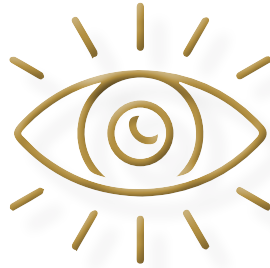


Namibia Consumer Price Index Bulletin - **NCPI**

October 2024

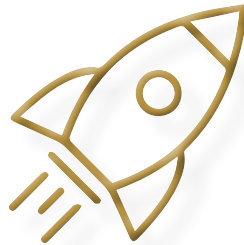


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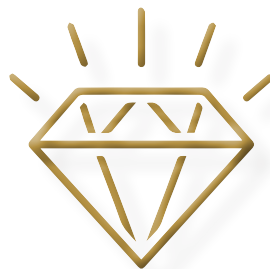
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"To be a high performing and sustainable institution in quality statistics and spatial data delivery for research, planning, and decision-making."



Mission Statement

"Leveraging on partnerships and innovative technologies, to produce and disseminate relevant, quality, timely statistics and spatial data that are fit-for-purpose."



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LIST OF ACRONYMS

CPI:	Consumer Price Index
NCPI:	Namibia Consumer Price Index
NHIES:	Namibia Household Income and Expenditure Survey

PREFACE



This report examines the monthly inflation rate performance in Namibia as measured by the Namibia Consumer Price Index (NCPI). The inflation rate measures the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the month under review compared to the previous month (month-on-month changes) as well as to the corresponding month in the previous year (year-on-year changes). The inflation rate is vital for purposes of economic policymaking, especially conducting monetary policy to maintain price stability and control consumers spending. The Consumer Price Index is published about 15 days after the end of the reference month to which it relates.

The headline annual inflation rate for October 2024, stood at 3.0 percent compared to 6.0 percent registered in October 2023. On a monthly basis, the inflation rate witnessed an increase of 0.4 percent compared to a deflation of 0.2 percent recorded a month ago.

The Zonal inflation rates for the month of October 2024 revealed that **Zone 2** (Karas region) recorded the highest rate of 4.2 percent while **Zone 1** (Kavango East, Kavango West, Kunene, Ohangwena, Omusati, Oshana, Oshikoto, Otjozondjupa, and Zambezi regions) and **Zone 3** (//Karas, Erongo, Hardap, Omaheke regions) each recorded an annual inflation rate of 2.3 percent.

The analysis of the average retail prices of selected products for October 2024 revealed that consumers in Zone 1 paid the highest price for Petrol per litre at N\$20.93; followed by Zone 3 consumers at N\$20.89; while consumers in Zone 2 paid the lowest price of N\$20.74. In addition, consumers in Zone 2 paid the highest price for Pure sunflower per 750ml at N\$31.30; followed by consumers in Zone 3 at N\$30.89; while consumers in Zone 1 paid the lowest price of N\$30.62.

During the month of October 2024, the core inflation rate stood at 4.0 percent while the headline inflation rate at 3.0 percent. Core inflation refers to a measure of inflation that excludes certain volatile elements from the overall inflation calculation. These volatile elements typically include food and energy prices, which tend to experience significant price swings due to factors such as weather conditions, geopolitical events, or changes in supply and demand.

I would like to extend my gratitude and appreciation to all stakeholders who assisted in the production of this bulletin. Further, I would like to urge our readers and users of this bulletin to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin at info@nsa.org.na

ALEX SHIMUAFENI
STATISTICIAN-GENERAL & CEO

Box 1: Main division contributions to the NCPI annual percentage change

Divisions	Contributions (%)		
	Oct - 23	Sept -24	Oct -24
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	1.8	1.0	1.0
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	1.0	0.6	0.7
Clothing and footwear	0.0	0.0	0.0
Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels	0.8	0.9	1.1
Furnishings, household equipment etc.	0.3	0.2	0.1
Health	0.1	0.1	0.1
Transport	1.0	0.2	-0.5
Communication	0.0	0.0	0.0
Recreation and culture	0.4	0.2	0.2
Education	0.2	0.1	0.1
Hotels, cafes, and restaurants	0.1	0.1	0.1
Miscellaneous goods and services	0.3	0.2	0.2
All items	6.0	3.4	3.0

Major divisions contribution to the annual inflation rate

The main contributors to the annual inflation rate of 3.0 percent in October 2024 were 'Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels' contributing 1.1 percentage points; followed by 'Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages' contributing 1.0 percentage points; and Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco, which added 0.7 percentage points.

