Radius



Katima Mulilo Urban Constituency had the entire pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre radius of the post offices, while Judea Lyabboloma, Kabbe South and Linyanti constituencies had no pensioners' population within the 10-kilometre buffer of any post office.



Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA)
Post Street Mall, 6958 Mutual Platz Building
Windhoek, Namibia
P.O.Box 2133, Windhoek, Namibia
Tel: 061-431 3200, Fax: 061-4313253
www.nsa.org.na