Chart 1: NCPI groups contribution to annual inflation rate (%), October 2024

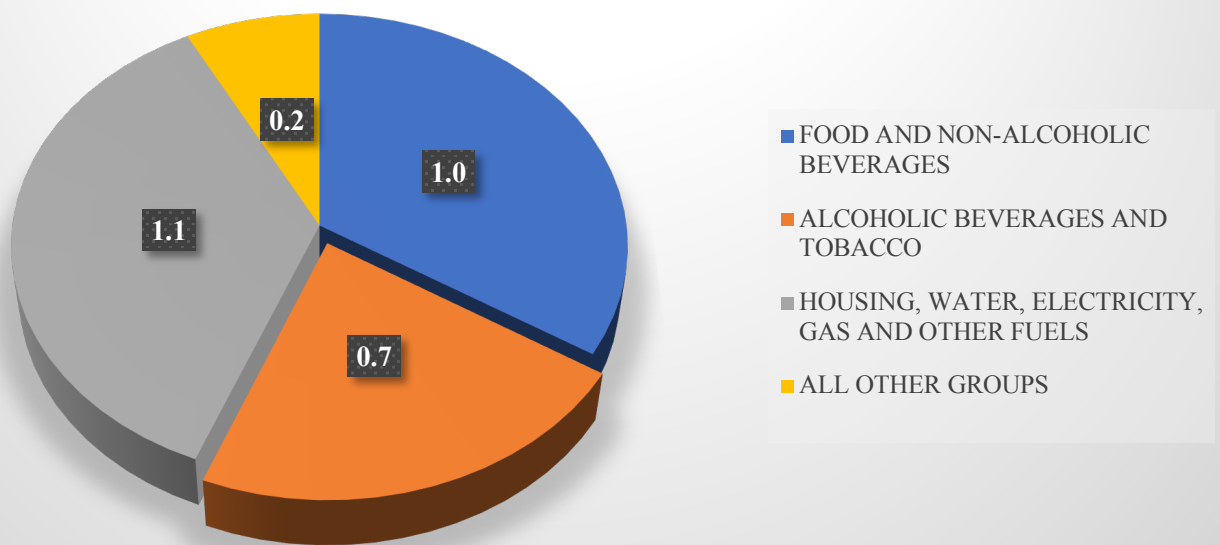
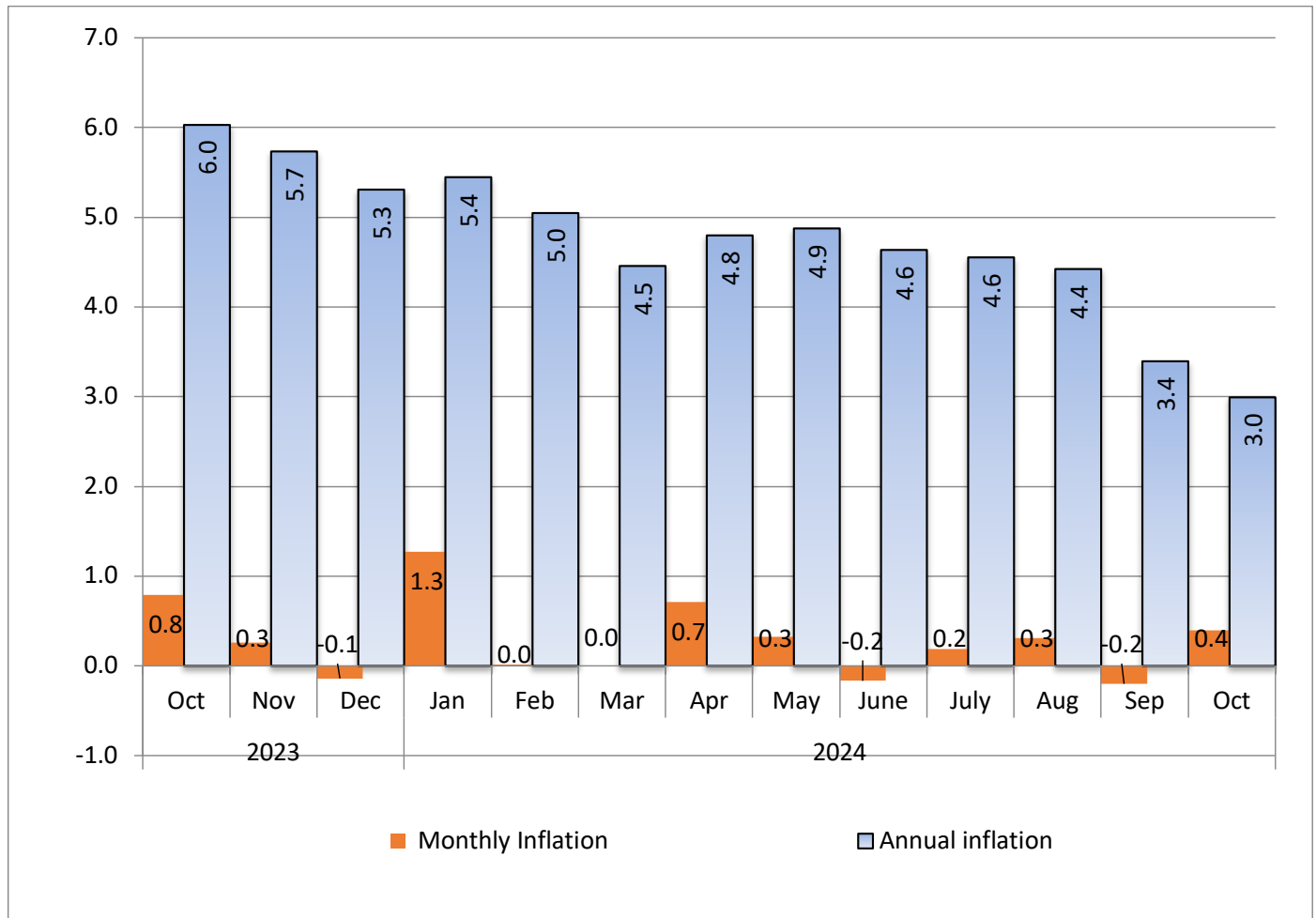
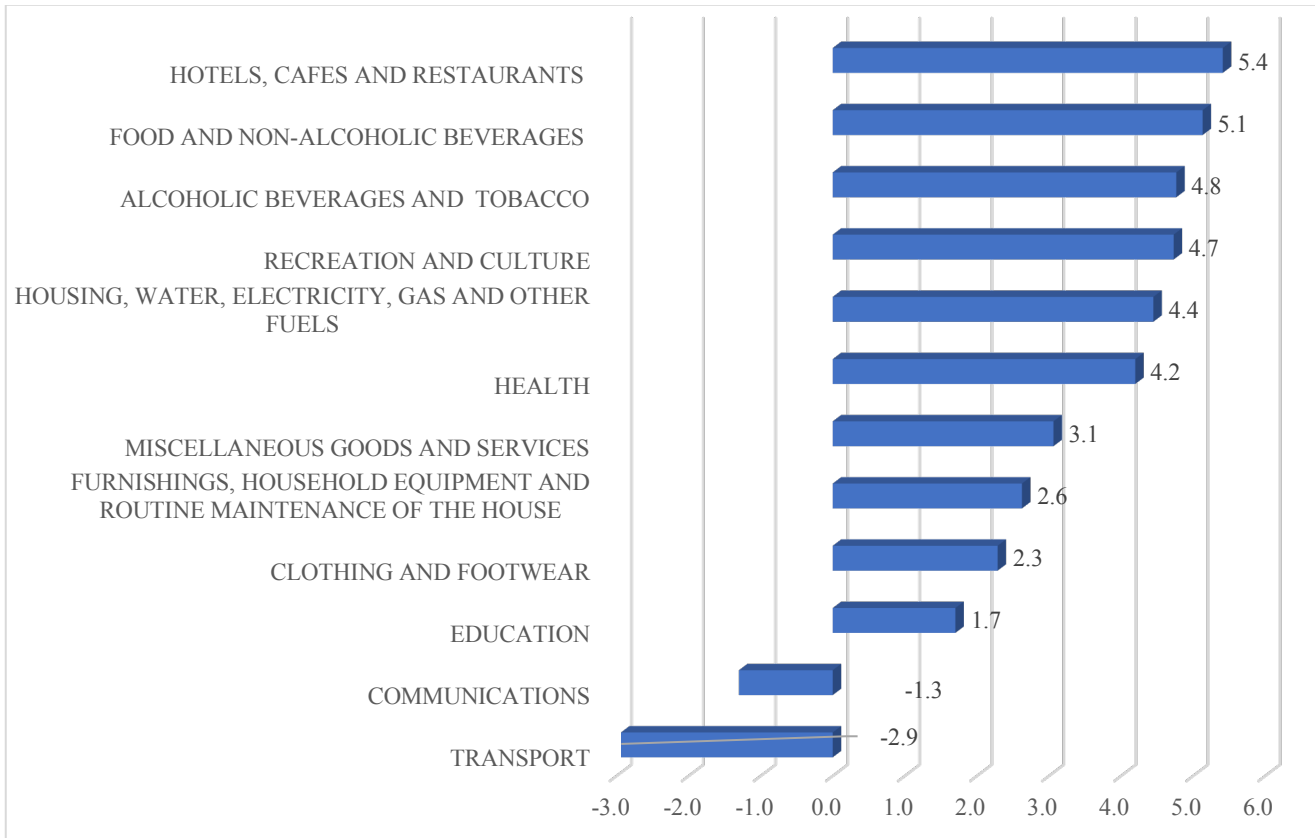


Chart 2: Monthly and annual inflation, percentage change (October 2023 – October 2024)

Annual inflation rate by All Divisions

The highest change in the annual inflation rates were witnessed in the categories of 'Hotels, cafés, and restaurants' (5.4%); 'Food and non-alcoholic beverages' (5.1%); 'Alcoholic beverages and tobacco' (4.8%) and 'Recreation and culture' (4.7%).

Chart 3: Annual percentage change by division, October 2024



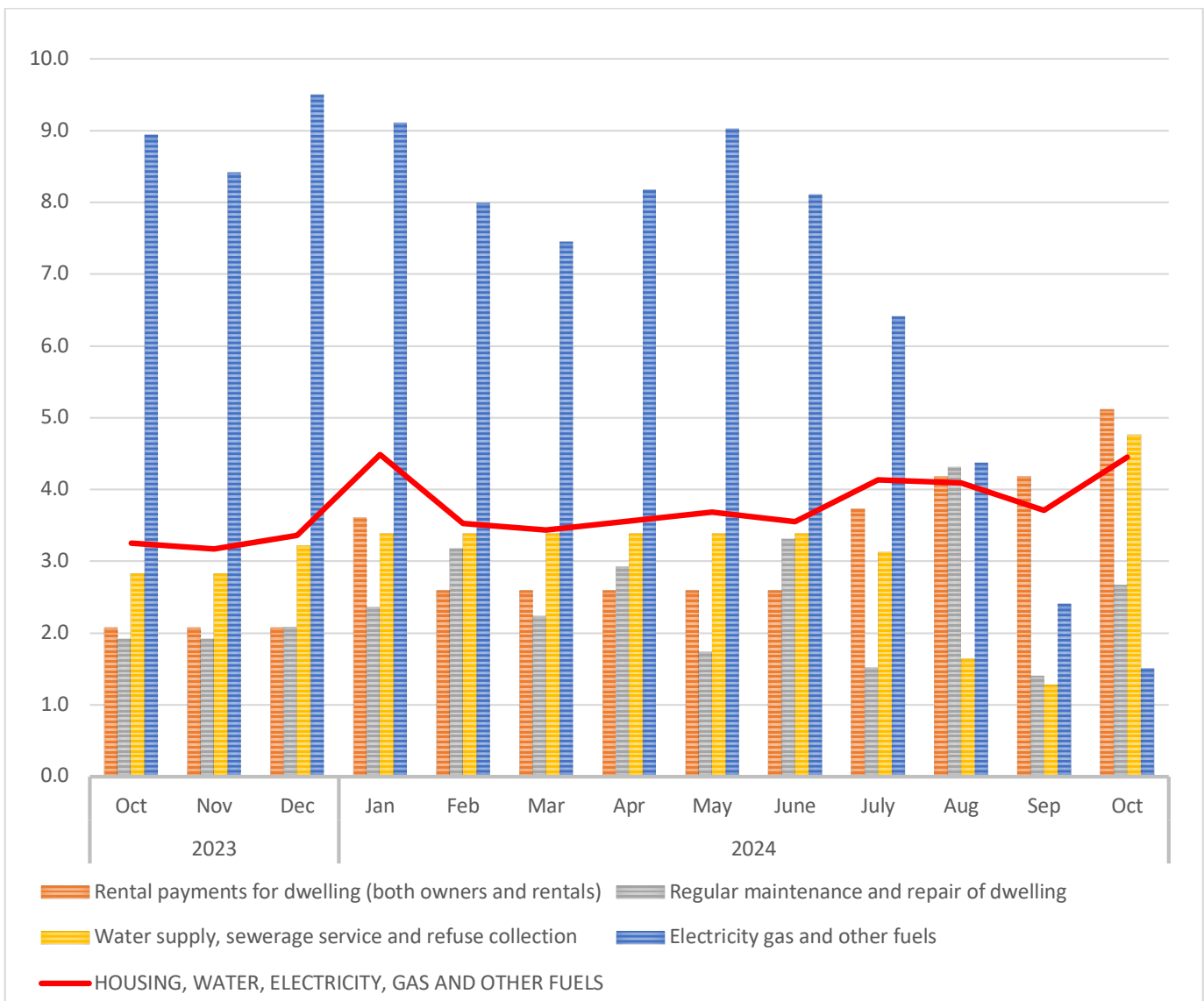
Major divisions annual inflation rates

Housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels

The Housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels component accounts for 28.4 percent of the consumer basket. The annual inflation rate for this category recorded an increase of 4.4 percent during October 2024 compared to an increase of 3.3 percent observed in October 2023.

On a monthly basis, the inflation rate registered an increase of 1.0 percent, compared to a deflation of 0.1 percent observed during the previous month.

Chart 4: Annual inflation rates (%) for Housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels (October 2023-October 2024)



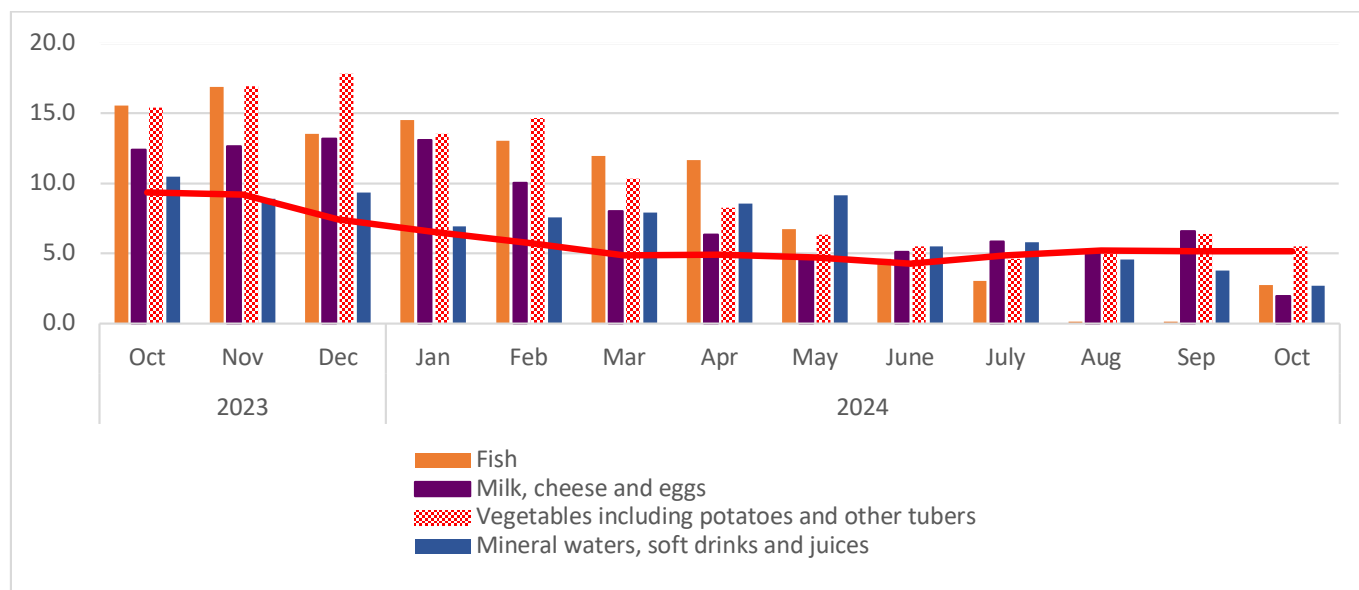
The increase in the annual price levels of this category was reflected in all subcomponents, with 'Electricity, gas and other fuels' recording a slow increase, from 8.9 percent to 1.5 percent.

Food and non-alcoholic beverages

Food and non-alcoholic beverages which accounts for 16.5 percent of the NCPI basket, registered an annual inflation rate of 5.1 percent in October 2024, compared to 9.4 percent witnessed during October 2023.

On a monthly basis, the price levels for this category stood at 0.3 percent in October 2024, unchanged when compared to the preceding month.

Chart 5: Annual inflation rates (%) for Food and non-alcoholic beverages and selected food sub-categories (October 2023 – October 2024)



The Food sub-category accounts for 14.8 percent of the consumer basket in the NCPI. Within the Food sub-component, 'Bread, and cereals' accounts for the highest weight of Food items that consumers purchase with a weight of (4.8%), followed by Meat (3.5%); 'Sugar, jam, honey, syrups, chocolate, and confectionery' (1.4%); Vegetables and 'Milk, cheese, and eggs' (1.2%) each.

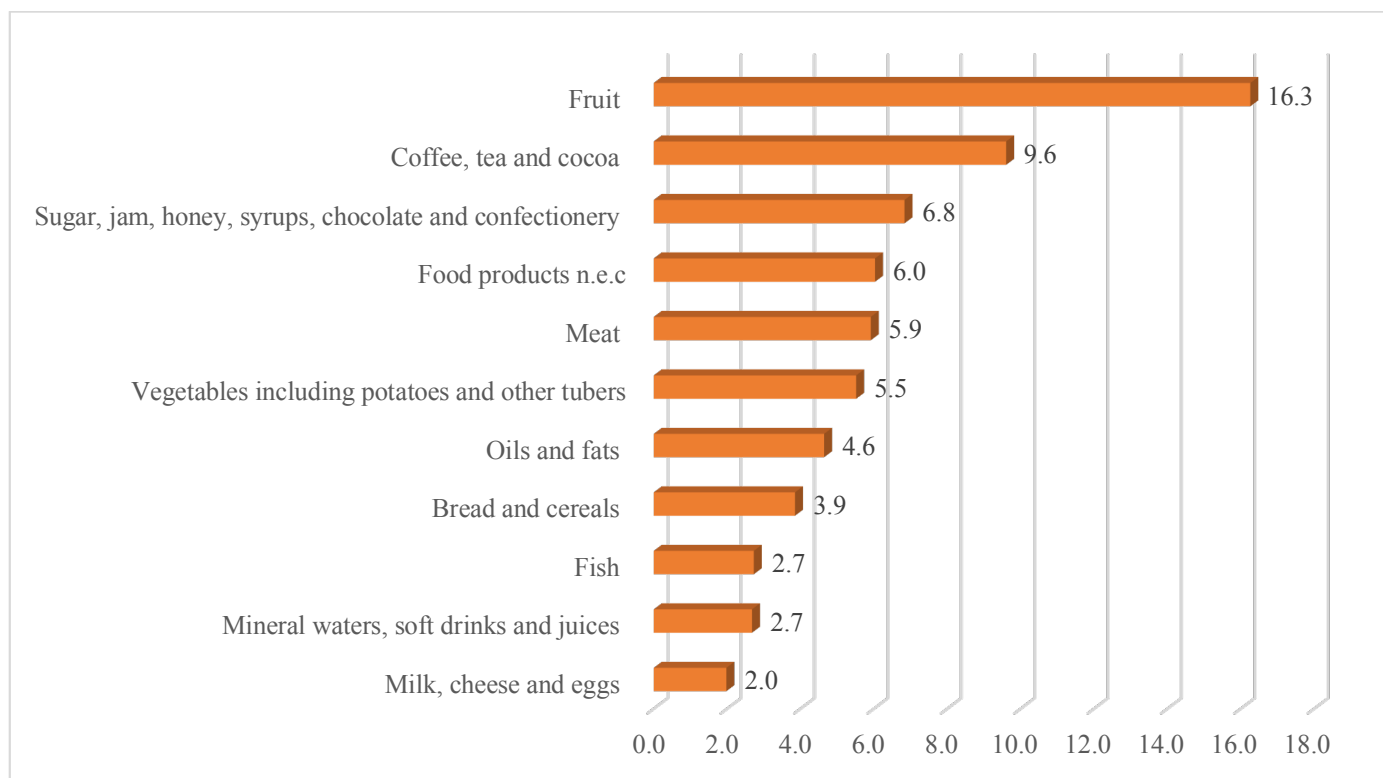
The **Fish** subcomponent registered an annual inflation rate of 2.7 percent in October 2024, as compared to the 15.5 percent recorded in October 2023. This significant slowdown is reflected in the price levels across all food items within this category: 'Dried, smoked, or salted fish and seafood' (from 13.6% to -7.0%), 'Bottled/Tinned fish' (from 13.6% to -0.4%) and 'Fresh, chilled & frozen fish' (from 16.3% to 5.2%).

Vegetables including potatoes and other tubers prices increased by 5.5 percent during October 2024 compared to 15.4 percent recorded during October 2023. The slow increase was mainly reflected in the price levels of 'Cabbage' (from 44.9% to 3.4%); 'Potatoes' (from 40.0% to 3.6%); 'Onions' (from 13.9% to -17.3%); 'Broccoli and Cauliflower' (from 40.6 % to 13.5%) and Lettuce (from 21.4% to -0.3%).

On average prices of **Milk, cheese and eggs** rose by 2.0 percent in October 2024, when compared to 12.4 percent observed during October 2023. Product subcategories that drove much of the downward trend includes 'Baby milk powdered' (from 16.8% to 1.2%); 'Yoghurt / clotted / cultured milk' (from 13.3% to 0.3%); 'Eggs' (from 9.3% to -1.3%) and 'Fresh milk, long life milk etc' (from 12.5% to 2.8%).

Mineral waters, soft drinks, and juices increased by 2.7 percent in October 2024, compared to 10.5 percent recorded a year ago. The slow increase in the annual inflation rate for this subcategory resulted from changes in the price levels of all subcomponents, with 'Fruit juice and Squashes' (from 7.6% to 0.1%) and 'Water/ Mineral water/Soft drinks' (from 12.0% to 4.0%)

Chart 6: Annual inflation rates (%) for the main subcategories of Food and non-alcoholic beverages (October 2024)



Transport

The transport category, which accounts for 14.3 percent of the consumer basket registered a deflation rate of -2.9 percent during October 2024, compared to an increase of 6.6 percent observed in the same month of the preceding year. The decrease in the annual inflation rate for this component was mainly reflected in the subcomponent of Operation of personal transport equipment (from 7.5% to -6.6%)

On a monthly basis, the inflation rate for this category deflated by 0.7 percent in October 2024, compared to a deflation of 1.9 percent witnessed a month ago.

Chart 7: Annual inflation rates (%) for Transport (October 2023 – October 2024)¹



Annual inflation rate recorded for Operation of personal transport equipment deflated by 6.6 percent during October 2024 compared to an increase of 7.5 percent recorded in October 2023. The slow increase was mainly witnessed in the subcategory of 'Petrol / Diesel' (from 9.0% to -12.3%).

Annual inflation rate for Public transportation services increased by 1.2 percent during October 2024, compared to 0.5 percent registered a year ago. The increase in the inflation rate of this subcomponent was

¹ Operation of personal transport equipment registered a deflation of 6.6 percent which is not displayed by the chart, as it is limited to -3.0 percent and 13.0 percent for better readability

mainly reflected in the price levels of 'Air transportation' (from 6.0% to 32.5%) and 'Furniture removal and Transport' (from 5.2% to 17.2%).

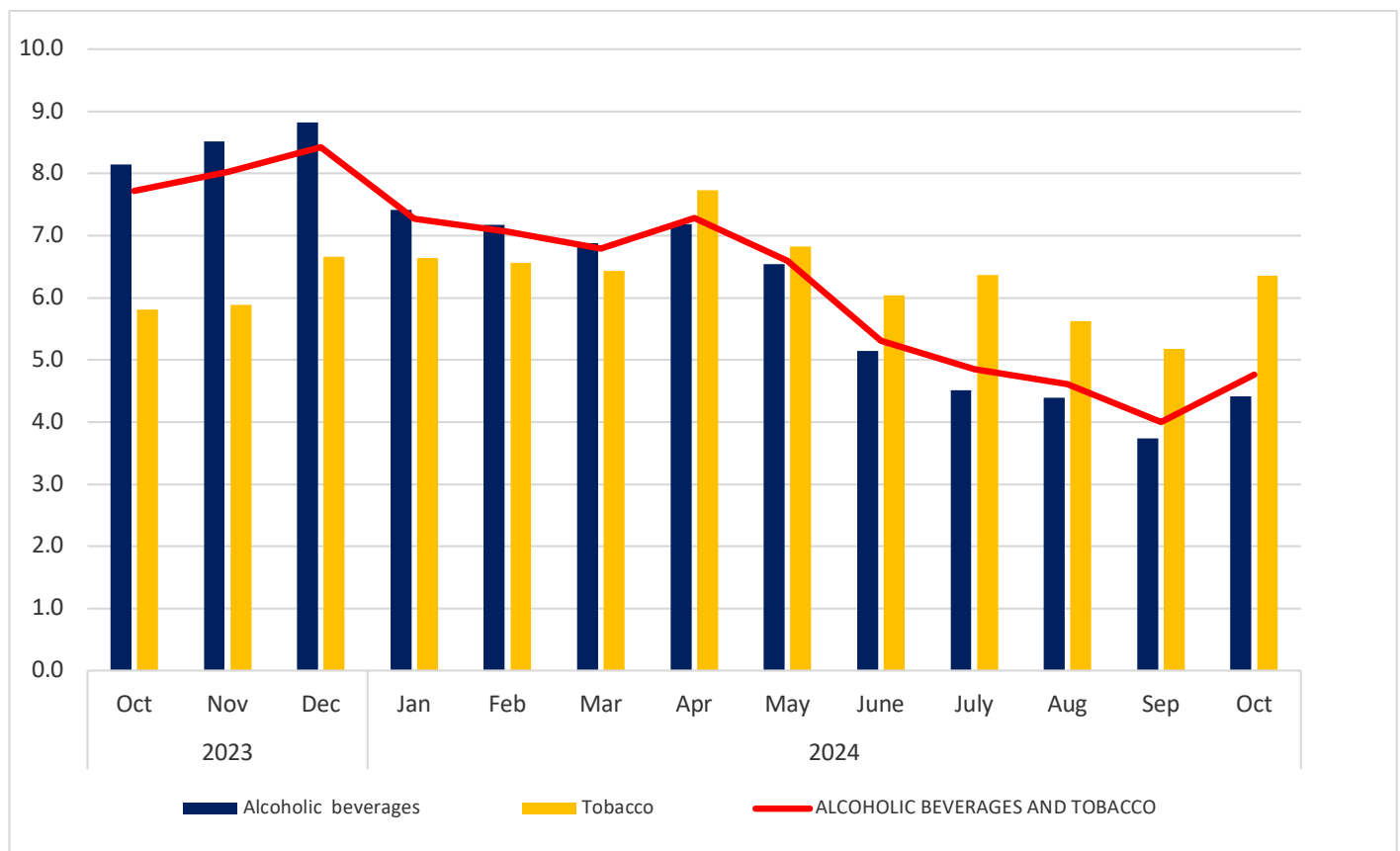
The annual inflation rate for Purchase of vehicles stood at 5.2 percent in October 2024, compared to 8.0 percent recorded in October 2023. The slow increase in this subcategory resulted from changes in the price levels of 'Motor cars' (from 8.5% to 5.2%).

Alcoholic beverages and tobacco

The annual inflation rate for Alcoholic beverages and tobacco category, which accounts for 12.6 percent of the consumer basket, stood at 4.8 percent during the period under review compared to 7.7 percent registered a year ago.

For this category, the month-on-month inflation rate stood at 1.0 percent compared to 0.3 percent that was recorded a month ago.

Chart 8: Annual inflation rates (%) for Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (October 2023 – October 2024)



Annual inflation rate for Alcoholic beverages registered an increase of 4.4 percent during October 2024, compared to 8.1 percent observed in October 2023. The slowdown in the inflation rate was mainly observed from slow increases in the price levels of 'White Spirits' (from 18.9% to 2.2%) and 'Sparkling wines/Champagnes' (from 11.1% to 4.9%).

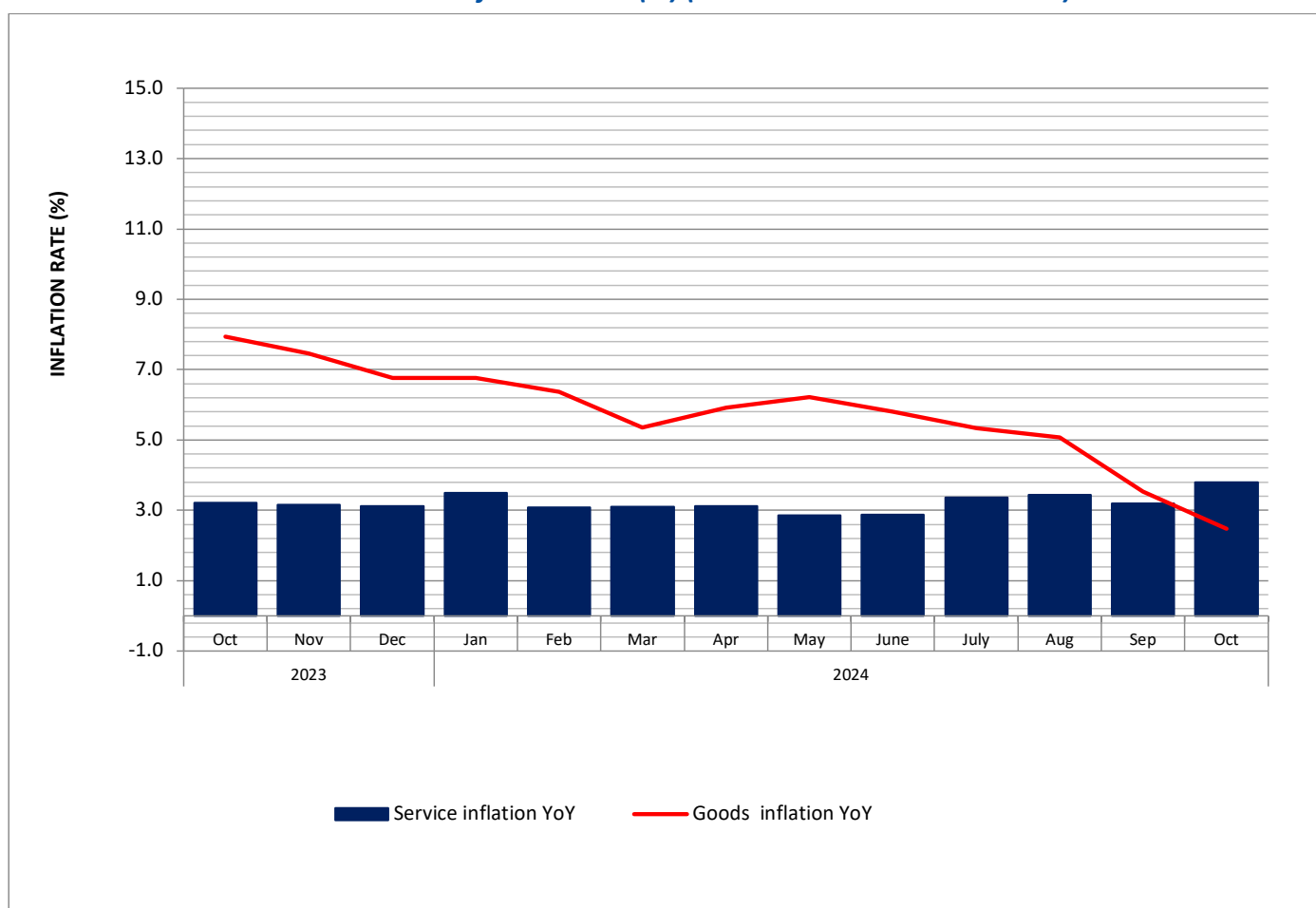
Annual inflation rate for Tobacco witnessed an increase of 6.4 percent during the period under review compared to 5.8 percent observed during the same period of 2023.

Goods and Services inflation rates

Goods annual inflation stood at 2.5 percent in October 2024 compared to 7.9 percent witnessed a year ago, while annual inflation rate for Services stood at 3.8 percent compared to 3.2 recorded same month last year.

Month-on-month, inflation rate for Goods witnessed an increase of 0.2 percent during the period under review, compared to a deflation of 0.3 percent registered in September 2024. Meanwhile, the monthly inflation rate for Services registered an inflation rate of 0.7 percent in October 2024, compared to 0.0 percent recorded in September 2024.

Chart 9: Goods and services annual inflation rates (%) (October 2023 – October 2024)



Inflation rates by Zones

The NCPI is designed to cover the entire economic territory of the country and includes national, urban and rural households of all income groups as derived from the Namibia Household Income and Expenditure Survey (NHIES). For the compilation of the National CPI, all administrative regions of the country were grouped into three Zones, with each zone considered as one geographic area as follows: **Zone 1** (Kavango East, Kavango West, Kunene, Ohangwena, Omusati, Oshana, Oshikoto, Otjozondjupa, and Zambezi); **Zone 2** (Karas) and **Zone 3** (Erongo, Hardap and Omaheke).

Zone 1: The year-on-year inflation rate stood at 2.3 percent during the period under review compared to 6.6 percent registered during October 2023. The slowdown in the annual inflation rate emanated in all divisions except Health which increased (from 1.1% to 3.2%) and 'Hotels, café and restaurants' (from 1.8% to 3.0%).

On a monthly basis, the inflation rate increased by 0.3 percent compared to a deflation of 0.2 percent recorded during the preceding month.

Zone 2: The year-on-year inflation rate for the period under review increased by 4.2 percent, a slowdown when compared to 5.7 percent recorded during the same period of 2023. The slowdown in the inflation rate emanated mainly from the price levels of 'Recreation and culture' (from 15.3% to 4.8%) and 'Transport' (from 7.0% to -3.5%).

On a monthly basis, the inflation rate increased to 0.6 percent compared to -0.3 percent recorded during the prior month.

Zone 3: The year-on-year inflation rate stood at 2.3 percent in October 2024 compared to 5.6 percent recorded during same period of the preceding year. The slow increase in the annual inflation was mainly observed in the price levels of 'Transport' (from 6.7% to -4.0%) 'Furnishing, Household equipment and routine maintenance of the house' (6.7% to 3.2%) and 'Miscellaneous goods and services' (from 7.9% to 4.7%).

On a monthly basis, the inflation rate observed an increase of 0.3 percent compared to -0.1 percent recorded a month earlier.

Zonal average prices on selected products

Table 1: Zonal average prices (N\$) on selected products, October 2024

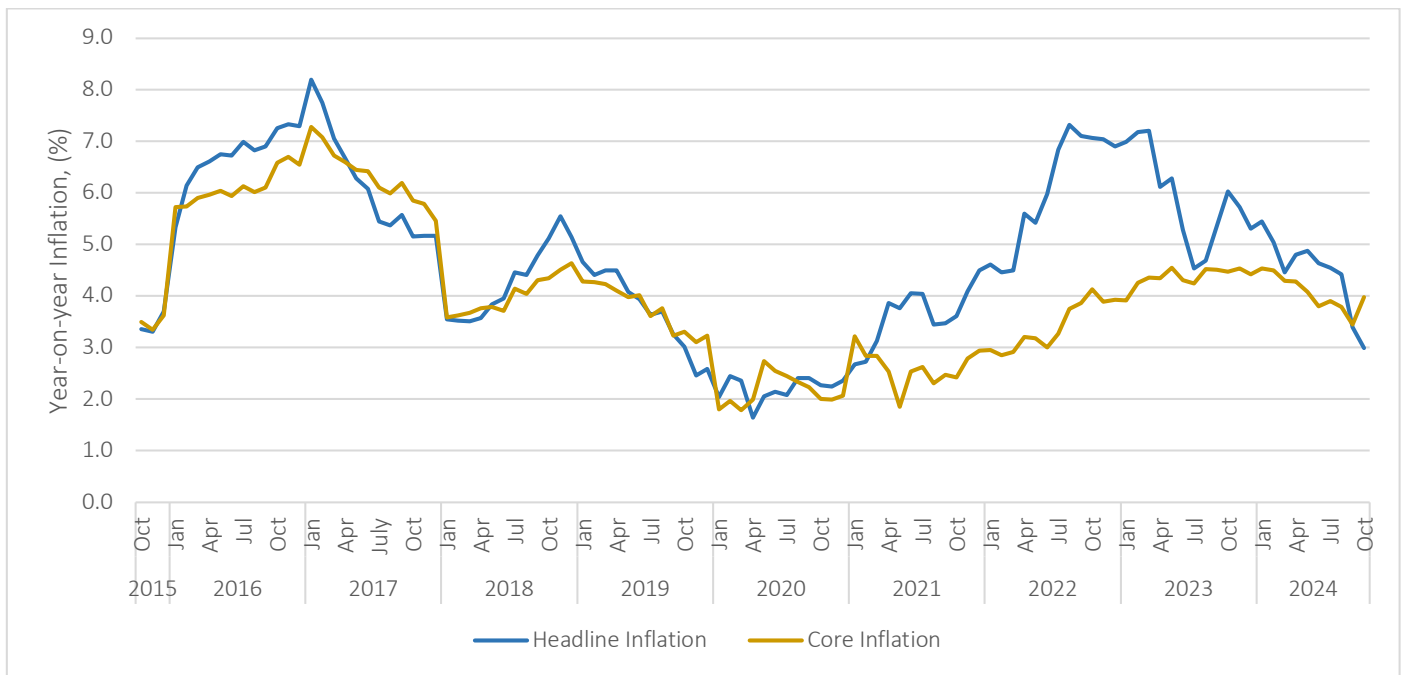
Item	Unit of measurement	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3
White bread flour	2.5 kg	55.32	56.03	57.49
White cake flour	2.5 kg	57.31	58.79	58.16
Maize meals	5kg	67.32	70.99	71.19
Beef stew	Per kg	90.24	86.99	99.36
Beef mince meat	Per kg	95.62	99.11	97.71
Tinned pilchards in tomatoes	400g	30.66	34.34	32.99
Instant coffee 100% pure	200g	127.59	146.09	142.99
Rooibos tea bags	100g	34.98	39.28	36.99
Pure sunflower oil	750ml	30.62	31.30	30.89
Apples	Per kg	30.46	36.55	30.21
Bananas	Per kg	31.57	30.43	30.47
Onions loose	Per kg	20.56	29.07	19.00
Fresh tomatoes loose	Per kg	31.34	41.75	34.42
White wines in bottles	750ml	58.46	59.99	76.94
Red wines in bottles	750ml	65.59	75.90	46.83
Petrol	Per litre	20.93	20.74	20.89
Diesel	Per litre	20.40	20.21	20.35

Core Inflation rate

Core inflation is a metric used to evaluate the fundamental pattern of price movements in an economy by excluding volatile elements that may lead to transient variations. The costs of food and energy are two examples of these volatile components; these might fluctuate significantly in price because of supply and demand shifts, weather, or geopolitical events. Therefore, core inflation provides a more reliable indicator of overall price trends by removing extremely volatile components from headline inflation.

There are several approaches to calculate core inflation, and for Namibia the core inflation has been computed using what is known as the “Exclusion method”. In the Namibian context, core inflation is derived by removing food and non-alcoholic beverages, and energy items from the headline inflation, due to their observed volatility in price changes. Thus, resulting in a core inflation measure that covers 75.7 percent of the total NCPI basket, with the remainder 24.3 percent accounting for the excluded items in the basket.

Chart 10: Headline and core annual inflation rate (October 2015 – October 2024)²



The year-on-year inflation rates for headline and core inflation follow similar trends over the years. During the period under review, headline inflation stood at 3.0 percent, while core inflation rate was at 4.0 percent. The core inflation rate experienced a higher increase compared to the headline inflation rate.

² For specific sub-class excluded from core inflation basket for Namibia, see **Appendix C**.

Box 2: NCPI basket weights

Inflation is calculated based on a basket of goods and services, containing a representative sample of the goods and or services commonly consumed in a given country, and weighted in accordance with the relative percentage of expenditure allotted to each of the said goods at household level. The price of these goods and services are then tracked over time, to illustrate the change in the cost of living over time. As spending patterns change, new products and services are added to the basket, and the basket is reweighted to better capture the current spending patterns of the consumer at the current point in time.

As a result, every five years, the inflation basket is often reconfigured. Using data from the 2009/10 Household Income and Expenditure Survey, the basket was last rebased in Namibia in 2013. Presently, the basket comprises more than 350 goods categorized into 12 categories and 55 subcategories. The prices of these items are collected monthly from over 900 retail establishments.

Namibian inflation is largely determined by three categories of the overall NCPI basket, namely: (i) Housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels, (ii) Food and non-alcoholic beverages and (iii) Transport, which cumulatively make up just under 60 percent of the total inflation basket. Additionally, following the rebasing of the NCPI basket in 2013, “Alcoholic beverages and tobacco” made up the difference

12.6 percent of the basket, meaning that the four largest categories represent way over 70 percent of the total basket. As such, a large increase in inflation in these categories has a greater impact on the overall inflation than increases in the lower weighted categories. Thus, it is rare to see major increases in overall inflation attributed to the lower weighted categories, even though these categories may have seen relatively high inflation.

Category	Weight %
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	28.4
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	16.5
Transport	14.3
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	12.6
Furnishing, Household Equipment...	5.5
Miscellaneous Goods and Services	5.4
Communications	3.8
Education	3.7
Recreation and Culture	3.6
Clothing and Footwear	3.1
Health	2.0
Hotels, Cafés, and Restaurants	1.4

BOX 3: Zonal NCPI weights

		Weights		
	NCPI MAIN GROUPS	ZONE 1	ZONE 2	ZONE 3
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	20.4	12.3	16.5
2	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	13.1	11.0	14.3
3	Clothing and footwear	3.9	2.4	2.6
4	Housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels	25.8	32.7	25.5
5	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	5.8	5.2	5.3
6	Health	1.6	2.3	2.2
7	Transport	14.7	13.0	15.6
8	Communications	3.5	3.8	4.4
9	Recreation and culture	2.2	4.8	3.7
10	Education	3.2	4.5	3.1
11	Hotels, cafes and restaurants	0.9	2.0	1.1
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4.8	5.8	5.6
	All items	100.0	100.0	100.0

Appendices

Appendix A: NCPI: Headline - All Items Index, monthly and annual percentage changes October 2024

Period		Index	m-o-m	y-o-y
2022	Jan	149.7	1.1	4.6
	Feb	150.1	0.2	4.5
	Mar	150.9	0.5	4.5
	Apr	153.0	1.4	5.6
	May	153.1	0.1	5.4
	Jun	154.7	1.0	6.0
	Jul	156.2	1.0	6.8
	Aug	156.7	0.3	7.3
	Sep	156.9	0.1	7.1
	Oct	157.1	0.2	7.1
	Nov	158.0	0.5	7.0
	Dec	158.4	0.3	6.9
	An. Av	154.6	0.6	6.1
2023	Jan	160.2	1.1	7.0
	Feb	160.8	0.4	7.2
	Mar	161.7	0.6	7.2
	Apr	162.4	0.4	6.1
	May	162.8	0.2	6.3
	June	162.9	0.1	5.3
	July	163.3	0.3	4.5
	Aug	164.0	0.4	4.7
	Sep	165.3	0.8	5.4
	Oct	166.6	0.8	6.0
	Nov	167.1	0.3	5.7
	Dec	166.8	-0.1	5.3
	An. Av	163.7	0.4	5.9
2024	Jan	168.9	1.3	5.4
	Feb	169.0	0.0	5.0
	Mar	169.0	0.0	4.5
	Apr	170.2	0.7	4.8
	May	170.7	0.3	4.9
	June	170.4	-0.2	4.6
	July	170.7	0.2	4.6
	Aug	171.3	0.3	4.4
	Sep	170.9	-0.2	3.4
	Oct	171.6	0.4	3.0

Appendix B: NCPI Headline - Zonal All - Items Index, Monthly and Annual inflation rates (Dec 2012=100)

Period		Index	m-o-m	y-o-y	Index	m-o-m	y-o-y	Index	m-o-m	y-o-y
2022	Jan	147.9	0.5	4.1	146.8	2.0	5.3	157.5	0.4	4.4
	Feb	148.4	0.3	3.9	147.2	0.2	5.3	157.7	0.1	4.1
	Mar	149.1	0.5	3.8	147.8	0.5	5.3	158.8	0.7	4.4
	Apr	151.5	1.6	5.1	149.7	1.3	6.3	160.9	1.3	5.3
	May	151.6	0.0	4.8	149.9	0.1	6.3	161.1	0.1	5.1
	June	153.3	1.1	5.6	151.2	0.9	6.7	162.8	1.1	5.6
	July	154.4	0.7	6.2	152.9	1.1	7.7	164.6	1.1	6.6
	Aug	155.0	0.4	6.8	153.2	0.1	7.9	165.3	0.4	7.2
	Sept	155.2	0.1	6.6	153.4	0.1	7.8	165.5	0.2	6.9
	Oct	155.5	0.2	6.5	153.6	0.2	7.8	165.7	0.1	6.8
	Nov	156.3	0.5	6.4	154.5	0.5	7.9	166.6	0.5	6.9
	Dec	156.8	0.3	6.5	154.9	0.3	7.6	166.9	0.2	6.4
	An. Av	152.9	0.5	5.5	151.3	0.6	6.8	162.8	0.5	5.8
2023	Jan	158.9	1.4	7.4	156.3	0.9	6.5	168.8	1.1	7.1
	Feb	159.6	0.5	7.6	157.0	0.4	6.7	169.2	0.3	7.3
	Mar	160.6	0.6	7.7	157.7	0.4	6.6	170.3	0.6	7.2
	Apr	161.2	0.3	6.3	158.6	0.6	5.9	170.6	0.2	6.0
	May	161.2	0.0	6.3	159.2	0.4	6.2	171.3	0.4	6.3
	June	161.2	0.0	5.2	159.4	0.1	5.4	171.3	0.0	5.2
	July	161.6	0.2	4.7	160.0	0.4	4.6	171.6	0.2	4.2
	Aug	163.1	1.0	5.3	160.0	0.0	4.5	171.9	0.2	4.0
	Sep	164.6	0.9	6.1	161.3	0.8	5.2	173.1	0.7	4.6
	Oct	165.8	0.7	6.6	162.3	0.7	5.7	175.0	1.1	5.6
	Nov	166.3	0.3	6.4	162.7	0.2	5.3	175.4	0.2	5.3
	Dec	166.0	-0.2	5.9	162.6	0.0	5.0	175.1	-0.2	4.9
	An. Av	162.5	0.5	6.3	159.8	0.4	5.6	172.0	0.4	5.7
2024	Jan	167.6	1.0	5.5	165.3	1.6	5.7	177.1	1.2	5.0
	Feb	168.0	0.2	5.3	165.6	0.2	5.5	176.0	-0.6	4.0
	Mar	167.8	-0.1	4.5	165.7	0.0	5.1	176.2	0.1	3.5
	Apr	168.9	0.6	4.8	167.2	0.9	5.4	177.3	0.6	3.9
	May	169.4	0.3	5.1	167.5	0.2	5.2	178.2	0.5	4.0
	June	169.0	-0.2	4.8	167.0	-0.3	4.8	178.4	0.1	4.1
	July	169.0	0.0	4.6	168.1	0.6	5.0	178.1	-0.2	3.8
	Aug	169.4	0.3	3.9	168.7	0.4	5.4	178.6	0.3	3.9
	Sep	169.1	-0.2	2.8	168.2	-0.3	4.3	178.4	-0.1	3.1
	Oct	169.6	0.3	2.3	169.1	0.6	4.2	179.0	0.3	2.3

Appendix C: Sub-class excluded from core inflation basket

<i>Items and sub-classes excluded from Core inflation basket</i>	<i>NCPI weights</i>
Bread and cereals	4.8
Bread	1.2
Cakes	0.1
Biscuits, rusks	0.1
Breakfast cereals	0.1
Baby foods, cereals	0.0
Bread, cake flour	0.3
Maize, meal/grain	1.7
Mahangu meal/grain	0.4
Rice	0.5
Mealie rice/malt	0.0
Macaroni, spaghetti and noodles	0.5
Meat	3.5
Beef	1.3
Minced meat	0.1
Chicken, Birds	0.9
Game	0.2
Mutton/Lamb	0.4
Pork	0.1
Liver and kidneys	0.0
Bacon	0.0
Ham	0.0
Biltong	0.0
Sausages	0.3
Offals and meat waste	0.1
Canned meat	0.1
Fish	0.8
Fresh, chilled & frozen fish	0.6
Bottled/Tinned fish	0.1
Dried, smoked or salted fish & seafood	0.1
Fresh milk, long life milk etc.	1.2
Milk, cheese and eggs	0.5
Preserved milk	0.1
Cream	0.0
Baby milk powdered	0.1
Yoghurt/Clotted/Cultured milk	0.3
Cheese	0.1
Eggs	0.1
Oils and fats	0.8
Cooking oil	0.5
Cooking fats	0.0
Margarine and margarine spreads	0.1

<i>Peanut butter</i>	0.0
<i>Butter</i>	0.1
<i>Fruit</i>	0.3
<i>Apples</i>	0.1
<i>Pears</i>	0.0
<i>Bananas</i>	0.0
<i>Citrus fruits</i>	0.0
<i>Avocados</i>	0.0
<i>Grapes</i>	0.0
<i>Watermelons</i>	0.0
<i>Dried fruits</i>	0.0
<i>Peanuts and mixed nuts,</i>	0.0
<i>Tinned fruits</i>	0.0
<i>Vegetables including potatoes and other tubers</i>	1.2
<i>Beans (fresh)</i>	0.0
<i>Beetroot</i>	0.0
<i>Cabbage</i>	0.1
<i>Carrots</i>	0.0
<i>Broccoli, cauliflower</i>	0.0
<i>Cucumber</i>	0.0
<i>Pumpkins and Squashes</i>	0.0
<i>Green pepper/Paprika</i>	0.0
<i>Lettuce</i>	0.0
<i>Mealie/ corn cob</i>	0.0
<i>Mushroom</i>	0.0
<i>Onion</i>	0.1
<i>Potatoes</i>	0.3
<i>Sweet potatoes</i>	0.0
<i>Spinnach</i>	0.1
<i>Tomatoes</i>	0.1
<i>Chips and crisps</i>	0.2
<i>Dried vegetables</i>	0.1
<i>Frozen vegetables, mixed vegetable</i>	0.1
<i>Tinned vegetables, pickled vegetables</i>	0.1
<i>Sugar, jam, honey, syrups, chocolate and confectionery</i>	1.4
<i>Sugar</i>	1.1
<i>Syrup</i>	0.0
<i>Ice cream</i>	0.0
<i>Chocolate</i>	0.1
<i>Sweets</i>	0.2
<i>Honey</i>	0.0
<i>Jam</i>	0.0
<i>Food products N.E.C.</i>	0.6
<i>Yeast, baking powder</i>	0.0
<i>Bottled baby food</i>	0.0
<i>Cake essences</i>	0.0
<i>Custards and Puddings & jellies</i>	0.0

<i>Mayonnaise/mustard/salad dressings</i>	0.1
<i>Sauces,</i>	0.1
<i>Vinegar</i>	0.0
<i>Soups</i>	0.2
<i>Salt</i>	0.1
<i>Spices and condiments</i>	0.1
<i>Ready-made frozen food</i>	0.0
<i>Coffee, tea and cocoa</i>	0.3
<i>Coffee</i>	0.1
<i>Tea</i>	0.2
<i>Chocolate drinks</i>	0.0
<i>Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices</i>	1.4
<i>Fruit juice and Squashes</i>	0.4
<i>Water/Mineral water/Soft drinks</i>	0.9
<i>Electricity gas and other fuels</i>	2.8
<i>Gas</i>	0.1
<i>Paraffin, methylate spirits</i>	0.1
<i>Coal, charcoal</i>	2.6
<i>Operation of personal transport equipment</i>	5.0
<i>Petrol/Diesel</i>	5.0
Total weights to be excluded	24.3

Appendix D: Background of the Zonal Consumer Price Index

The NCPI is designed to cover the entire economic territory of the country and includes national, urban and rural households of all income groups as derived from the Namibia Household Income and Expenditure Survey (NHIES). For the compilation of the National CPI, all administrative regions of the country were grouped into three Zones, with each zone considered as one geographic area as follows.

Zone 1 covers the expenditure patterns of the regions in the northern part of the country namely Kavango East, Kavango West, Kunene, Ohangwena, Omusati, Oshana, Oshikoto, Otjozondjupa and Zambezi. Prices are collected from the following towns: Katima Mulilo (76 retail outlets covering mainly the Central Business District); Oshakati (107 retail outlets covering mainly Game Shopping Center, Yetu Shopping Center, Oshana Mall, Marula Mall and Ongwediva); and Otjiwarongo (114 retail outlets covering mainly the Central Business District, Orwetoveni, and the Industrial Area).

Zone 2 covers the expenditure patterns of Khomas region, and the price collection covers Windhoek (218 retail outlets covering mainly Khomasdal, Katutura, Northern Industrial Area, Southern Industrial Area, Pioneers Park, Hochland Park, Prosperita, Klein Windhoek, Eros, and Kleine Kuppe).

Zone 3 covers the expenditure patterns of //Kharas, Erongo, Hardap, and Omaheke regions with prices being collected from Keetmanshoop (86 retail outlets covering mainly Central Business District, West Dene and Tseiblagte); Swakopmund (108 retail outlets covering Central Business District, Mondesa, Tamariskia, Industrial Area); Mariental (61 retail outlets covering mainly Central Business District and Ombili); as well as Gobabis (59 retail outlets mainly covering the Central Business District), respectively.

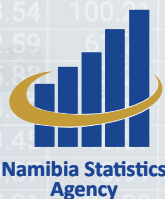
The localities identified for price collection were selected based on a mixed criterion of:

- i. the relative importance of the locality as determined by its relative share exceeding 30 percent of the total household expenditure at national level.
- ii. geographic distribution of economic activities; and
- iii. Regional capitals.

Appendix E: Forthcoming report

Report	Expected release date
November 2024	05 December 2024

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